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1557 Hawthome Place, Deerfield, IL 60015 (US). YU,

(60) Parent Applications or Grants

(63) Related by Continuation

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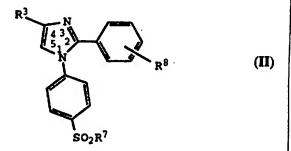
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(54) Title: 1,2-SUBSTITUTED IMIDAZOLYL COMPOUNDS FOR THE TREATMENT OF INFLAMMATION

(57) Abstract

A class of imidazolyl compounds is described for use in treating inflammation. Compounds of particular interest are defined by formula (II), wherein R3 is a radical selected from hydrido, alkyl, haloalkyl, aralkyl, heterocycloalkyl, acyl, cyano, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylthioalkyl, alkylsulfonyl, cycloalkyloxy, cycloalkyloxyalkyle. cycloalkylthio, cycloalkylthioalkyl, cycloalkylsulfonyl, cyanoalkyl, cycloalkylsulfonylalkyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, azidoalkyl, halo, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, arylthio, alkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, aralkylcarbonyl, aryloxy, heterocycloalkylcarbonyl, alkylaminoalkyl, N-arylaminoalkyl, N-alkyl-N-arylaminoalkyl, carboxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, haloalkylcarbonyl, aminocarbonyl,



alkylaminocarbonylalkyl, aralkylthio, heteroarylalcoxyalkyl, heteroaryloxyalkyl, aralkoxy, heteroarylthioalkyl, heteroaralkoxy, heteroaralkylthio, heteroarylalkylthioalkyl, heteroaryloxy, heteroarylthio, arylthioalkyl, aralkylthioalkyl, aralkoxyalkyl, aryl and heteroaryl, wherein the aryl and heteroaryl radicals are optionally substitued at a substitutable position with one or more radicals selected from halo, alkylthio, alkylsufinyl, alkyl, cyano, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, hydroxyalkyl and haloalkoxy; wherein R7 is a radical selected from alkyl and amino; and wherein R8 is one or more radicals selected from hydrido, halo, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkoxy, amino, haloalkoxy, cyano, carboxyl, hydroxyl, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylamino, nitro and alkylthio.

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GA	Gabon				

WO 96/03388

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1,2-SUBSTITUTED IMIDAZOLYL COMPOUNDS FOR THE TREATMENT OF INFLAMMATION

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

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This invention is in the field of antiinflammatory pharmaceutical agents and specifically relates to compounds, compositions and methods for treating inflammation and inflammation-associated disorders, such as arthritis.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Prostaglandins play a major role in the inflammation process and the inhibition of prostaglandin 15 production, especially production of PGG2, PGH2 and PGE2, has been a common target of antiinflammatory drug discovery. However, common non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) that are active in reducing the prostaglandin-induced pain and swelling 20 associated with the inflammation process are also active in affecting other prostaglandin-regulated processes not associated with the inflammation process. Thus, use of high doses of most common NSAIDs can produce severe side effects, including life threatening ulcers, that limit 25 their therapeutic potential. An alternative to NSAIDs is the use of corticosteroids, which have even more drastic side effects, especially when long term therapy is involved.

Previous NSAIDs have been found to prevent the production of prostaglandins by inhibiting enzymes in the human arachidonic acid/prostaglandin pathway, including the enzyme cyclooxygenase (COX). The recent discovery of an inducible enzyme associated with inflammation (named "cyclooxygenase-2 (COX-2)" or "prostaglandin G/H synthase II") provides a viable target of inhibition which more effectively reduces

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inflammation and produces fewer and less drastic side effects.

The references below that disclose antiinflammatory activity, show continuing efforts to find a safe and effective antiinflammatory agent. The novel imidazoles disclosed herein are such safe and also effective antiinflammatory agents furthering such efforts. The invention compounds are found to show usefulness in vivo as antiinflammatory agents with minimal side effects. The substituted imidazoles disclosed herein preferably selectively inhibit cyclooxygenase-2 over cyclooxygenase-1.

Diaryl oxazoles have been described in WO patent publication WO94/27980 as having antiinflammatory activity. Substituted 4.5-diarylimidazoles have been described in WO95/00501 and in copending U.S. application 08/281,903.

2-Alkylimidazoles have been described as having angiotensin II activity. For example, see U.S. Patent No. 5,185,351 and WO 91/00277.

U.S. Patent No. 5,207,820 to Wriede et al. describes 1-arylimidazole carboxylic esters as herbicide safeners. Specifically, ethyl [1-[2,6-dinitro-4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-methyl-1H-imidazol-3-yl]carboxylate is described.

WO 93/14082, published July 22, 1993, describes 1-pyridyl-2-phenyl-imidazole derivatives for the treatment of interleukin-1 mediated diseases. 1-(4-Pyridyl)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-methylimidazole is described. WO 95/02591, published January 26, 1995, describe trisubstituted imidazoles for the treatment of cytokine mediated diseases.

U.S. Patent No. 3,487,087, to Sarett et al., describes a method of nitration of imidazoles and specifically 1-methyl-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-5-nitroimidazole.

U.S. Patent No. 5,112,532, to Ninomiya et al., describes imidazoles as an organic non-linear optical material. Specifically, 4-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-2-[2-formyl-4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]imidazole is described.

U.S. Patent Nos. 3,682,949 and 3,719,759, to Sarett et al., describe 2-aryl-nitroimidazoles as agents for the treatment of parasites and bacteria. Specifically, 1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-2-(4-sulfonamidophenyl)-5-nitroimidazole is described.

U.S. Patent No. 4,822,805, to Takasugi et al., describes pyridylimidazoles as antiinflammatory agents. Specifically, 2-[2-methoxy-4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-methyl-5-(3-pyridyl)imidazole is described.

The invention's imidazolyl compounds are found to show usefulness *in vivo* as antiinflammatory agents with minimal side effects.

DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

A class of substituted imidazolyl compounds useful in treating inflammation-related disorders is defined by Formula I:

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wherein R¹ and R² are independently selected from aryl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl and heterocyclo, wherein R¹ and R² are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals independently selected from alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, halo, alkylthio, alkyl, cyano, carboxyl, alkoxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, haloalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, arylamino and nitro;

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wherein R³ is a radical selected from hydrido, alkyl, haloalkyl, aralkyl, heterocycloalkyl, acyl, cyano, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylthioalkyl, alkylsulfonyl, cycloalkylthio, cycloalkylthioalkyl, cycloalkylsulfonyl, cycloalkylsulfonylalkyl, cycloalkyloxy, cycloalkyloxyalkyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, halo, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, aralkylcarbonyl, heterocycloalkylcarbonyl, cyanoalkyl, azidoalkyl, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, Narylaminoalkyl, N-alkyl-N-arylaminoalkyl, carboxyalkyl, 10 alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, haloalkylcarbonyl, carboxyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonylalkyl, heteroarylalkoxyalkyl, heteroaryloxyalkyl, heteroarylthioalkyl, aralkoxy, aralkylthio, heteroaralkoxy, heteroaralkylthio, 15 heteroarylalkylthioalkyl, heteroaryloxy, heteroarylthio, arylthioalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, arylthio, aryloxy, aralkylthioalkyl, aralkoxyalkyl, aryl and heterocyclo; wherein R^4 is a radical selected from hydrido,

20 alkyl and fluoro;

wherein R^5 is selected from hydroxyl and alkoxy; and

wherein R^6 is hydrido; or wherein R^5 and R^6 together form a double bond;

provided at least one of R^1 and R^2 is substituted with alkylsulfonyl or aminosulfonyl;

or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

Compounds of Formula I would be useful for, but not limited to, the treatment of inflammation in a subject, and for treatment of other inflammation-associated disorders, such as, as an analgesic in the treatment of pain and headaches, or as an antipyretic for the treatment of fever. For example, compounds of the invention would be useful to treat arthritis, including but not limited to rheumatoid arthritis,

including but not limited to rheumatoid arthritis, spondyloarthopathies, gouty arthritis, osteoarthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus and

WO 96/03388 PCT/US95/09506

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juvenile arthritis. Such compounds of the invention would be useful in the treatment of asthma, bronchitis, menstrual cramps, tendinitis, bursitis, and skin related conditions such as psoriasis, eczema, burns and dermatitis. Compounds of the 5 invention also would be useful to treat gastrointestinal conditions such as inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, gastritis, irritable bowel syndrome and ulcerative colitis and for the prevention of colorectal cancer. Compounds of the 10 invention would be useful in treating inflammation in such diseases as vascular diseases, migraine headaches, periarteritis nodosa, thyroiditis, aplastic anemia, Hodgkin's disease, sclerodoma, 15 rheumatic fever, type I diabetes, myasthenia gravis, multiple sclerosis, sarcoidosis, nephrotic syndrome, Behcet's syndrome, polymyositis, gingivitis, hypersensitivity, conjunctivitis, swelling occurring after injury, myocardial ischemia, and the like. 20 compounds were also be useful in the treatment of ophthalmic diseases such as retinitis, retinopathies, uveitis, and of acute injury to the eye tissue. compounds would also be useful for the treatment of certain central nervous system disorders such as 25 alzheimers disease and dementia. The compounds of the invention are useful as anti-inflammatory agents, such as for the treatment of arthritis, with the additional benefit of having significantly less harmful side effects. These compounds would also be 30 useful in the treatment of allergic rhinitis, respiratory distress syndrome, endotoxin shock syndrome, atherosclerosis and central nervous system damage resulting from stroke, ischemia and trauma.

Besides being useful for human treatment, these compounds are also useful for treatment of mammals, including horses, dogs, cats, rats, mice, sheep, pigs, etc.

The present compounds may also be used in cotherapies, partially or completely, in place of other conventional antiinflammatories, such as together with steroids, NSAIDs, 5-lipoxygenase inhibitors, LTB4 antagonists and LTA4 hydrolase inhibitors.

Suitable LTB4 inhibitors include, among others, ebselen, Bayer Bay-x-1005, Ciba Geigy compound CGS-25019C, Leo Denmark compound ETH-615, Lilly compound LY-293111, Ono compound ONO-4057, Terumo compound TMK-688, Lilly compounds LY-213024, 264086 and 292728, ONO 10 compound ONO-LB457, Searle compound SC-53228, calcitrol, Lilly compounds LY-210073, LY223982, LY233469, and LY255283, ONO compound ONO-LB-448, Searle compounds SC-41930, SC-50605 and SC-51146, and SK&F compound SKF-104493. Preferably, the LTB4 inhibitors are 15 selected from ebselen, Bayer Bay-x-1005, Ciba Geigy compound CGS-25019C, Leo Denmark compound ETH-615, Lilly compound LY-293111, Ono compound ONO-4057, and Terumo compound TMK-688.

Suitable 5-LO inhibitors include, among others, masoprocol, tenidap, zileuton, pranlukast, tepoxalin, rilopirox, flezelastine hydrochloride, enazadrem phosphate, and bunaprolast.

The present invention preferably includes compounds
which selectively inhibit cyclooxygenase-2 over
cyclooxygenase-1. Preferably, the compounds have a
cyclooxygenase-2 IC₅₀ equal to or less than about 0.2 μM,
and also have a selectivity ratio of cyclooxygenase-2
inhibition over cyclooxygenase-1 inhibition of at least
50, and more preferably of at least 100. Even more
preferably, the compounds have a cyclooxygenase-1 IC₅₀
of greater than about 1.0 μM, and more preferably of
greater than 10 μM. Such preferred selectivity may
indicate an ability to reduce the incidence of common
NSAID-induced side effects.

A preferred class of compounds consists of those compounds of Formula I wherein $\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}^1$ and $\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}^2$ are

independently selected from phenyl, naphthyl, biphenyl, lower cycloalkyl, lower cycloalkenyl and heteroaryl, wherein ${\bf R}^1$ and ${\bf R}^2$ are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkylsulfonyl, 5 aminosulfonyl, lower haloalkylsulfonyl, halo, lower alkylthio, lower alkyl, cyano, carboxyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower haloalkyl, hydroxyl, lower alkoxy, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl, lower haloalkoxy, amino, lower alkylamino, arylamino and nitro; wherein ${\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}}^3$ 10 is a radical selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower heterocycloalkyl, acyl, cyano, lower alkoxy, lower alkylthio, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower cycloalkyloxy, lower

- cycloalkyloxyalkyl, lower cycloalkylthio, lower cycloalkylthioalkyl, lower cycloalkylsulfonyl, lower cycloalkylsulfonylalkyl, phenylsulfonyl, lower haloalkylsulfonyl, halo, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower azidoalkyl,
- lower haloalkylcarbonyl, phenylcarbonyl, lower aralkylcarbonyl, lower heterocycloalkylcarbonyl, lower cyanoalkyl, lower aminoalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkyl, lower N-arylaminoalkyl, lower N-alkyl-N-arylaminoalkyl, lower carboxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonylalkyl, lower
- alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylthioalkyl, aminocarbonyl, lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylaminocarbonylalkyl, lower aralkoxy, lower aralkylthio, lower heteroaralkoxy, lower heteroaralkylthio, lower heteroarylalkoxyalkyl, lower heteroarylalkylthioalkyl, lower
- heteroaryloxyalkyl, lower heteroarylthioalkyl, lower heteroaryloxy, lower heteroarylthio, lower arylthioalkyl, lower aryloxyalkyl, lower arylthio, lower aryloxy, lower aralkylthioalkyl, lower aralkoxyalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl and naphthyl, and heteroaryl,
- wherein the aryl and heteroaryl radicals are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals selected from halo, lower alkylthio, lower

alkylsulfinyl, lower alkyl, cyano, lower haloalkyl, hydroxyl, lower alkoxy, lower hydroxyalkyl and lower haloalkoxy; wherein R⁴ is a radical selected from hydrido, lower alkyl and fluoro; and wherein R⁵ is selected from hydroxyl and lower alkoxy; wherein R⁶ is hydrido; or wherein R⁵ and R⁶ together form a double bond; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

A class of compounds of particular interest consists of those compounds of Formula I wherein \mathbb{R}^1 and ${\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}}^2$ are independently selected from phenyl, naphthyl, 10 biphenyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexenyl, benzofuryl, benzodioxolyl, furyl, imidazolyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, pyrrolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, triazolyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, benzimidazolyl, pyrazinyl, indolyl, pyrazolyl and pyridyl, wherein \mathbb{R}^1 and \mathbb{R}^2 are 15 optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals independently selected from methylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, fluoromethylsulfonyl, difluoromethylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methylthio, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, 20 isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl, cyano, carboxyl, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, isopropoxycarbonyl, tert-butoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, butoxycarbonyl, isobutoxycarbonyl, pentoxycarbonyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, 25 dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, methylenedioxy, ethoxy, propoxy, n-butoxy, 30

methylenedioxy, ethoxy, propoxy, n-butoxy, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, phenylamino and nitro; wherein R³ is a radical selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl,

35 tert-butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl, fluoromethyl,
difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl,
dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl,

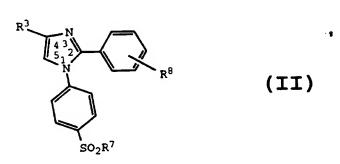
heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, benzyl, phenylethyl, phenylpropyl, furylmethyl, morpholinomethyl,

- pyrrolidinylmethyl, piperazinylmethyl, piperidinylmethyl, pyridylmethyl, thienylmethyl, formyl, cyano, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, n-butoxy, methylthio, ethylthio, isopropylthio, methylsulfonyl, phenylsulfonyl, trifluoromethylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro,
- bromo, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, methylthiomethyl, isopropylthiomethyl, cyclohexylthiomethyl, benzyloxy, benzylthio, methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl, phenylcarbonyl, azidomethyl, trifluoromethylcarbonyl,
- difluoromethylcarbonyl, fluoromethylcarbonyl, benzylcarbonyl, cyanomethyl, cyanobutyl, aminomethyl, methylaminomethyl, N-phenylaminomethyl, N-methyl-N-phenylaminomethyl, acetyl, propanoyl, butanoyl, methoxycarbonylmethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl,
- 20 methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, isopropoxycarbonyl,
 tert-butoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, isobutoxycarbonyl,
 carboxymethyl, carboxypropyl, aminocarbonyl,
 methylaminocarbonyl, N,N-diethylaminocarbonyl, N methylaminocarbonylmethyl, pyridyloxy, pyridylthio,
- phenyloxy, 4-chlorophenoxy, furylmethoxy,
 furylmethylthio, thienylmethoxy, quinolylmethoxy,
 pyridylmethoxy, 5-phenylpyridyl-2-methoxy,
 thienylmethylthio, pyridylmethylthio, benzylthiomethyl,
 quinolylmethoxymethyl, furylbutoxyethyl,
- pyridyloxymethyl, pyridylmethoxymethyl, thienyloxyhexyl, thienylthiomethyl, pyridylthiohexyl, furyloxymethyl, furylmethylthiomethyl, quinolylmethylthioethyl, phenylthiomethyl, 2-chlorophenylthiomethyl, 2,6-dichlorophenylthiomethyl, 4-methylphenylthiomethyl, 2-
- isopropylphenylthiomethyl, 2-methylphenylthiomethyl, phenyloxymethyl, 4-chlorophenyloxymethyl, 4-methylphenyloxymethyl, benzyloxymethyl, 4-

PCT/US95/09506

methoxybenzyloxymethyl, naphthyl, phenyl, thienyl, furyl, pyridyl, wherein the thienyl, furyl, pyridyl and phenyl radicals are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl, cyano, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, 10 dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, methylenedioxy, ethoxy, propoxy, n-butoxy, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl and trifluoromethoxy; wherein R^4 is a radical selected from hydrido, methyl, 15 ethyl, and fluoro; and wherein R⁵ is selected from hydroxyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy and n-butoxy; wherein ${\bf R}^6$ is hydrido; or wherein ${\bf R}^5$ and ${\bf R}^6$ together form a double bond; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof. 20

Within Formula I there is a subclass of compounds of high interest represented by Formula II:



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wherein R³ is a radical selected from hydrido, alkyl, haloalkyl, aralkyl, heterocycloalkyl, acyl, cyano, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylthioalkyl, alkylsulfonyl, cycloalkyloxy, cycloalkyloxyalkyl, cycloalkylthio, cycloalkylthioalkyl, cycloalkylsulfonyl, cycloalkylsulfonylalkyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, halo, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl,

alkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, aralkylcarbonyl, heterocycloalkylcarbonyl, cyanoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, N-arylaminoalkyl, N-alkyl-N-arylaminoalkyl, carboxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, haloalkylcarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, azidoalkyl, 5 alkylaminocarbonylalkyl, heteroarylalkoxyalkyl, heteroaryloxyalkyl, heteroarylthioalkyl, aralkoxy, aralkylthio, heteroaralkoxy, heteroaralkylthio, heteroarylalkylthioalkyl, heteroaryloxy, heteroarylthio, 10 arylthicalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, arylthic, aryloxy, aralkylthioalkyl, aralkoxyalkyl, aryl and heteroaryl, wherein the aryl and heteroaryl radicals are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals selected from halo, alkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkyl, cyano, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, hydroxyalkyl 15 and haloalkoxy; wherein R7 is a radical selected from alkyl, haloalkyl and amino; and wherein R8 is one or more radicals selected from hydrido, halo, alkyl,

haloalkyl, alkoxy, amino, haloalkoxy, cyano, carboxyl,
hydroxyl, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylamino, nitro
and alkylthio; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt
thereof.

A preferred class of compounds consists of those compounds of Formula II wherein \mathbb{R}^3 is a radical selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower 25 aralkyl, lower heterocycloalkyl, acyl, cyano, lower alkoxy, lower alkylthio, lower alkylsulfonyl, phenylsulfonyl, lower haloalkylsulfonyl, lower cycloalkyloxy, lower cycloalkyloxyalkyl, lower cycloalkylthio, lower cycloalkylthioalkyl, lower 30 cycloalkylsulfonyl, lower cycloalkylsulfonylalkyl, halo, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower haloalkylcarbonyl, phenylcarbonyl, lower aralkylcarbonyl, lower heterocycloalkylcarbonyl, 35 lower cyanoalkyl, lower azidoalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkyl, lower N-arylaminoalkyl, lower N-alkyl-N-arylaminoalkyl, lower carboxyalkyl, lower

alkoxycarbonylalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylthioalkyl, aminocarbonyl, lower alkylaminocarbonylalkyl, lower aralkoxy, lower aralkylthio, lower heteroaralkoxy, lower heteroaralkylthio, lower heteroarylalkoxyalkyl, lower heteroarylalkylthioalkyl, lower heteroaryloxyalkyl, lower heteroarylthioalkyl, lower heteroaryloxy, lower heteroarylthio, lower arylthioalkyl, lower aryloxyalkyl, lower arylthio, lower aryloxy, lower aralkylthioalkyl, lower aralkoxyalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl and 10 naphthyl, 5 or 6 membered heteroaryl, wherein the aryl and heteroaryl radicals are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals selected from halo, lower alkylthio, lower alkylsulfinyl, lower alkyl, cyano, lower haloalkyl, 15 hydroxyl, lower alkoxy, lower hydroxyalkyl and lower haloalkoxy; wherein R7 is a radical selected from lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl and amino; and wherein R8 is a radical selected from hydrido, halo, lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, amino, lower haloalkoxy, cyano, 20 carboxyl, hydroxyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl, lower alkylamino, nitro and lower alkylthio; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt

thereof. A class of compounds of particular interest 25 consists of those compounds of Formula II wherein \mathbb{R}^3 is a radical selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, 30 pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, benzyl, phenylethyl, phenylpropyl, furylmethyl, morpholinomethyl, pyrrolidinylmethyl, 35 piperazinylmethyl, piperidinylmethyl, pyridylmethyl, thienylmethyl, formyl, cyano, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, n-butoxy, methylthio, ethylthio, isopropylthio, methylsulfonyl, phenylsulfonyl, trifluoromethylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, methylthiomethyl,

- isopropylthiomethyl, cyclohexylthiomethyl, benzyloxy, benzylthio, methylcarbonyl, phenylcarbonyl, trifluoromethylcarbonyl, difluoromethylcarbonyl, fluoromethylcarbonyl, benzylcarbonyl, cyanomethyl, cyanobutyl, azidomethyl, methylaminomethyl, N-
- phenylaminomethyl, N-methyl-N-phenylaminomethyl, acetyl, propanoyl, butanoyl, methoxycarbonylmethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, isopropoxycarbonyl, tert-butoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, carboxymethyl, carboxypropyl,
- aminocarbonyl, N-methylaminocarbonylmethyl, pyridyloxy, pyridylthio, phenyloxy, 4-chlorophenoxy, furylmethoxy, furylmethylthio, thienylmethoxy, quinolylmethoxy, pyridylmethoxy, 5-phenylpyridyl-2-methoxy, thienylmethylthio, pyridylmethylthio, benzylthiomethyl,
- quinolylmethoxymethyl, furylbutoxyethyl,
 pyridyloxymethyl, pyridylmethoxymethyl, thienyloxyhexyl,
 thienylthiomethyl, pyridylthiohexyl, furyloxymethyl,
 furylmethylthiomethyl, quinolylmethylthioethyl,
 phenylthiomethyl, 2-chlorophenylthiomethyl, 2,6-
- dichlorophenylthiomethyl, 4-methylphenylthiomethyl, 2isopropylphenylthiomethyl, 2-methylphenylthiomethyl,
 phenyloxymethyl, 4-chlorophenyloxymethyl, 4methylphenyloxymethyl, benzyloxymethyl, 4methoxybenzyloxymethyl, naphthyl, phenyl, thienyl,
- furyl, pyridyl, wherein the thienyl, furyl, pyridyl and phenyl radicals are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl,
- isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl, cyano, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl,

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heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, methylenedioxy, ethoxy, propoxy, n-butoxy,

- hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl and trifluoromethoxy; wherein R⁷ is methyl or amino; and wherein R⁸ is a radical selected from hydrido, methylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methylthio, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl, cyano, carboxyl,
- methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, isopropoxycarbonyl, tert-butoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, butoxycarbonyl, isobutoxycarbonyl, pentoxycarbonyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl,
- heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, methylenedioxy, ethoxy, propoxy, n-butoxy, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxymethyl,
- ethoxymethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, phenylamino and nitro; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

A family of specific compounds of particular interest within Formula II consists of compounds and pharmaceutically-acceptable salts thereof as follows:

- 2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole;
- 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[(4-methylphenoxy)methyl]-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
- 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4[(methylthio)methyl]-1H-imidazole;
- 1,2-bis[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)1H-imidazole;
- 35 4-[2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;

WO 96/03388

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- 4-[2-(3-bromo-4-methoxyphenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1Himidazole-4-carboxaldehyde;
- 5 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[[(4-methylphenyl)thiomethyl]-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-(3-methoxyphenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-fluoromethyl)-1-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-(4-chlorophnyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4(phenylmethoxymethyl)-1H-imidazole;
- 4-[2-(2-fluorophenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - N, N-dimethyl-4-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenamine;
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[[(1-methylethyl)thio]methyl]-1[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[[(cyclohexyl)thio]methyl]-1-[4-(methysulfonyl)phenyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-[3 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H imidazole;
 - 2-[3-(methoxymethyl)phenyl]-1-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H imidazole;
 - 2-fluoro-N, N-dimethyl-4-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzeneamine;
 - 2-(3-bromophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole;
 - 4-[4-(trifluoromethyl)-2-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]lH-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[[(2-chlorophenyl)thio]methyl]-1[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;

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1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(3-nitrophenyl)-4-
      (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole;
    2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[[(2-methylphenyl)thio]methyl]-1-
      [4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl-1H-imidazole;
    N-methyl-4-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-
5
       (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenamine;
    3-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-
       imidazol-2-yl]benzeneamine;
    N, N-dimethyl-3-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-
       (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenamine;
10
    N-methyl-3-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-
       (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenamine;
    2-fluoro-N-methyl-4-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-
       (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzeneamine;
    2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[[(2,6-
15
       dichlorophenyl)thio]methyl]-1-[4-
       (methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-1H-imidazole;
     2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[[(2-(1-
       methylethyl)phenyl]thio]methyl]-1-[4-
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
20
     1-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-
       imidazol-4-yl]ethanone;
     1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-[3-(methylthio)phenyl]-
        4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole;
     4-[2-(3-bromophenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-
25
        yl]benzenesulfonamide;
     2-(3-chloro-5-methylphenyl)-1-[4-
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-
        imidazole;
     4-[2-(3-chloro-5-methylphenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-
 30
        imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
      2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-
        imidazole-4-acetonitrile;
      2-(3-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-1-[4-
         (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-
 35
        imidazole;
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2-(3-fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl)-1-[4-
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl}-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-
        imidazole;
     4-[2-(3-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-
  5
        imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
     2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-
        imidazole-4-acetic acid;
     4-[2-(3-fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-
        imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
10
     2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1-[4-
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
     2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-difluoromethyl-1-[4-
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
     2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methyl-1-[4-
15
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
     2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-ethyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-
       1H-imidazole;
     2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenyl-1-[4-
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
     2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-[4-
20
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
     2-(4-\text{chlorophenyl})-4-(4-\text{bromophenyl})-1-[4-
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
     2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-
25
       (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
     2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-naphthyl)-1-[4-
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
    2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]-1-[4-
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
30
    2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-
       (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
    2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-[4-
       (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
    2-(4-\text{chloropheny1})-4-(4-\text{methoxypheny1})-1-[4-
35
       (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
    2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenoxymethyl-1-[4-
       (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
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2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-chlorophenoxy)methyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole; 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-fluorophenoxy)methyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole; 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenylthiomethyl-1-[4-5 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole; 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(N-phenyl-N-methylamino)methyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole; 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-quinolyl)methoxymethyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole; 10 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methoxymethyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole; 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)methyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole; 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-15 imidazole-4-methanol; 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-formyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole; 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1Himidazole-4-carbonitrile; 20 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-benzyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole; 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenylethyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole; 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hexyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-25 1H-imidazole; 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hexylcarbonyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole; 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenylcarbonyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole; 30 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-benzylcarbonyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-lH-imidazole; 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(1-hydroxy-1-phenyl-methyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole; 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(1-hexanol)-1-[4-35 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;

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2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-
         imidazole;
      2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-octyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-
        1H-imidazole;
  5
      2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methoxy-1-[4-
         (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
     2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-butoxy-1-[4-
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
     2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methylthio-1-[4-
 10
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
     2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-
        trifluoromethylsulfonyl-1H-imidazole;
     2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-
        trifluoromethylcarbonyl-1H-imidazole;
 15
     2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-thienyl)-1-[4-
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
     2-(4-chloropheny1)-4-(3-fury1)-1-[4-
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
     2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-1-[4-
20
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
     2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-chloro-1-[4-
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
     2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-fluoro-1-[4-
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
25 methyl [2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-
       1H-imidazol-4-yl]carboxylate;
     [2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-
       imidazol-4-yl]carboxamide;
    methyl [2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-
30
       1H-imidazol-4-yl]carboxamide;
    4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-
       yl]benzenesulfonamide;
    4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-difluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-
       yl]benzenesulfonamide;
    4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methyl-1H-imidazol-1-
35
      yl]benzenesulfonamide;
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WO 96/03388

- 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-ethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenyl-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;

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- 5 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-bromophenyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-naphthyl)-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenoxymethyl-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-chlorophenoxy)methyl-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-fluorophenoxy)methyl-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenylthiomethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(N-phenyl-N-methylamino)methyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-quinolyl)methoxymethyl-lHimidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methoxymethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 35 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)methyl-1H-\
 imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;

4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxymethyl-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide; 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-formyl-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide; 5 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-cyano-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide; 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-benzyl-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide; 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenylethyl-1H-imidazol-1-10 yl]benzenesulfonamide; 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hexyl-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide; 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hexylcarbonyl-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide; 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenylcarbonyl-1H-imidazol-1-15 yl]benzenesulfonamide; 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-benzylcarbonyl-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide; 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(1-hydroxy-1-phenyl-methyl)-1H-20 imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide; 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(1-hexanol)-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide; 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide: 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-octyl-1H-imidazol-1-25 yl]benzenesulfonamide; 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methoxy-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide; 4-[2-(4-chloropheny1)-4-butoxy-1H-imidazol-1-30 yl]benzenesulfonamide; 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methylthio-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide: 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-thienyl)-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;

4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(3-furyl)-1H-imidazol-1-

yl]benzenesulfonamide;

WO 96/03388 PCT/US95/09506

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4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-1H-imidazol-1-
yl]benzenesulfonamide;
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- 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-chloro-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 5 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-fluoro-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - [2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl)-1Himidazol-4-yl]carboxylic acid;
 - methyl[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl)1H-imidazol-4-yl]carboxylate;
- 10 lH-imidazol-4-yl]carboxylate;
 [2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl)-1Himidazol-4-yl]carboxamide;
 - methyl[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl)1H-imidazol-4-yl]carboxamide;
- 2-(3-methylphenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-(2-methylphenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-(4-fluoro-3-methylphenyl)-1-{4-
- 20 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1Himidazole;
 - 2-(4-chloro-3-methylphenyl)-1-{4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl}-4-trifluoromethyl-1H imidazole;
- - 2-(4-chloro-3-methoxyphenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-
- 30 imidazole;
 - 2-(3-fluoro-4-methylphenyl)-1-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H imidazole;
 - 2-(3-chloro-4-methylphenyl)-1-[4-
- 35 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1Himidazole;

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- 2-(3-fluoro-4-methylthiophenyl)-1-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H imidazole;
- 2-(3-chloro-4-methylthiophenyl)-1-[4-
- 5 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1Himidazole;
 - 2-(4-fluoro-3-methylthiophenyl)-1-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H imidazole;
- - 2-(3,5-dimethyl-4-methoxyphenyl)-1-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H imidazole;
 - 2-(3,5-dichloro-4-methoxyphenyl)-1-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H imidazole;
 - 2-(3,5-difluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-1-[4-
- 20 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1Himidazole;
 - 2-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 4-[2-(3-methylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(2-methylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 30 4-[2-(4-fluoro-3-methylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chloro-3-methylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-fluoro-3-methoxyphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chloro-3-methoxyphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;

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- 4-[2-(3-fluoro-4-methylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[2-(3-chloro-4-methylthiophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 5 4-[2-(3-fluoro-4-methylthiophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-fluoro-3-methylthiophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chloro-4-methylthiophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(3,5-dimethyl-4-methoxyphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(3,5-dichloro-4-methoxyphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 15 4-[2-(3,5-difluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - ethyl [2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazol-4-yl]carboxylate;
 - ethyl [1-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-chlorophenyl) 1H-imidazol-4-yl]carboxylate;
- 25 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-methylphenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(3-chlorophenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-methyl-3-
 - chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-1,3-benzodioxole;
 - 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
- 35 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(3-fluorophenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;

- 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-4 trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-methoxy-3 fluorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
- 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-phenyl-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-methoxy-3-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-[4-
- 10 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1Himidazole;
 - 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-bromophenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(2-chlorophenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-ethylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-butylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
- - 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-butoxyphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
- 25 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-[4-(methylthio)phenyl]-4trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-methoxy-3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-methyl-3,5-
- difluorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;

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- 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(3,5-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
- 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
- 5 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-aminophenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 4-[2-(4-methylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(3-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-methyl-3-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 5-[1-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1Himidazol-2-yl]-1,3-benzodioxole;
- 4-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(3-fluorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-methoxy-3-fluorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-phenyl-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 25 4-[2-(4-methoxy-3-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-bromophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(2-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-ethylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 35 4-[2-(4-butylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;

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4-[2-[4-(difluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;

- 4-[2-(4-butoxyphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 5 4-[2-[4-(methylthio)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-methoxy-3,5-dichloro-phenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide:
 - 4-[2-(4-methyl-3,5-difluorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[2-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(3,5-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide; and
 - 4-[2-(4-aminophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide.

Within Formula I there is a second subclass of compounds of high interest represented by Formula III:

 $\mathbb{R}^{3} \xrightarrow{\mathbb{R}^{4}} \mathbb{N}$ $\mathbb{S}_{2}^{\mathbb{R}^{10}}$ \mathbb{R}^{9} (III)

wherein R³ is a radical selected from hydrido, alkyl,
haloalkyl, aralkyl, heterocycloalkyl, acyl, cyano,
alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylthioalkyl, alkylsulfonyl,
cycloalkylthio, cycloalkylthioalkyl, cycloalkylsulfonyl,
cycloalkylsulfonylalkyl, cycloalkyloxy,
cycloalkyloxyalkyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl,

halo, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, aralkylcarbonyl, heterocycloalkylcarbonyl, cyanoalkyl, azidoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, Narylaminoalkyl, N-alkyl-N-arylaminoalkyl, carboxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, haloalkylcarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, N-alkylaminocarbonylalkyl, heteroarylalkoxyalkyl, heteroaryloxyalkyl, heteroarylthioalkyl, aralkoxy, aralkylthio, heteroaralkoxy, heteroaralkylthio, heteroarylalkylthioalkyl, heteroaryloxy, heteroarylthio, 10 arylthioalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, arylthio, aryloxy, aralkylthioalkyl, aralkoxyalkyl, aryl and heteroaryl; wherein the aryl and heteroaryl radicals are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals selected from halo, alkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, 15 'alkyl, cyano, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, hydroxyalkyl and haloalkoxy; wherein R4 is a radical selected from hydrido, alkyl and fluoro; wherein R9 is one or more radicals selected from hydrido, halo, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkoxy, amino, haloalkoxy, cyano, carboxyl, hydroxyl, 20 hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylamino, nitro and alkylthio; and wherein R10 is a radical selected from alkyl, haloalkyl and amino; or a pharmaceutically-

acceptable salt thereof. A preferred class of compounds consists of those 25 compounds of Formula III wherein ${\bf R}^3$ is a radical selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower heterocycloalkyl, lower heteroaralkyl, acyl, cyano, lower alkoxy, lower alkylthio, lower alkylsulfonyl, phenylsulfonyl, lower 30 haloalkylsulfonyl, halo, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower haloalkylcarbonyl, phenylcarbonyl, lower aralkylcarbonyl, lower cyanoalkyl, lower azidoalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkyl, lower N-arylaminoalkyl, lower N-35 alkyl-N-arylaminoalkyl, lower carboxyalkyl, lower

alkoxycarbonylalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower

alkylthioalkyl, aminocarbonyl, lower alkylaminocarbonylalkyl, lower aralkoxy, lower aralkylthio, lower heteroaralkoxy, lower heteroaralkylthio, lower heteroarylalkoxyalkyl, lower heteroarylalkylthioalkyl, lower heteroaryloxyalkyl, 5 lower heteroarylthioalkyl, lower heteroaryloxy, lower heteroarylthio, lower arylthioalkyl, lower aryloxyalkyl, lower arylthio, lower aryloxy, lower aralkylthioalkyl, lower aralkoxyalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl and naphthyl, 5 or 6 membered heteroaryl, wherein the aryl 10 and heteroaryl radicals are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals selected from halo, lower alkylthio, lower alkylsulfinyl, lower alkyl, cyano, lower haloalkyl, hydroxyl, lower alkoxy, lower hydroxyalkyl and lower 15 haloalkoxy; wherein $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{4}}$ is a radical selected from hydrido, lower alkyl and fluoro; wherein R^9 is a radical selected from hydrido, halo, lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, amino, lower haloalkoxy, cyano, carboxyl, hydroxyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower

20 carboxyl, hydroxyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl, lower alkylamino, nitro and lower alkylthio; and wherein R¹⁰ is a radical selected from lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl and amino; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

A class of compounds of particular interest consists of those compounds of Formula III wherein R³ is a radical selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, dichloroethyl, dichloroethyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, benzyl, phenylethyl, phenylpropyl, furylmethyl, morpholinomethyl, pyrrolidinylmethyl, piperazinylmethyl, piperidinylmethyl, pyridylmethyl,

thienylmethyl, formyl, cyano, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy,

n-butoxy, methylthio, ethylthio, methylsulfonyl, phenylsulfonyl, trifluoromethylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, methylthiomethyl, benzyloxy, benzylthio, methylcarbonyl, phenylcarbonyl, trifluoromethylcarbonyl, difluoromethylcarbonyl, fluoromethylcarbonyl, benzylcarbonyl, cyanomethyl, cyanobutyl, azidomethyl, methylaminomethyl, N-phenylaminomethyl, N-methyl-N-phenylaminomethyl, acetyl, propanoyl, butanoyl,

- methoxycarbonylmethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl,
 methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, isopropoxycarbonyl,
 tert-butoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl,
 methylaminocarbonylmethyl, pyridyloxy, pyridylthio,
 phenyloxy, 4-chlorophenoxy, furylmethoxy,
- furylmethylthio, thienylmethoxy, quinolylmethoxy,
 pyridylmethoxy, 5-phenylpyridyl-2-methoxy,
 thienylmethylthio, pyridylmethylthio,
 quinolylmethoxymethyl, furylbutoxyethyl,
 pyridyloxymethyl, pyridylmethoxymethyl, thienyloxyhexyl,
- thienylthiomethyl, pyridylthiohexyl, furyloxymethyl, furylmethylthiomethyl, quinolylmethylthioethyl, phenylthiomethyl, phenyloxymethyl, 4-chlorophenyloxymethyl, benzyloxymethyl, 4-methoxybenzyloxymethyl, naphthyl, phenyl, thienyl,
- furyl, pyridyl, wherein the thienyl, furyl, pyridyl and phenyl radicals are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl,
- isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl, cyano, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, difluoropropyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl,
- dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, hydroxyl, methoxy,
 methylenedioxy, ethoxy, propoxy, n-butoxy,
 hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl and trifluoromethoxy;

wherein R^4 is a radical selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl and fluoro; wherein R^9 is a radical selected from hydrido, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, fluoromethyl,

- difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, methoxy, ethoxy,
- isopropoxy, tert-butoxy, propoxy, butoxy, isobutoxy, pentoxy, methylenedioxy, amino, trifluoromethoxy, cyano, carboxyl, hydroxyl, nitro, hydroxymethyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, methylamino, methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio and butylthio; and wherein R¹⁰ is methyl,
- fluoromethyl or amino, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

A family of specific compounds of particular interest within Formula III consists of compounds and pharmaceutically-acceptable salts thereof as follows:

- 25 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methyl-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
 - 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-ethyl-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]1H-imidazole;
 - 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenyl-2-[4-
- 30 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
 - 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
 - 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-bromophenyl)-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;

WO 96/03388 PCT/US95/09506

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1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-naphthyl)-2-[4-
      (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
    1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]-2-[4-
       (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
    1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(3-chlorophenyl)-2-[4-
5
       (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
    1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(3-fluorophenyl)-2-[4-
       (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
    1-(4-chloropheny1)-4-(4-methoxypheny1)-2-[4-
       (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
10
    1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenoxymethyl-2-[4-
       (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
    1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-chlorophenoxy)methyl-2-[4-
       (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
    1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-fluorophenoxy)methyl-2-[4-
15
       (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-lH-imidazole;
    1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenylthiomethyl-2-[4-
       (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
     1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(N-phenyl-N-methylamino)methyl-2-
        [4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
20
     1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-quinolyl)methoxymethyl-2-[4-
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
     1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methoxymethyl-2-[4-
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
     1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)methyl-2-[4-
25
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
     1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxymethyl-2-[4-
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
     1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-formyl-2-[4-
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
 30
     1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-cyano-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-
        1H-imidazole;
      1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-benzyl-2-[4-
         (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
      1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenylethyl-2-[4-
 35
         (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
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1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hexyl-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-
         1H-imidazole:
      1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hexylcarbonyl-2-[4-
         (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
      1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenylcarbonyl-2-[4-
  5
         (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
      1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-benzylcarbonyl-2-[4-
         (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
      1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(1-hydroxy-2-phenyl-methyl)-2-[4-
 10
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
     1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(1-hexanol)-2-[4-
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
     1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-
        imidazole:
     1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-octyl-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-
 15
        1H-imidazole;
     1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methoxy-2-[4-
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
     1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-butoxy-2-[4-
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
20
     1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methylthio-2-[4-
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
     1-(4-chloropheny1)-4-(2-thieny1)-2-[4-
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
25
     1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(3-furyl)-2-[4-
        (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
     1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-2-[4-
       (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
     1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-chloro-2-[4-
30
       (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
     1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-fluoro-2-[4-
       (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole;
     [1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-1H-
       imidazol-4-yl]carboxylic acid;
    methyl[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-
35
       1H-imidazol-4-yl]carboxylate;
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77-2.4

- [1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-{4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-1Himidazol-4-yl}carboxamide;
- methyl[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)1H-imidazol-4-yl]carboxamide;
- 5 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-difluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methyl-1H-imidazol-2-
- 10 yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-ethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenyl-1H-imidazol-2yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-bromophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-naphthyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 25 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-imidazol-2yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenoxymethyl-1H-imidazol-2yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-chlorophenoxy)methyl-1Himidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 35 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-fluorophenoxy)methyl-1Himidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;

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- 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenylthiomethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(N-phenyl-N-methylamino)methyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 5 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-quinolyl)methoxymethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methoxymethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)methyl-1Himidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxymethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide:
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-formyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-cyano-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-benzyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chloropheny1)-4-phenylethy1-1H-imidazol-2-y1]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hexyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hexylcarbonyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenylcarbonyl-1H-imidazol-2yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-benzylcarbonyl-1H-imidazol-2yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(1-hydroxy-2-phenyl-methyl)-1Himidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(1-hexanol)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-2yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 35 4-[1-(4-chloropheny1)-4-octyl-1H-imidazol-2yl]benzenesulfonamide;

- 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methoxy-1H-imidazol-2yl]benzenesulfonamide; 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-butoxy-1H-imidazol-2yl]benzenesulfonamide; 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methylthio-1H-imidazol-2-5 yl]benzenesulfonamide; 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(3-thienyl)-1H-imidazol-2yl]benzenesulfonamide; 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-furyl)-1H-imidazol-2yl]benzenesulfonamide; 10 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(3-pyridyl)-1H-imidazol-2yl]benzenesulfonamide; 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-chloro-1H-imidazol-2yl]benzenesulfonamide; 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-fluoro-1H-imidazol-2-15 yl]benzenesulfonamide; [1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl)-1Himidazol-4-yl]carboxylic acid; methyl[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl)-1H-imidazol-4-yl]carboxylate; 20 [1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl)-1Himidazol-4-yl]carboxamide; methyl[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl)-1H-imidazol-4-yl]carboxamide; 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(4-methylphenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
- 25
 - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(3-chlorophenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-methyl-3-
- chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole; 30
 - 5-[2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1Himidazol-1-yl]-1,3-benzodioxole;
 - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
- 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(3-fluorophenyl)-4-35 trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;

- 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
- 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(4-methoxy-3-fluorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
- 5 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-phenyl-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole:
 - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(4-methoxy-3-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-[4-
- 10 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1Himidazole;
 - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(4-bromophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(2-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(4-ethylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(4-butylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
- - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(4-butoxyphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
- 25 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-[4-(methylthio)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(4-methoxy-3,5-dichloro-phenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(4-methyl-3,5-difluorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;

- 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(3,5-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
- 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
- 5 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(4-aminophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;

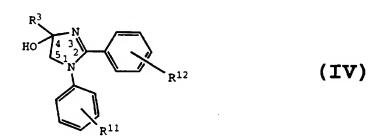
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- 4-[1-(4-methylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[1-(3-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-methyl-3-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 5-[2-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]-1,3-benzodioxole;
- 4-[1-(3-fluorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-vl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2vl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-methoxy-3-fluorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1Himidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-phenyl-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-methoxy-3-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1Himidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-bromophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(2-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-ethylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-butylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 35 4-[1-[4-(difluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1Himidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;

4-[1-(4-butoxyphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;

- 4-[1-[4-(methylthio)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 5 4-[1-(4-methoxy-3,5-dichloro-phenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-methyl-3,5-difluorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[1-(3,5-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide; and
- 4-[1-(4-aminophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-20 yl]benzenesulfonamide.

Within Formula I there is a third subclass of compounds of high interest represented by Formula IV:



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- wherein R³ is selected from alkyl, haloalkyl, alkylsulfonylalkyl, cycloalkylthioalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, arylthioalkyl, N-aryl-N-alkylaminoalkyl, heteroarylalkoxyalkyl,
- heterocyclocarbonyl, heteroaryloxyalkyl, N-alkoxy-N-alkylaminocarbonyl, heteroaralkylthioalkyl, heteroarylthioalkyl and aryl optionally substituted at a substitutable position with halo, alkoxy and haloalkoxy;

WO 96/03388 PCT/US95/09506

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and wherein R^{11} and R^{12} are independently selected from hydrido, halo, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkoxy, alkylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl and sulfamyl; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

A preferred class of compounds consists of those 5 compounds of Formula IV wherein \mathbb{R}^3 is selected from lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower aralkoxyalkyl, lower aryloxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower arylthioalkyl, lower heteroaralkylthioalkyl, lower heteroarylthioalkyl, lower N-aryl-N-alkylaminoalkyl, lower 10 heteroarylalkoxyalkyl and aryl selected from naphthyl, phenyl and biphenyl, wherein the aryl radical is optionally substituted at a substitutable position with halo, lower alkoxy and lower haloalkoxy; and wherein R^{11} and R12 are independently selected from hydrido, halo, 15 lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower haloalkylsulfonyl and sulfamyl; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

A class of compounds of particular interest consists of those compounds of Formula IV wherein \mathbb{R}^3 is 20 selected from methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, 25 difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, ethoxycarbonyl, methoxycarbonyl, benzyloxymethyl, phenylthiomethyl, pyridylthiomethyl, pyridylmethylthiomethyl, phenyloxymethyl, 4chlorophenyloxymethyl, N-phenyl-N-methylaminomethyl, 30 quinolyloxymethyl and aryl selected from naphthyl and phenyl, wherein the aryl radical is optionally substituted at a substitutable position with fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, methoxy, ethoxy, isopropoxy, tertbutoxy, propoxy, butoxy, isobutoxy, pentoxy, 35

methylenedioxy and trifluoromethoxy; and wherein R11 and

R¹² are independently selected from hydrido, fluoro,

chloro, bromo, iodo, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tertbutyl, isobutyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl,
trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl,
trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl,
difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl,
difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl,

difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, methoxy, ethoxy, isopropoxy, tert-butoxy, propoxy, butoxy, isobutoxy, pentoxy, methylenedioxy, methylsulfonyl, fluoromethylsulfonyl and

10 sulfamyl; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

A family of specific compounds of particular interest within Formula IV consists of compounds and pharmaceutically-acceptable salts thereof as follows:

- 2-[4-(dimethylamino)-3-fluorophenyl]-4,5-dihydro-4hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazole;
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-difluoromethyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazole:
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methyl-1-[4-
- 25 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazole;
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-ethyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenyl-1-[4-
- 30 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazole;
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;

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- 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-{4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl}-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
- 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-naphthyl)-1-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]-1-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
- - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazole;
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenoxymethyl-1-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-chlorophenoxy)methyl-1-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
- - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenylthiomethyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazole;
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(N-phenyl-N-methylamino)methyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazole;
- 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-quinolyl)methoxymethyl-1-[4-35 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazole;

- 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methoxymethyl-1-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
- 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)methyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazole;
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxymethyl-1-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
- - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-cyano-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
- - 2-(4-chloropheny1)-4-phenylethyl-1-[4 (methylsulfony1)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hexyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hexylcarbonyl-1-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenylcarbonyl-1-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-benzylcarbonyl-1-[4-
- (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazole;
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(1-hydroxy-1-phenyl-methyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;

- 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
- 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-octyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
- 5 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methoxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazole;
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-butoxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazole;
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methylthio-1-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-thienyl)-1-[4-
- (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazole;
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-furyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazole;
- 20 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-chloro-1-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
- - [2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl]carboxylic acid;
- 30 methyl[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl]carboxylate;
 - [2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-4hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl]carboxamide;
 - methyl[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-
- 4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl]carboxamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;

- 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-difluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 5 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-ethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-bromophenyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-naphthyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(3-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(3-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-lH-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenoxymethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-chlorophenoxy)methyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-
- 30 yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-fluorophenoxy)methyl-4hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenylthiomethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;

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- 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(N-phenyl-N-methylamino)methyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-quinolyl)methoxymethyl-4hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methoxymethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)methyl-4hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxymethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-formyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-cyano-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-benzyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 20 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenylethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hexyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hexylcarbonyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenylcarbonyl-4-hydroxy-4,5dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-benzylcarbonyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 30 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(1-hydroxy-1-phenyl-methyl)-4hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(1-hexanol)-4-hydroxy-4,5dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 35 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;

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- 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-octyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methoxy-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 5 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-butoxy-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methylthio-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(3-thienyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-furyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-chloro-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-fluoro-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - [2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl)-4-
- 20 hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl]carboxylic acid;
 - methyl[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl]carboxylate;
 - [2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl)-4hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl]carboxamide;
- 25 methyl[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl)-4hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl]carboxamide;
 - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(4-methylphenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(3-chlorophenyl)-4-
- trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-methyl-3chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydrolH-imidazole;
 - 5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4-
- trifluoromethyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-1,3benzodioxole;

- 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
- 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(3-fluorophenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
- 5 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-methoxy-3-fluorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
- 10 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-phenyl-4-trifluoromethyl4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-methoxy-3chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro1H-imidazole;
- 15 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-bromophenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
- 20 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-ethylphenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-butylphenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-[4-
- 25 (difluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-butoxyphenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-[4-(methylthio)phenyl]-4trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-methoxy-3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazole;
- 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-methyl-3,5difluorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5dihydro-1H-imidazole;

- 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
- 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
- 5 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethoxy-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-(3,5-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-(4-aminophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
- 4-[2-(4-methylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(3-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[2-(4-methyl-3-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 5-[1-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4trifluoromethyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-1,3benzodioxole;
- 4-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(3-fluorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-methoxy-3-fluorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[2-phenyl-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;

- 4-[2-(4-methoxy-3-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[2-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-4hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-bromophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(2-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-ethylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-butylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[2-[4-(difluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-4hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-butoxyphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[2-[4-(methylthio)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-methoxy-3,5-dichloro-phenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-lH-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 25 4-[2-(4-methyl-3,5-difluorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-4hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[2-(3,5-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;

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- 4-[2-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro~1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[2-(4-aminophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- - 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methyl-2-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
 - 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-ethyl-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenyl-2-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
 - 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[4-
- 20 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazole;
 - 4-(4-bromophenyl)-1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazole;
- 25 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(3-chlorophenyl)-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazole;
 - 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(3-fluorophenyl)-2-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
 - 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
- 1,4-bis(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;

- 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-naphthyl)-2-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
- 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]-2-[45 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazole;
 - 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenoxymethyl-2-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
- - 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenylthiomethyl-2-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
- 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(N-phenyl-N-methylamino)methyl-2[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazole;
- - 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxymethyl-2-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
- 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-formyl-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazole;

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1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-cyano-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-
4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-benzyl-2-[4-
(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-
imidazole;
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- 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenylethyl-2-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
- 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hexyl-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]10 4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hexylcarbonyl-2-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
 - 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenylcarbonyl-2-[4-
- (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazole;
 - 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-benzylcarbonyl-2-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
- - 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(1-hexanol)-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-
- 25 imidazole;

- 1-(4-chloropheny1)-2-[(methylsulfony1)pheny1]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
- 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-octyl-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
- - 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-butoxy-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazole:

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- 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methylthio-2-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
- 1-(4-chloropheny1)-4-(2-thieny1)-2-[4-
- 5 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazole;
 - 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-furyl)-2-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
- - 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-chloro-2-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
 - 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-fluoro-2-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H imidazole;
 - [1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-4hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl]carboxylic acid;
 methyl[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-
 - 4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl]carboxylate;
 - [1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-4hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl]carboxamide;
- 25 methyl[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl]carboxamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-difluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-ethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 35 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-lHimidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;

- 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-bromophenyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 5 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-naphthyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]-4hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-
- y1]benzenesulfonamide;
 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(3-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-y1]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(3-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenoxymethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-chlorophenoxy)methyl-4hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-fluorophenoxy)methyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-
- 25 yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenylthiomethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(N-phenyl-N-methylamino)methyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-
- 30 yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-quinolyl)methoxymethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methoxymethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;

15

- 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)methyl-4hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxymethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-formyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-cyano-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 10 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-benzyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenylethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hexyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hexylcarbonyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenylcarbonyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-benzylcarbonyl-4-hydroxy-4,5dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(1-hydroxy-2-phenyl-methyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 25 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(1-hexanol)-4-hydroxy-4,5dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-octyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-lHimidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methoxy-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-butoxy-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 35 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methylthio-4-hydroxy-4,5dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;

- 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-thienyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-furyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydrolH-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 5 4-[1-(4-chloropheny1)-4-(3-pyridy1)-4-hydroxy-4,5dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-y1]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-chloro-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-fluoro-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - [1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl]carboxylic acid;
 - methyl[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl)-4hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl]carboxylate;
- 15 [1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl)-4hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl]carboxamide;
 - methyl[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl)-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl]carboxamide;
- 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(4-methylphenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(3-chlorophenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(4-methyl-3-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 5-[2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4trifluoromethyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl]-1,3benzodioxole;
 - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(3-fluorophenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
- 35 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(4-methoxy-3fluorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro1H-imidazole;

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2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-phenyl-4-trifluoromethyl-
4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
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58

- 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(4-methoxy-3-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-
- 5 1H-imidazole; 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-[4- (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(4-bromophenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;

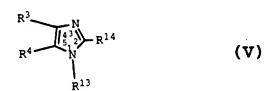
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- 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(1-chlorophenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
- 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(4-ethylphenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
- 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(4-butylphenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-[4-(difluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
- 20 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(4-butoxyphenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-[4-(methylthio)phenyl]-4trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(4-methoxy-3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazole;
 - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(4-methyl-3,5-difluorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
- 30 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-lH-imidazole;
 - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-[4-
- (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethoxy-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;

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- 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(3,5-dimethyl-4-methoxyphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazole;
- 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
- 2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-(4-aminophenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole;
- 4-[1-(4-methylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[1-(3-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-methyl-3-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 5-[2-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-4-trifluoromethyl-lH-imidazol-1-yl]-1,3-benzodioxole;
 - 4-[1-(3-fluorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-methoxy-3-fluorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide:
 - 4-[1-phenyl-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-methoxy-3-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-4hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-bromophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[1-(1-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-ethylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;

- 4-[1-(4-butylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[1-[4-(difluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-
- 5 yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-butoxyphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-[4-(methylthio)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[1-(4-methoxy-3,5-dichloro-phenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-lH-imidazol-2yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(4-methyl-3,5-difluorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-
- 15 yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[1-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-4hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2vl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(3,5-dimethyl-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-
- 25 yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[1-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide; and
 - 4-[1-(4-aminophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]benzenesulfonamide.
- 30 Within Formula I there is a fourth subclass of compounds of high interest represented by Formula V:



wherein R^3 is a radical selected from hydrido, alkyl, haloalkyl, aralkyl, heterocycloalkyl, heteroaralkyl, acyl, cyano, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylthioalkyl, alkylsulfonyl, cycloalkylthio, cycloalkylthioalkyl, cycloalkylsulfonyl, 5 cycloalkylsulfonylalkyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, halo, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, aralkylcarbonyl, heterocyclocarbonyl, cyanoalkyl, aminoalkyl, 10 alkylaminoalkyl, N-arylaminoalkyl, N-alkyl-Narylaminoalkyl, carboxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, haloalkylcarbonyl, carboxyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonylalkyl, heteroarylalkoxyalkyl, heteroaryloxyalkyl, heteroarylthioalkyl, aralkoxy, 15 aralkylthio, heteroaralkoxy, heteroaralkylthio, heteroarylalkylthioalkyl, heteroaryloxy, heteroarylthio, arylthioalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, arylthio, aryloxy, aralkylthioalkyl, aralkoxyalkyl, aryl and heteroaryl; wherein R^4 is a radical selected from 20 hydrido, alkyl and halo; and wherein \mathbb{R}^{13} and \mathbb{R}^{14} are independently selected from aryl and heterocyclo, wherein \mathbb{R}^{13} and \mathbb{R}^{14} are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals 25 independently selected from alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, halo, alkylthio, alkyl, cyano, carboxyl, alkoxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, haloalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, arylamino and nitro; provided at least one of \mathbf{R}^{13} and \mathbf{R}^{14} is aryl substituted with alkylsulfonyl or 30 aminosulfonyl; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

A preferred class of compounds consists of those compounds of Formula V wherein R³ is a radical selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower heterocycloalkyl, lower heteroaralkyl, acyl, cyano, lower alkoxy, lower alkylthio, lower

alkylsulfonyl, phenylsulfonyl, lower haloalkylsulfonyl, halo, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower haloalkylcarbonyl, phenylcarbonyl, lower aralkylcarbonyl, lower cyanoalkyl, lower aminoalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkyl, lower Narylaminoalkyl, lower N-alkyl-N-arylaminoalkyl, lower carboxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonylalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, carboxyl, lower alkylthioalkyl, aminocarbonyl, lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylaminocarbonylalkyl, lower aralkoxy, lower 10 aralkylthio, lower heteroaralkoxy, lower heteroaralkylthio, lower heteroarylalkoxyalkyl, lower heteroarylalkylthioalkyl, lower heteroaryloxyalkyl, lower heteroarylthioalkyl, lower heteroaryloxy, lower heteroarylthio, lower arylthioalkyl, lower 15 aryloxyalkyl, lower arylthio, lower aryloxy, lower aralkylthioalkyl, lower aralkoxyalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl and naphthyl, 5 or 6 membered heteroaryl, wherein the aryl and heteroaryl radicals are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or 20 more radicals selected from halo, lower alkylthio, lower alkylsulfinyl, lower alkyl, cyano, lower haloalkyl, hydroxyl, lower alkoxy, lower hydroxyalkyl and lower haloalkoxy; wherein R^4 is a radical selected from hydrido, lower alkyl and halo; and wherein R13 and 25 R^{14} are independently selected from phenyl and heteroaryl, wherein R^{13} and R^{14} are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals independently selected from lower methylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, lower alkylthio, lower 30 alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl, and lower haloalkoxy; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

A class of compounds of particular interest

consists of those compounds of Formula V wherein R³ is a radical selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl,

fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl,

- difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, benzyl, phenylethyl, phenylpropyl, furylmethyl, morpholinomethyl, pyrrolidinylmethyl, piperazinylmethyl, piperidinylmethyl, pyridylmethyl, thienylmethyl, formyl, cyano, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy,
- n-butoxy, methylthio, ethylthio, isopropylthio, methylsulfonyl, phenylsulfonyl, trifluoromethylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, methylthiomethyl, isopropylthiomethyl,
- cyclohexylthiomethyl, benzyloxy, benzylthio,
 methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl, phenylcarbonyl,
 trifluoromethylcarbonyl, difluoromethylcarbonyl,
 fluoromethylcarbonyl, benzylcarbonyl,
 pyrrolidinylcarbonyl, cyanomethyl, cyanobutyl,
- aminomethyl, methylaminomethyl, N-phenylaminomethyl, N-methyl-N-phenylaminomethyl, acetyl, propanoyl, butanoyl, methoxycarbonylmethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, isopropoxycarbonyl, tert-butoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, butoxycarbonyl,
- isobutoxycarbonyl, pentoxycarbonyl, carboxyl,
 carboxymethyl, carboxypropyl, aminocarbonyl,
 methylaminocarbonyl, N.N-diethylaminocarbonyl, Nmethoxy-N-methylaminocarbonyl,
 methylaminocarbonylmethyl, pyridyloxy, pyridylthio,
- phenyloxy, 4-chlorophenoxy, furylmethoxy, furylmethylthio, thienylmethoxy, quinolylmethoxy, pyridylmethoxy, 5-phenylpyridyl-2-methoxy, thienylmethylthio, pyridylmethylthio, quinolylmethoxymethyl, furylbutoxyethyl,
- 35 pyridyloxymethyl, pyridylmethoxymethyl, thienyloxyhexyl, thienylthiomethyl, pyridylthiohexyl, furyloxymethyl, furylmethylthiomethyl,

quinolylmethylthioethyl, phenylthiomethyl, 2chlorophenylthiomethyl, 2,6-dichlorophenylthiomethyl, 4-methylphenylthiomethyl, 2-isopropylphenylthiomethyl, 2-methylphenylthiomethyl, phenyloxymethyl, 4chlorophenyloxymethyl, 4-methylphenyloxymethyl, benzyloxymethyl, 4-methoxybenzyloxymethyl, naphthyl, phenyl, thienyl, furyl, pyridyl, wherein the thienyl, furyl, pyridyl and phenyl radicals are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, 10 methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl, cyano, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, 15 difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, methylenedioxy, ethoxy, propoxy, n-butoxy, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl and trifluoromethoxy; wherein R4 is a radical selected 20 from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, fluoro, chloro and bromo; and wherein R^{13} and R^{14} is selected from phenyl, imidazolyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, pyrrolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, triazolyl, pyrazinyl, pyrimidinyl, quiolinyl, indolylbenzimidazolyl, pyrazolyl and 25 pyridyl, wherein R^{13} and R^{14} are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals independently selected from methylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, fluoromethylsulfonyl, difluoromethylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, 30 methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl, cyano, carboxyl, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, isopropoxycarbonyl, tert-butoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, butoxycarbonyl, isobutoxycarbonyl, pentoxycarbonyl, fluoromethyl, 35

difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl,

dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl,

heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, methylenedioxy, ethoxy, propoxy, n-butoxy,

hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, methylamino, N,N-diethylamino, phenylamino and nitro; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

A class of compounds of even more particular interest consists of those compounds of Formula V wherein R³ is a radical selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl,

- pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, dichloroethyl, and dichloropropyl; wherein R4 is hydrido; wherein R13 is phenyl optionally substituted with methylsulfonyl or
- aminosulfonyl; and wherein R¹⁴ is selected from imidazolyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, pyrrolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, triazolyl, pyrimidinyl, quiolinyl, indolyl, benzimidazolyl, pyrazolyl and pyridyl, wherein R¹⁴ is optionally substituted at a substitutable position with
- one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl,
- difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, methoxy, methylenedioxy, ethoxy, propoxy, n-butoxy, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, and trifluoromethoxy; or a
- 35 pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

WO 96/03388 PCT/US95/09506

66

A family of specific compounds of particular interest within Formula V consists of compounds and pharmaceutically-acceptable salts thereof as follows:

- 5 1-methyl-3-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-1H-indole;
 - 4-[2-(1-methylindol-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(isoquinol-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(2-methyloxazol-4-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(2-methylthiazol-4-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 15 4-[2-(oxazol-4-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;

- 4-[2-(1-methylpyrazol-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[2-(5-methylisoxazol-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-
- 20 1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-methylpyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-2-yl]thiophene;
- 3-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-2-yl]thiophene;
 - 4-[2-(5-methylpyridin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 2-methyl-3-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-
- 30 (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
 - 4-[2-(2-methylpyridin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(pyridin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;

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3-chloro-5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-
        (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
     4-[2-(5-fluoropyridin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-
        imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
     4-[2-(5-chloropyridin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-
 5
        imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
     5-methyl-2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-
        (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
     4-methyl-2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-
        (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
10
     2-methoxy-6-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-
        (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
     5-methoxy-2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-
        (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
     4-methoxy-2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-
15
        (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
     2-chloro-6-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-
        (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
     5-chloro-2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-
       (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
20
     4-chloro-2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-
       (trifluoromethy1)-1H-imidazol-2-y1]pyridine;
    2-fluoro-6-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-
       (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
25
    4-fluoro-2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-
       (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
    4-fluoro-2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-
       (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
    4-[2-(5-methylpyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-
30
       imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
    4-[2-(4-methylpyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-
       imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
    4-[2-(6-methoxypyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-
       imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
35
    4-[2-(5-methoxypyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-
       imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide:
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- 4-[2-(4-methoxypyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[2-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 5 4-[2-(5-chloropyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chloropyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(6-fluoropyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-lHimidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(5-fluoropyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-fluoropyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-lH-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 3-methoxy-5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
 - 3-[4-methyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
 - 3-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine 1-oxide;
 - 3-[4-[4-(fluorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1Himidazol-2-yl)pyridine;
 - 5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-2-yl]-2-(methylthio)pyridine;
- 25 3-[4-(difluoromethyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1Himidazol-2-yl)pyridine;
 - 4-[2-(5-methoxypyridin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[4-methyl-2-(3-pyridinyl)-1H-imidazol-1-
- 30 yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(3-pyridiny1)-4-(trifluoromethy1)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide 1-oxide;
 - 4-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(3-pyridinyl)-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 35 4-[2-(3-pyridinyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide 1-oxide;

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4-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(3-pyridinyl)-1H-imidazol-1-
         yl]benzenesulfonamide;
      4-[2-[6-(methylthio)pyridin-3-yl]-4-trifluoromethyl)-1H-
         imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
      4-[4-(difluoromethyl)-2-(3-pyridinyl)-1H-imidazol-1-
  5
        yl]benzenesulfonamide;
      3-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-
        imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
     2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-
 10
        imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
     2-methyl-4-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl-4-
        (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
     4-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-
        imidazol-2-yl)pyridine;
     2-methyl-6-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl-4-
 15
        (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
     4-[2-(6-methylpyridin-3-y1)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-
        imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
     1-methyl-3-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-
        (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridinium iodide;
20
     2-methyl-5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-
        (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine 1-oxide;
     3-methyl-5-{1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-
        (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
     2-methoxy-5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-
25
       (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
    2-[4-(4-fluorophenyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-
       (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
    3-methyl-5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-
30
       (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine 1-oxide;
    3-methoxy-5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-
       (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
    4-[2-(3-methoxypyridin-5-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-
       imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
    2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-
35
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imidazol-2-yl]quinoline;

PCT/US95/09506 WO 96/03388

70

- 2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-2-yl]pyrazine;
- 2-methyl-4-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]thiazole; and
- 5 4-[2-(5-methylpyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide.

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Compounds of Formula V, especially where R^{14} is pyridyl, may form N-oxides, which may be active forms or prodrugs which would be converted to compounds of Formula V in vivo.

Compounds of Formula V would also be capable of inhibiting cytokines, such as TNF, IL-1, IL-6, and IL-8. As such, the compounds can be used in the manufacture of a medicament or in a method for the treatment for the prophylactic or therapeutic treatment of diseases mediated by cytokines, such as TNF, IL-1, IL-6, and IL-8.

The term "hydrido" denotes a single hydrogen atom

(H). This hydrido radical may be attached, for example,
to an oxygen atom to form a hydroxyl radical or two
hydrido radicals may be attached to a carbon atom to
form a methylene (-CH2-) radical. Where used, either
alone or within other terms such as "haloalkyl",

- "alkylsulfonyl", "alkoxyalkyl" and "hydroxyalkyl", the term "alkyl" embraces linear or branched radicals having one to about twenty carbon atoms or, preferably, one to about twelve carbon atoms. More preferred alkyl radicals are "lower alkyl" radicals having one to about ten
- carbon atoms. Most preferred are lower alkyl radicals having one to about six carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, tert-butyl, pentyl, isomanyl, hexyl and the like. The term "halo" means halogens such as fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine. The term "haloalkyl" embraces radicals wherein any one or more of

the alkyl carbon atoms is substituted with halo as

defined above. Specifically embraced are monohaloalkyl, dihaloalkyl and polyhaloalkyl radicals. A monohaloalkyl radical, for one example, may have either an iodo, bromo, chloro or fluoro atom within the radical. Dihalo and polyhaloalkyl radicals may have two or more of the same halo atoms or a combination of different halo radicals. "Lower haloalkyl" embraces radicals having 1-6 carbon atoms. Examples of haloalkyl radicals include fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, 10 chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl and dichloropropyl. The term "hydroxyalkyl" embraces linear or branched alkyl radicals having one to about ten 15 carbon atoms any one of which may be substituted with one or more hydroxyl radicals. More preferred hydroxyalkyl radicals are "lower hydroxyalkyl" radicals having one to six carbon atoms and one or more hydroxyl 20 radicals. Examples of such radicals include hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, hydroxybutyl and hydroxyhexyl. The terms "alkoxy" and "alkoxyalkyl" embrace linear or branched oxy-containing radicals each having alkyl portions of one to about ten carbon atoms. 25 More preferred alkoxy radicals are "lower alkoxy" radicals having one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, butoxy and tert-butoxy. The term "alkoxyalkyl" also embraces alkyl radicals having two or more alkoxy radicals 30 attached to the alkyl radical, that is, to form monoalkoxyalkyl and dialkoxyalkyl radicals. More preferred alkoxyalkyl radicals are "lower alkoxyalkyl". radicals having one to six carbon atoms and one or two alkoxy radicals. Examples of such radicals include methoxymethyl, methoxyethyl, ethoxyethyl, methoxybutyl 35

and methoxypropyl. The "alkoxy" or "alkoxyalkyl" radicals may be further substituted with one or more

halo atoms, such as fluoro, chloro or bromo, to provide "haloalkoxy" or haloalkoxyalkyl radicals. More preferred haloalkoxy radicals are "lower haloalkoxy" radicals having one to six carbon atoms and one or more halo radicals. Examples of such radicals include fluoromethoxy, chloromethoxy, trifluoromethoxy, trifluoroethoxy, fluoroethoxy and fluoropropoxy. The term "cyanoalkyl" embraces radicals having a cyano or nitrile (-CN) radical attached to an alkyl radicals as described above. More preferred cyanoalkyl radicals are 10 "lower cyanoalkyl" radicals having one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such lower cyanoalkyl radicals include cyanomethyl, cyanopropyl, cyanoethyl and cyanobutyl. The term "cycloalkyl" embraces saturated carbocyclic radicals having three to twelve carbon 15 atoms. More preferred cycloalkyl radicals are "lower cycloalkyl" radicals having three to about eight carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl. "cycloalkenyl" embraces unsaturated cyclic radicals 20 having three to ten carbon atoms. More preferred cycloalkenyl radicals are "lower cycloalkenyl" radicals having about five to about eight carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include cyclobutenyl, cyclopentenyl, cyclohexenyl and cycloheptenyl. The term "aryl", alone 25 or in combination, means a carbocyclic aromatic system containing one, two or three rings wherein such rings may be attached together in a pendent manner or may be fused. The term "aryl" embraces aromatic radicals such as phenyl, naphthyl, tetrahydronaphthyl, indane and 30 biphenyl. Such aryl radicals may be substituted at a substitutable position with one or more substituents selected from halo, alkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkyl, cyano, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, hydroxyalkyl and haloalkoxy. The terms "heterocyclic" and "heterocyclo" 35 embraces saturated, partially saturated and unsaturated heteroatom-containing ring-shaped radicals, where the

heteroatoms may be selected from nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen. Examples of saturated heterocyclic radicals include saturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocylic group containing 1 to 4 nitrogen atoms [e.g. pyrrolidiny], 5 imidazolidinyl, piperidino, piperazinyl, etc.]; saturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 oxygen atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms [e.g. morpholinyl, etc.]; saturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 sulfur atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms [e.g., thiazolidinyl, etc.]. 10 Examples of partially saturated heterocyclic radicals include dihydrothiophene, dihydropyran, dihydrofuran and dihydrothiazole. The term "heteroaryl" embraces unsaturated heterocyclic radicals. Examples of unsaturated heterocyclic radicals, also termed 15 "heteroaryl" radicals include unsaturated 3 to 6 membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 4 nitrogen atoms, for example, pyrrolyl, pyrrolinyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl, pyrimidyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, triazolyl [e.g., 4H-20 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1H-1,2,3-triazolyl, 2H-1,2,3-triazolyl, etc.] tetrazolyl [e.g. 1H-tetrazolyl, 2H-tetrazolyl, etc.], etc.; unsaturated condensed heterocyclic group containing 1 to 5 nitrogen atoms, for example, indoly1, 25 isoindolyl, indolizinyl, benzimidazolyl, quinolyl, isoquinolyl, indazolyl, benzotriazolyl, tetrazolopyridazinyl [e.g., tetrazolo [1,5b]pyridazinyl, etc.], etc.; unsaturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing an oxygen atom, for 30 example, pyranyl, 2-furyl, 3-furyl, etc.; unsaturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing a sulfur atom, for example, 2-thienyl, 3-thienyl, etc.; unsaturated 3- to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 oxygen atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms, for example, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, oxadiazolyl 35 [e.g., 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5oxadiazolyl, etc.] etc.; unsaturated condensed

heterocyclic group containing 1 to 2 oxygen atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms [e.g. benzoxazolyl, benzoxadiazolyl, etc.]; unsaturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 sulfur atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms, for example, thiazolyl, thiadiazolyl [e.g., 5 1,2,4- thiadiazolyl, 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5thiadiazolyl, etc.] etc.; unsaturated condensed heterocyclic group containing 1 to 2 sulfur atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms [e.g., benzothiazolyl, benzothiadiazolyl, etc.] and the like. The term also 10 embraces radicals where heterocyclic radicals are fused with aryl radicals. Examples of such fused bicyclic radicals include benzofuran, benzothiophene, and the like. Said "heterocyclic group" may be substituted at a substitutable position with one or more substituents 15 selected from halo, alkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkyl, cyano, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, hydroxyalkyl and haloalkoxy. More preferred heteroaryl radicals include five to six membered heteroaryl radicals. The term "heterocycloalkyl" embraces heterocyclic-substituted 20 alkyl radicals. More preferred heterocycloalkyl radicals are "lower heterocycloalkyl" radicals having one to six carbon atoms and a heterocyclic radical. Examples include such radicals as pyrrolidinylmethyl. The term "heteroarylalkyl" embraces heteroaryl-25 substituted alkyl radicals. More preferred heteroarylalkyl radicals are "lower heteroarylalkyl" radicals having one to six carbon atoms and a heteroaryl radical. Examples include such heteroarylalkyl radicals such as pyridylmethyl and thienylmethyl. The term 30 "alkylthio" embraces radicals containing a linear or branched alkyl radical, of one to about ten carbon atoms attached to a divalent sulfur atom. More preferred alkylthio radicals are "lower alkylthio" radicals having alkyl radicals of one to six carbon atoms. Examples of 35 such lower alkylthio radicals are methylthio, ethylthio,

propylthio, butylthio and hexylthio. The term

"alkylthioalkyl" embraces alkylthio radicals attached to an alkyl radical. More preferred alkylthioalkyl radicals are "lower alkylthioalkyl" radicals having alkyl radicals of one to six carbon atoms and an alkylthio radical as described above. Examples of such radicals include methylthiomethyl. The term "arylthio" embraces radicals containing an aryl radical, attached to a divalent sulfur atom, such as a phenylthic radical. The term "arylthioalkyl" embraces arylthio radicals 10 attached to an alkyl radical. More preferred arylthioalkyl radicals are "lower arylthioalkyl" radicals having alkyl radicals of one to six carbon atoms and an arylthio radical as described above. Examples of such radicals include phenylthiomethyl. term "alkylsulfinyl" embraces radicals containing a 15 linear or branched alkyl radical, of one to ten carbon atoms, attached to a divalent -S(=0) - radical. preferred alkylsulfinyl radicals are *lower alkylsulfinyl" radicals having one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such lower alkylsulfinyl radicals include 20 methylsulfinyl, ethylsulfinyl, butylsulfinyl and hexylsulfinyl. The term "sulfonyl", whether used alone or linked to other terms such as alkylsulfonyl, denotes respectively divalent radicals -SO2-. "Alkylsulfonyl" embraces alkyl radicals attached to a sulfonyl radical, 25 where alkyl is defined as above. More preferred alkylsulfonyl radicals are "lower alkylsulfonyl" radicals having one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such lower alkylsulfonyl radicals include methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl and propylsulfonyl. The 30 "alkylsulfonyl" radicals may be further substituted with one or more halo atoms, such as fluoro, chloro or bromo, to provide "haloalkylsulfonyl" radicals. More preferred haloalkylsulfonyl radicals are "lower haloalkylsulfonyl" 35 radicals having one or more halo atoms attached to lower alkylsulfonyl radicals as described above. Examples of

such lower haloalkylsulfonyl radicals include

fluoromethylsulfonyl, trifluoromethylsulfonyl and chloromethylsulfonyl. The term "arylsulfonyl" embraces aryl radicals as defined above, attached to a sulfonyl radical. Examples of such radicals include phenylsulfonyl. The terms "sulfamyl", "aminosulfonyl" 5 and "sulfonamidyl" denotes NH_2O_2S -. The term "acyl" denotes a radical provided by the residue after removal of hydroxyl from an organic acid. Examples of such acyl radicals include formyl, alkanoyl and aroyl radicals. The terms "carboxy" or "carboxyl", whether used alone or 10 with other terms, such as "carboxyalkyl", denotes -CO₂H. The term "carbonyl", whether used alone or with other terms, such as "alkoxycarbonyl", denotes -(C=O)-. The term "alkoxycarbonyl" means a radical containing an alkoxy radical, as defined above, attached via an oxygen 15 atom to a carbonyl radical. Preferably, "lower alkoxycarbonyl" embraces alkoxy radicals having one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such "lower alkoxycarbonyl" ester radicals include substituted or unsubstituted methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, 20 propoxycarbonyl, butoxycarbonyl and hexyloxycarbonyl. The term "aralkyl" embraces aryl-substituted alkyl radicals. Preferable aralkyl radicals are "lower aralkyl" radicals having aryl radicals attached to alkyl radicals having one to six carbon atoms. Examples of 25 such radicals include benzyl, diphenylmethyl, triphenylmethyl, phenylethyl and diphenylethyl. aryl in said aralkyl may be substituted at a substitutable position with one or more substituents selected from halo, alkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkyl, 30 cyano, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, hydroxyalkyl and haloalkoxy. The terms benzyl and phenylmethyl are interchangeable. The terms "alkylcarbonyl", "arylcarbonyl" and "aralkylcarbonyl" include radicals having alkyl, aryl and aralkyl radicals, respectively, 35 as defined above, attached via an oxygen atom to a carbonyl radical. More preferred alkylcarbonyl radicals

are "lower alkylcarbonyl" radicals having one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include methylcarbonyl and ethylcarbonyl. More preferred aralkylcarbonyl radicals are "lower aralkylcarbonyl" radicals having aryl radicals attached to alkyl radicals having one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such aralkylcarbonyl radicals include benzylcarbonyl. An example of an arylcarbonyl radical is phenylcarbonyl. The term "alkoxycarbonylalkyl" embraces radicals having "alkoxycarbonyl", as defined above substituted to an 10 alkyl radical. More preferred alkoxycarbonylalkyl radicals are "lower alkoxycarbonylalkyl" having lower alkoxycarbonyl radicals as defined above attached to one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such lower 15 alkoxycarbonylalkyl radicals include methoxycarbonylmethyl. The term "haloalkylcarbonyl" embraces radicals having a haloalkyl radical as described above attached to a carbonyl radical. More preferred radicals are "lower haloalkylcarbonyl"

- radicals where lower haloalkyl radicals, as described above are attached to a carbonyl radical. The term "carboxyalkyl" embraces radicals having a carboxy radical as defined above, attached to an alkyl radical. The alkanoyl radicals may be substituted or
- unsubstituted, such as formyl, acetyl, propanoyl, butanoyl, isobutanoyl, valeryl, isovaleryl, pivaloyl, hexanoyl or the like. The term "heteroaralkyl" embraces heteroaryl-substituted alkyl radicals. More preferred heteroaralkyl radicals are "lower heteroaralkyl"
- radicals having five to six membered heteroaryl radicals attached to one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include pyridylmethyl, quinolylmethyl, thienylmethyl, furylethyl and quinolylethyl. The heteroaryl in said heteroaralkyl may be additionally substituted with halo, alkyl, alkoxy, halkoalkyl and
- haloalkoxy. The term "aryloxy" embraces aryl radicals, as defined above, attached to an oxygen atom. Examples

of such radicals include phenoxy. The term "heteroaryloxy" embraces heteroaryl radicals as defined above attached to an oxygen radical. More preferred heteroaryloxy radicals are "lower heteroaryloxy" radicals having five to six membered heteroaryl 5 radicals. The term "aralkoxy" embraces oxy-containing aralkyl radicals attached through an oxygen atom to other radicals. The term "aralkoxyalkyl" embraces alkyl radicals having one or more aralkoxy radicals attached to the alkyl radical, that is, to form 10 monoaralkyloxyalkyl and diaralkyloxyalkyl radicals. The "aralkoxy" or "aralkoxyalkyl" radicals may be further substituted on the aryl ring portion of the radical. More preferred aralkoxyalkyl radicals are "lower aralkoxyalkyl" having an alkoxy attached to one to six 15 carbon atoms. Examples of lower aralkoxyalkyl radicals include benzyloxymethyl. The term "cycloalkylthio" embraces radicals containing a cycloalkyl radical, of three to about ten carbon atoms attached to a divalent sulfur atom. More preferred cycloalkylthio radicals are 20 "lower cycloalkylthio" radicals having cycloalkyl radicals of four to six carbon atoms. Examples of such lower cycloalkylthio radicals are cyclobutylthio, cyclopentylthio and cyclohexylthio. The term "cycloalkylthioalkyl" embraces radicals containing a 25 cycloalkylthio radical, as described above, attached to an alkyl radical. More preferred cycloalkylthioalkyl radicals are "lower cycloalkylthioalkyl" radicals having cycloalkyl radicals of four to six carbon atoms and alkyl radicals of one to six carbons. The term 30 "cycloalkylsulfonyl" embraces radicals containing a cycloalkyl radical, of three to about ten carbon atoms attached to a divalent sulfonyl radical. More preferred cycloalkylsulfonyl radicals are "lower cycloalkylsulfonyl" radicals having cycloalkyl radicals 35 of four to six carbon atoms. Examples of such lower

cycloalkylsulfonyl radicals are cyclobutylsulfonyl,

cyclopentylsulfonyl and cyclohexylsulfonyl. The term "cycloalkylsulfonylalkyl" embraces radicals containing a cycloalkylsulfonyl radical, as described above, attached to an alkyl radical. More preferred

- 5 cycloalkylsulfonylalkyl radicals are "lower cycloalkylsulfonylalkyl" radicals having cycloalkyl radicals of four to six carbon atoms and alkyl radicals of one to six carbons. The term "cycloalkyloxy" embraces radicals containing a cycloalkyl radical, of
- three to about ten carbon atoms attached to a divalent oxygen atom. More preferred cycloalkyloxy radicals are "lower cycloalkyloxy" radicals having cycloalkyl radicals of four to six carbon atoms. Examples of such lower cycloalkyloxy radicals are cyclobutyloxy,
- cyclopentyloxy and cyclohexyloxy. The term
 "cycloalkyloxyalkyl" embraces radicals containing a
 cycloalkyloxy radical, as described above, attached to
 an alkyl radical. More preferred cycloalkyloxyalkyl
 radicals are "lower cycloalkyloxyalkyl" radicals having
- cycloalkyl radicals of four to six carbon atoms and alkyl radicals of one to six carbons. The term "heteroarylthio" embraces radicals having heteroaryl radicals attached to a sulfur radical. More preferred heteroarylthio radicals are "lower heteroarylthio"
- radicals having five to six membered heteroaryl radicals. Examples of such radicals include 2-furylthio, 2-thienylthio, 3-thienylthio, 4-pyridylthio and 3-pyridylthio. The term "heteroarylalkylthio" denotes radicals having an heteroaryl radical attached
- to an alkylthio radical. More preferred heteroarylalkylthio radicals are "lower heteroarylalkylthio" radicals having heteroaryl radicals attached to lower alkylthio radicals as described above. Examples of such radicals include furylmethylthio and
- quinolylmethylthio. The term "heteroarylalkylthioalkyl" denotes radicals having an heteroaryl radical attached to an alkylthio radical further attached through the

sulfur atom to an alkyl radical. More preferred heteroarylalkylthioalkyl are "lower heteroarylalkylthioalkyl" radicals having lower heteroarylalkyl radicals as described above. Examples of such radicals include furylmethylthiomethyl and 5 quinolylmethylthioethyl. The term "heteroarylthioalkyl" denotes radicals having an heteroaryl radical attached to a sulfur atom further attached through the sulfur atom to an alkyl radical. More prefered heteroarylthioalkyl radicals are *lower 10 heteroarylthioalkyl* having lower heteroarylthio radicals as described above. Examples of such radicals include thienylthiomethyl and pyridylthiohexyl. The term "aralkylthio" embraces radicals having aralkyl radicals attached to a bridging sulfur atom. More preferred 15 aralkylthio radicals are "lower aralkylthio" radicals having the aryl radicals attached to one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include benzylthio and phenylethylthio. The term "aralkylthioalkyl" embraces radicals having aralkyl radicals attached to alkyl 20 radicals through a bridging sulfur atom. More preferred aralkylthioalkyl radicals are "lower aralkylthioalkyl" radicals having the aralkylthic radicals attached to one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include benzylthiomethyl and phenylethylthiomethyl. The term 25 "heteroaryloxyalkyl" denotes radicals having an heteroaryl radical attached to an oxygen atom further attached through the oxygen atom to an alkyl radical. More preferred heteroaryloxyalkyl radicals are "lower heteroaryloxyalkyl" radicals having five to six membered 30 heteroaryl radicals. Examples of such radicals include furyloxyethyl, pyridyloxymethyl and thienyloxyhexyl. The term "aminoalkyl" embraces alkyl radicals substituted with amino radicals. More preferred aminoalkyl radicals are "lower aminoalkyl" having one to six carbon atoms. 35 Examples include aminomethyl, aminoethyl and aminobutyl. The term "alkylaminoalkyl" embraces aminoalkyl radicals

WO 96/03388

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PCT/US95/09506

having the nitrogen atom substituted with at least one alkyl radical. More preferred alkylaminoalkyl radicals are "lower alkylaminoalkyl" having one to six carbon atoms attached to a lower aminoalkyl radical as described above. The term "alkylamino" denotes amino groups which have been substituted with one or two alkyl radicals. More preferred alkylamino radicals are "lower alkylamino" radicals having one or two alkyl radicals of one to six carbon atoms, attached to a nitrogen atom. Suitable "alkylamino" may be mono or dialkylamino such as N-methylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N,Ndiethylamino or the like. The term "alkylaminocarbonyl" embraces alkylamino radicals, as described above, to a carbonyl radical. More preferred alkylaminocarbonyl radicals are "lower alkylaminocarbonyl" having lower alkylamino radicals, as described above, attached to a carbonyl radical. Examples of such radicals include Nmethylaminocarbonyl and N,N-dimethylcarbonyl. The term "arylamino" denotes amino groups which have been substituted with one or two aryl radicals, such as Nphenylamino. The "arylamino" radicals may be further substituted on the aryl ring portion of the radical. The terms "N-arylaminoalkyl" and "N-aryl-N-alkylaminoalkyl" denote amino groups which have been substituted with one aryl radical or one aryl and one alkyl radical, respectively, and having the aminogroup attached to an alkyl radical. More preferred arylaminoalkyl radicals are "lower arylaminoalkyl" having the arylamino radical attached to one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include N-phenylaminomethyl and N-phenyl-Nmethylaminomethyl. The term "aminocarbonyl" denotes an amide group of the formula -C(=O)NH2. The term "alkylaminocarbonylalkyl" denotes an alkylaminocarbonyl group which is attached to an alkyl radical. More preferred are "lower alkylaminocarbonylalkyl" having lower alkylaminocarbonyl radicals as described above attached to one to six carbon atoms. The term

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"aryloxyalkyl" embraces alkyl radicals having one or more aryloxy radicals, aryl radicals attached to a divalent oxygen atom, attached to the alkyl radical, that is, to form monoaryloxyalkyl and diaryloxyalkyl radicals. The more preferred aryloxyalkyl radicals are "lower aryloxyalkyl" radicals having aryloxy radicals attached to one to six carbon atoms. Examples include phenoxymethyl. The term "heteroarylalkoxy" embraces radicals having one or more heterocyclic radicals attached to an alkoxy radical. More preferred 10 heteroarylalkoxy radicals are "lower heteroarylalkoxy" radicals having five to six membered heteroaryl radicals. Examples of such radicals include 2-, 3thienylmethoxy, 2-, 3-furylmethoxy and 2-, 3-, 4pyridylmethoxy. The term "heteroarylalkoxyalkyl" 15 embraces alkyl radicals having one or more heterocyclic radicals attached to an alkoxy radical, further attached to the alkyl radical. More preferred heteroarylalkoxyalkyl radicals are "lower heteroarylalkoxyalkyl radicals having five to six 20 membered heteroaryl radicals. Examples of such radicals include 2-thienylmethoxymethyl. The term "azidoalkyl" denotes alkyl radicals substituted with azido groups (-N₃). More preferred azidoalkyl radicals are "lower azidoalkyl having one to six carbon atoms. Examples 25 include azidomethyl, azidoethyl and aminopropyl.

The present invention comprises a pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Formula I in association with at least one pharmaceutically-acceptable carrier, adjuvant or diluent.

The present invention also comprises a method of treating inflammation or inflammation-associated disorders in a subject, the method comprising administering to the subject having or susceptible to such inflammation or disorder a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Formula I.

WO 96/03388 PCT/US95/09506

Also included in the family of compounds of Formula I are the pharmaceutically-acceptable salts thereof. The term "pharmaceutically-acceptable salts" embraces salts commonly used to form alkali metal salts and to form addition salts of free acids or free bases. The nature of 5 the salt is not critical, provided that it is pharmaceutically-acceptable. Suitable pharmaceuticallyacceptable acid addition salts of compounds of Formula I may be prepared from an inorganic acid or from an organic acid. Examples of such inorganic acids are hydrochloric, 10 hydrobromic, hydroiodic, nitric, carbonic, sulfuric and phosphoric acid. Appropriate organic acids may be selected from aliphatic, cycloaliphatic, aromatic, araliphatic, heterocyclic, carboxylic and sulfonic classes of organic acids, example of which are formic, 15 acetic, propionic, succinic, glycolic, gluconic, lactic, malic, tartaric, citric, ascorbic, glucuronic, maleic, fumaric, pyruvic, aspartic, glutamic, benzoic, anthranilic, mesylic, salicylic, p-hydroxybenzoic, 20 phenylacetic, mandelic, embonic (pamoic), methanesulfonic, ethylsulfonic, benzenesulfonic, pantothenic, toluenesulfonic, 2-hydroxyethanesulfonic, sulfanilic, stearic, cyclohexylaminosulfonic, algenic, β hydroxybutyric, salicylic, galactaric and galacturonic acid. Suitable pharmaceutically-acceptable base addition 25 salts of compounds of Formula I include metallic salts made from aluminum, calcium, lithium, magnesium, potassium, sodium and zinc or organic salts made from N,N'-dibenzylethylenediamine, choline, chloroprocaine, 30 diethanolamine, ethylenediamine, meglumine (Nmethylglucamine) and procaine. All of these salts may be prepared by conventional means from the corresponding compound of Formula I by reacting, for example, the appropriate acid or base with the compound of Formula I.

GENERAL SYNTHETIC PROCEDURES

The compounds of the invention can be synthesized according to the following procedures of Schemes I-XIV, wherein the R^1-R^{14} substituents are as defined for Formula I-V, above, except where further noted.

Scheme I

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Scheme I shows the three step preparation of the 4.5-dihydro imidazoles 5 and substituted imidazoles 6 of the present invention. In step 1, the reaction of substituted nitriles (R²CN) 1 with primary amines (R¹NH₂) 2 in the presence of alkylaluminum reagents such as trimethylaluminum, triethylaluminum, dimethylaluminum chloride, diethylaluminum chloride in the presence of inert solvents such as toluene, benzene, and xylene, gives amidines 3. In step 2, the reaction of amidine 3 with 2-halo-ketones 4 (where X is Br or Cl) in the presence of bases, such as sodium bicarbonate, potassium carbonate, sodium carbonate, potassium bicarbonate or hindered tertiary amines such

WO 96/03388 PCT/US95/09506

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as N,N'-diisopropylethylamine, gives the 4,5-dihydroimidazoles 5 (where R^5 is hydroxyl and R^6 is hydrido). Some of the suitable solvents for this reaction are isopropanol, acetone and

dimethylformamide. The reaction may be carried out at temperatures of about 20°C to about 90°C. In step 3, the 4,5-dihydroimidazoles 5 may be dehydrated in the presence of an acid catalyst such as 4-toluenesulfonic acid or mineral acids to form the 1,2-disubstituted imidazoles 6 of the invention. Suitable solvents for this dehydration step are e.g., toluene, xylene and benzene. Trifluoroacetic acid can be used as solvent and catalyst for this dehydration step.

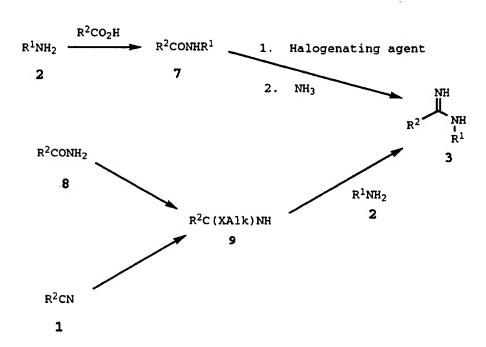
In some cases (e.g., where R³ = methyl or phenyl) the intermediate 5 may not be readily isolable. The reaction, under the conditions described above, proceeds to give the targeted imidazoles directly.

Scheme II

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Scheme II shows alternative methods of forming amidines $\bf 3$. Amidines $\bf 3$ are also available by the two step conversion of amide $\bf 7$ (R²CONHR¹ formed by the

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conversion of primary amine 2). In Step 1; the amide 7 is converted to the corresponding imidoyl chloride by treatment with a halogenating agent such as phosphorus oxychloride. In step two, treatment of the imidoyl chloride with ammonia forms the desired amidine 3. In addition, amidines 3 may also be obtained by conversion of primary amides 8 (e. g., R²CONH₂) or nitriles 1 (R²CN) to their corresponding iminothioethers or iminoethers, (9 where X is sulfur and oxygen, respectively) followed by reaction with amine 2 R¹NH₂.

Scheme III

Scheme III shows the two step method of preparing certain 2-halo-ketones 12 (compound 4 from Scheme I where X is bromo or chloro, R³ is -CH₂YR'[Y is oxygen, sulfur or -NH] and R⁴ is hydrido) which are not commercially available, from 1,2-dihalo-propenes 10. In step 1, 2,3-dichloro-1-propene 10 is added to a mixture of alcohol, amine or mercaptan (R'YH) and base, such as potassium carbonate in acetone, to form the 2-chloropropene 11, where R' is an alkyl or aryl

group and Y is an oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur atom. In step 2, the 2-chloropropene 11 is converted to 2-haloketones 12 via a method as described by H. E. Morton and M. R.Leanna (Tet. Letters, 34, 4481 (1993)).

Scheme IV

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Scheme IV shows a method of forming 2-chloropropenes 14 (compound 11 in Scheme III where Y is oxygen). The 2-chloro-2-propen-1-ol 13 is added to a mixture of an alkyl, aralkyl or heteroaralkyl halide (XR') and base, such as potassium carbonate in acetone, to form the 2-chloropropene 14.

Alternatively, 2-chloropropenes 14 can be formed from the corresponding 2,3-dichloro-1-propenes 10 (Scheme III) by reaction with a metal alkoxide in an appropriate solvent. Sodium methoxide in methanol is an example of one such alkoxide and solvent.

Scheme V

Scheme V shows the three step preparation of 1,2-5 diarylimidazoles 20 of the present invention. step 1, the reaction of substituted benzonitriles 15 with substituted anilines 16 in the presence of alkylaluminum reagents such as trimethylaluminum, triethylaluminum, dimethylaluminum chloride, 10 diethylaluminum chloride gives amidines 17. In step 2, the reaction of amidines 17 with haloketones 18 (compound 4 in Scheme I where X is Br or Cl and R4 is hydrido) in the presence of bases, such as sodium bicarbonate, potassium carbonate, sodium carbonate, 15 potassium bicarbonate or hindered tertiary amines such as N, N'-diisopropylethylamine, gives the 1,2-diaryl-4,5-dihydro-imidazoles 19. Some of the suitable solvents for this reaction are isopropanol, acetone and dimethylformamide. The reaction may be carried 20 out at a temperature between about 20°C to about 90°C. In step 3, the 1,2-diaryl-4,5-dihydro-imidazoles 19

may be dehydrated in the presence of an acid catalyst such as 4-toluenesulfonic acid to form the 1,2-diarylimidazoles 20 of the present invention.

Suitable solvents for this dehydration step are, for example, toluene, xylene and benzene. Trifluoroacetic acid can be used as solvent and catalyst for this dehydration step.

In some cases (e.g., where R³ is methyl or phenyl), the intermediate 19 may not be readily isolable. The reaction, under the conditions described above, proceeds to give the targeted imidazoles 20 directly.

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Scheme VI

Scheme VI shows the formation of 4-hydroxymethyl imidazoles 22 and 4-formyl-imidazoles 23 from benzyloxy-protected imidazoles 21 and from 4-carboalkoxy imidazoles 23. In step 1, the oxidative deprotection of 4-methoxybenzyl group in 21, such as with ceric ammonium nitrate, gives the hydroxymethyl imidazoles 22. Alternatively, the alkoxycarbonyl group of 23 may be reduced to the hydroxymethyl group. Suitable reducing agents include lithium borohydride. In step 2, the hydroxymethyl imidazoles 22 are oxidized, for example, with pyridinium chlorochromate, to give the 4-formyl-imidazoles 24.

Scheme VII

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Scheme VII shows the formation of 4difluoromethyl-imidazoles 25 from 4-formyl-imidazoles The 4-formyl-imidazoles 24 are converted to desired 4-difluoromethyl-imidazoles 25 by direct fluorination using the known reagents such as SF_4 or 10 diethylaminosulfur trifluoride (DAST). For discussion of the reaction and the representative procedures, see e.g., Organic Reactions, 34, 319 (1987), Organic Reactions, 35, 513 (1988), Organic Reactions, 21, 319 15 (1974) and Chem. Soc. Reviews, 16, 381 (1987), Alternatively, the imidazoles 25 can be synthesized by reaction of hydrazones of 24 with Nbromosuccinimide/pyridinium poly(hydrogen fluoride). This transformation has been developed by Olah and co-20 workers (see, Synlett, 594 (1990).

Scheme VIII

Scheme VIII shows the conversion of the 4-formylimidazoles 24 to 4-cyanoimidazoles 26. The 4-formylimidazoles 24 are converted to the target nitrile
derivatives 26 by following the literature procedures
[see, e.g., Chem. Letters, 773 (1984), Synthesis, 510

(1984), Tetrahedron Lett., 1781 (1976), Synthesis, 739
(1981), Synth. Communications, 18, 2179 (1988), Bull.
Chem. Soc. Japan, 54, 1579 (1981), Synthesis, 201
(1985), Synthesis, 190 (1982), Synthesis, 56 (1979),
and the references cited therein].

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Scheme IX

Scheme IX shows other 1,2-diarylimidazoles that can be synthesized from the 4-formyl-imidazoles 24 in two steps. In step 1, the 4-formyl-imidazoles 24 are converted to carbinol derivatives (where R is aralkyl or alkyl) by addition of Grignard reagents (RMgBr). In step 2, the hydroxy derivatives 27 are reduced by catalytic hydrogenation (using e.g., Pd/C or Pt/C), preferably in the presence of a small amount of acid (e.g., acetic acid or aqueous HCl) to form the alkyl or aralkyl derivatives 28. Alternatively, the ketones 29 are synthesized by oxidation (e.g., using pyridinium chlorochromate) of the hydroxy derivatives 27.

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Scheme X

Synthetic Scheme X shows the three step procedure used to prepare sulfonamide antiinflammatory agents 31 and the two step procedure used to prepare fluoromethyl sulfone antiinflammatory agents 32 from their corresponding methyl sulfones 30. In step one, THF solutions of the methyl sulfones 30 at -78°C are 10 treated with a base such as alkyllithium reagents, lithioamides and Grignard reagents. Examples of such bases include n-butyllithium, methyllithium, lithium diisopropylamide (LDA), butylmagnesium chloride, phenylmagnesium bromide and methylmagnesium chloride. 15 In step two, the anions generated in step one are treated with an organoborane, e.g., triethylborane, tributylborane, etc., at -78°C then warmed to ambient temperature prior to stirring at reflux. An alternative to the boron chemistry involves room 20 temperature alkylation, such as with haloalkyltrialkylsilanes, followed by treatment with silylalkyl-elimination agents. Examples of such

haloalkyltrialkylsilanes include trimethylsilylmethylhalides such as (iodomethyl)trimethylsilane and (chloromethyl)trimethylsilane. Suitable silylalkylelimination agents include compounds which produce a fluoride ion. Examples of such compounds include alkylammonium fluorides and cesium fluoride. tetrabutylammonium fluoride (1M in THF) is preferred. The deprotonation of sulfone is conveniently carried out in the temperature range of about -70°C to about 10 25°C, preferably at about 0°C. The formation of silylalkylsulfone is conveniently carried out in the temperature range of about 0°C to about 35°C. preferably at about 20°C. In step three, an aqueous solution of sodium acetate and hydroxylamine-Osulfonic acid is added to provide the corresponding sulfonamide antiinflammatory agents 31 of this invention. Alternatively, the anion solutions generated in step one may be warmed to 0°C and treated 20 with N-fluorodibenzenesulfonamide to provide the corresponding fluoromethyl sulfone antiinflammatory agents 32 of this invention.

Scheme XI

1-Phenyl-2-heterocycloimidazoles of the current invention 37 are synthesized by following the generic synthesis shown in Scheme XI. The reaction of a substituted heterocyclonitrile 33 with substituted anilines 34 (where Rb is as defined above for aryl and heteroaryl radicals) in the presence of alkylaluminum reagents such as trimethylaluminum, triethylaluminum, dimethylaluminum chloride, diethylaluminum chloride gives the amidine 35. The reaction of amidine 35 with a 2-halo-ketone derivative 18 (X' = Br or Cl) in the presence of bases such as sodium bicarbonate, potassium carbonate, sodium carbonate, potassium bicarbonate or N, N'-diisopropylethylamine gives the alkylated product Some of the suitable solvents for this reaction are i-propanol, acetone and dimethylformamide. The reaction may be carried out at 20 to 90°C. intermediate 36 may be dehydrated in the presence of an

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acid catalyst such as 4-toluenesulfonic acid to give the targeted 1,2-diarylimidazoles 37. Suitable solvents for this dehydration step are e.g., toluene, xylene and benzene. Alternatively, trifluoroacetic acid may be used both as solvent and catalyst in this dehydartion step.

Scheme XII

Scheme XII shows a two step method of forming sulfonyl anilines 39 from nitro compounds 38. In step one, the 4-methylthio-nitrobenzene 38 is oxidized to the sulfone with an oxidizing reagent such as hydrogen peroxide, Oxone® or MCPBA. In step 2, the 4-methylsulfonyl-nitrobenzene is reduced to the corresponding aniline 39.

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Scheme XIII

Synthetic Scheme XIII describes an alternative method of forming 1-aryl-2-pyridyl-imidazoles 44 from 4-alkylthioanilines 40. The reaction of a substituted cyanopyridine 33 (where Ra is as defined above for aryl

and heteroaryl radicals) with substituted anilines 40 in the presence of alkylaluminum reagents such as trimethylaluminum, triethylaluminum, dimethylaluminum chloride, diethylaluminum chloride gives the amidine 41. Alternatively, amidine 41 may be synthesized by 5 reaction of aniline 40 first with a suitable base, and then with nitrile 33. Examples of suitable bases include sodium hydride, sodium methoxide, nbutyllithium and lithium diisopropylamide. These 10 reactions may be run in solvents such as dimethyl sulfoxide, tetrahydrofuran, dimethoxyethane and methanol or the like. The reaction of amidine 41 with a 2-halo-ketone derivative 18 (X' = Br or Cl) in the presence of bases such as sodium bicarbonate, potassium 15 carbonate, sodium carbonate, potassium bicarbonate or N, N'-diisopropylethylamine gives the alkylated product 42. Some of the suitable solvents for this reaction are i-propanol, acetone and dimethylformamide. reaction may be carried out at 20 to 90°C. The 20 intermediate 42 is dehydrated in the presence of an acid catalyst such as 4-toluenesulfonic acid to give the 1-(4-alkylthio)aryl-2-pyridylimidazoles 43. Suitable solvents for this dehydration step are e.g., toluene, xylene and benzene. Oxidation of the alkylthio 43, with an oxidizing reagent such as

alkylthio 43, with an oxidizing reagent such as hydrogen peroxide, Oxone® or MCPBA, yields the sulfones 44.

WO 96/03388 PCT/US95/09506

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Scheme XIV

Scheme XIV shows a method of forming sulfones and sulfonamides 46 from the corresponding 1-phenylimidazoles 45, where X is a leaving group such as halo. Treatment of 45 with base, such as butyl lithium, followed by addition of sulfur dioxide and a substituted alkyl or amine yields the corresponding sulfone or sulfonamide 46 (where Ra is alkyl or amino).

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The following examples contain detailed descriptions of the methods of preparation of compounds of Formula I-V. These detailed descriptions fall within the scope, and serve to exemplify, the above described General Synthetic Procedures which form part of the invention. These detailed descriptions are presented for illustrative purposes only and are not intended as a restriction on the scope of the invention. All parts are by weight and temperatures are in Degrees centigrade unless otherwise indicated. All compounds showed NMR spectra consistant with their assigned structures. In some cases, the assigned structures were confirmed by nuclear Overhauser effect (NOE) experiments.

Example 1

5 2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole

Step 1: Preparation of 4-chloro-N-[410 (methylsulfonyl)phenyllbenzenecarboximidamide

To a suspension of 4-(methylsulfonyl)aniline (7 g, 41 mmol) in toluene (400 mL), trimethylaluminum (2M solution in toluene, 30.5 mL, 61 mmol) was added over 15 minutes. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 2.5 hours. A solution of 4-15 chlorobenzonitrile (11.3 g, 82 mmol) in toluene (200 mL) was added over 10 minutes and the reaction mixture was heated to 80-85°C. After 16 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and poured over a slurry of silica gel in chloroform. After filtration, 20 the residue was washed with a mixture of methylene chloride/methanol. The combined filtrates were concentrated in vacuo and the resulting yellowish solid was stirred with a mixture of hexane/ether (2/1, 1000 mL). The intermediate was filtered and washed with more 25 of hexane/ether (2/1). The pale yellow solid 4-chloro-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl] benzenecarboximidamide (10.93 g, 86%) was used in the next reaction without further purification: mp (DSC) 191°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C₁₄H₁₃N₂SO₂Cl: C, 54.46, H, 4.24, N, 9.07. Found: C, 30 54.42, H, 4.30, N, 9.07.

Step 2: Preparation of 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4.5dihydro-1H-imidazole

To a mixture of 4-chloro-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]benzenecarboximidamide from Step 5 1 (8 g, 26 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (4.36 g, 52 mmol) in isopropanol (240 mL), 3-bromo-1,1,1trifluoroacetone (5.4 mL, 52 mmol) was added. After heating the reaction mixture at 75-80°C for 24 hours, the solvent was removed. The residue was redissolved in 10 methylene chloride and washed with water. The organic fractions were combined, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product (16.2 g) was purified by chromatography (silica gel, hexane/ethyl acetate, 55/45) to give pure 2-(4-15 chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole (6.7 g, 62%) as a white solid: Anal. Calc'd. for C17H14N2SO3ClF3: C, 48.75, H, 3.37, N, 6.69. Found: C, 48.56, H, 3.22, N, 6.51. 20

Example 2

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2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole

A mixture of 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-1-[4-30 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole from Example 1 (6.2 g, 15.4 mmol) and p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (0.9 g, 4.7

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mmol) in toluene (300 mL) was heated to reflux for 84 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The crude residue was redissolved in methylene chloride and washed with

5 water, aqueous sodium bicarbonate and brine. After drying (Na₂SO₄), filtration and concentrating in vacuo, the crude mixture was purified by chromatography on silica gel using hexane/ethyl acetate (1/1) to give pure 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole (4.21 g, 71%) as a white solid: mp (DSC) 183°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C17H12N2SO₂F3Cl: C, 50.94, H, 3.02, N, 6.99. Found: C, 50.64, H, 3.03, N, 6.85.

Example 3

1-(4-Fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole

Step 1: Preparation of 4-methylsulfonyl-N-[4-chlorophenyl]benzenecarboximidamide

- To a suspension of 4-fluoroaniline (4 mL, 40 mmol) in toluene (120 mL), trimethylaluminum (2M solution in toluene, 21 mL, 42 mmol) was added over 15 minutes. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 3 hours. A solution of 4-
- (methylsulfonyl)benzonitrile (7.65 g, 40 mmol) in methylene chloride (100 mL) was added over 10 minutes

and the reaction mixture was heated to 70-75°C. After 48 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and poured over a slurry of silica gel in chloroform. After filtration, the residue was washed with a mixture of methylene chloride/methanol. The combined filtrates were concentrated in vacuo and the resulting crude intermediate (7.7 g) was purified by chromatography [silica gel, hexane/ethyl acetate, 25/75] to give 4-methylsulfonyl-N-[4-chlorophenyl]benzenecarboximidamide (4.1 g, 35%) as a white solid: mp (DSC) 182°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C14H13N2SO2F: C, 57.52, H, 4.48, N, 9.58, S, 10.97. Found: C, 57.37, H, 4.69, N, 9.21, S, 10.69.

15 Step 2: Preparation of 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4.5dihydro-1H-imidazole

To a mixture of 4-methylsulfonyl-N-[4chlorophenyl]benzenecarboximidamide from Step 1 (1 g, 3.42 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (575 mg, 6.85 mmol) 20 in isopropanol (30 mL), 3-bromo-1,1,1-trifluoroacetone (5.g, 25 mmol) was added. After heating the reaction mixture at 80-90°C for 24 hours, the solvent was removed. The residue was redissolved in methylene chloride and washed with water. The organic fractions 25 were combined, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product (2.34 g) was purified by chromatography [silica gel, hexane/ethyl acetate, 1/1} to give 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4,5-30 dihydro-1H-imidazole (650 mg, 47%) as a white solid: mp (DSC) 209°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C17H14N2SO3F4: C, 50.75, H, 3.51, N, 6.96. Found: C, 51.11, H, 3.86, N, 6.57.

WO 96/03388 PCT/US95/09506

105

Example 4

5 1-(4-Fluorophenyl)-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole

A mixture of 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4,5-10 dihydro-1H-imidazole (Example 3) (770 mg, 1.9 mmol) and p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (88 mg) in toluene (80 mL) was heated to reflux for 20 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The crude residue was redissolved in 15 methylene chloride and washed with water, aqueous sodium bicarbonate and brine. After drying (Na2SO4), filtration and concentration in vacuo, the crude mixture (520 mg) was purified by chromatography on silica gel using hexane/ethyl acetate (1/1) to give 20 pure 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole (328 mg, 44%) as a white solid: mp (DSC) 183°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C17H12N2SO2F4: C, 53.13, H, 3.15, N, 7.29. Found: C, 53.20, H, 3.22, N, 7.18.

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Example 5

5 2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-methyl-1H-imidazole

To a mixture of 4-chloro-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]benzenecarboximidamide (Example 1, Step 1) (240 mg, 0.78 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate 10 (131 mg, 1.56 mmol) in isopropanol (20 mL), excess chloroacetone (1.5 mL) was added. After heating to reflux, the reaction mixture for 72 hours, the solvent was removed. The residue was redissolved in methylene chloride and washed with aqueous sodium bicarbonate and 15 water. The organic fractions were combined, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product (370 mg) was purified by chromatography (silica gel, hexane/ethyl acetate, 25/75) to give pure 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-20 methyl-1H-imidazole (160 mg, 67%): mp (DSC) 166°C. Anal Calc'd. for C17H15N2SO2Cl C, 58.87, H, 4.36, N, 8.08 Found: C, 58.78, H, 4.62, N, 7.99.

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6.68, S, 7.65.

Example 6

5 2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-phenyl-1H-imidazole

To a mixture of 4-chloro-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]benzenecarboximidamide (Example 10 1, Step 1) (400 mg, 1.29 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (216 mg, 2.59 mmol) in isopropanol (25 mL), 2bromoacetophenone (780 mg, 3.87 mmol) was added. After heating the reaction mixture at 55°C for 20 hours, the solvent was removed. The residue was redissolved in methylene chloride and washed with aqueous sodium 15 bicarbonate and water. The organic fractions were combined, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product (1.2 g) was purified by chromatography on silica gel with 20 toluene/ethyl acetate (75/25) to give pure 2-(4chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-phenyl-1Himidazole (300 mg, 57%) as a white solid: mp (DSC) 202°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C22H17N2SO2Cl: C, 63.78, H, 4.28, N, 6.76, S, 7.74. Found: C, 63.69, H, 4.11, N,

Example 7

5 2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole

To a mixture of 4-chloro-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]benzenecarboximidamide (Example 1, Step 1) (400 mg, 1.29 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate 10 (216 mg, 2.59 mmol) in isopropanol (25 mL), 2-chloro-4'-fluoroacetophenone (670 mg, 3.87 mmol) was added. After heating the reaction mixture at 80-85°C for 48 hours, the solvent was removed. The residue was redissolved in methylene chloride and washed with 15 aqueous sodium bicarbonate and water. The organic fractions were combined, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product (800 mg) was purified by chromatography (silica gel, hexane/ethyl acetate, 1/1) to give 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-20 4-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1Himidazole (200 mg, 36%) as a pale yellow solid: mp (DSC) 180°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C22H16N2SO2FC1: C, 61.90, H, 3.78, N, 6.56, S, 7.51. Found: C, 61.92, H, 3.74, N, 6.43, S, 7.62. 25

Example 8

5 4-(4-Bromophenyl)-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole

To a mixture of 4-chloro-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]benzenecarboximidamide (Example 1, Step 1) (400 mg, 1.29 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate 10 (216 mg, 2.59 mmol) in isopropanol (30 mL), 2, 4'dibromoacetophenone (720 mg, 2.58 mmol) was added. After heating the reaction mixture at $80-85^{\circ}$ C for 18 hours, the solvent was removed. The residue was redissolved in methylene chloride and washed with 15 aqueous sodium bicarbonate and water. The organic fractions were combined, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product (810 mg) was purified by chromatography (silica gel, hexane/ethyl acetate, 6/4) to give 4-(4-bromophenyl)-2-20 (4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1Himidazole (400 mg, 64%) as a pale yellow solid: mp. 145-48°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C22H16N2SO2BrCl: C, 54.17, H, 3.31, N, 5.74, S, 6.57. Found: C, 54.41, H, 3.33, N, 25 5.50, s, 6.52.

PCT/US95/09506

Example 9

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-5 4-(2-naphthyl)-1H-imidazole

To a mixture of 4-chloro-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]benzenecarboximidamide (Example 1, Step 1) (400 mg, 1.29 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate 10 (216 mg, 2.59 mmol) in isopropanol (30 mL), 2-bromo-2'acetonaphthone (970 mg, 3.89 mmol) was added. After heating the reaction mixture at 80-85°C for 20 hours, the solvent was removed . The residue was redissolved in methylene chloride and washed with aqueous sodium 15 bicarbonate and water. The organic fractions were combined, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product (1.2 g) was purified by chromatography (silica gel, hexane/ethyl acetate, 6/4) to give 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-20 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(2-naphthyl)-1H-imidazole (318 mg, 54%) as a pale yellow solid: mp 204-206°C. Anal Calc'd. for C26H19N2SO2Cl: C, 68.04, H, 4.17, N, 6.10, S, 6.99. Found: C, 67.65, H, 4.19, N, 5.96, S, 7.10. 25

111

Example 10

5 2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]-1H-imidazole

To a mixture of 4-chloro-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]benzenecarboximidamide (Example 10 1, Step 1) (700 mg, 2.24 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (376 mg, 4.48 mmol) in isopropanol (25 mL), 4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenacyl bromide (950 mg, 3.36 mmol) was added. After heating the reaction mixture at 80-85°C for 22 hours, the solvent was removed. The residue was redissolved in methylene chloride and washed with 15 aqueous sodium bicarbonate and water. The organic fractions were combined, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by chromatography (silica gel, 20 hexane/ethyl acetate, 6/4) to give 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]-1H-imidazole (467 mg, 42%) as a pale yellow solid: mp 95-97°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C23H16N2SO3F3Cl: C, 56.05, H, 3.27, N, 5.68, S, 6.51.

25 Found: C, 55.90, H, 3.04, N, 5.62, S, 6.74.

112

Example 11

5 2,4-Bis(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole

To a mixture of 4-chloro-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]benzenecarboximidamide (Example 10 1, Step 1) (700 mg, 2.24 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (376 mg, 4.48 mmol) in isopropanol (30 mL), 4chlorophenacyl bromide (1.05 g, 4.48 mmol) was added. After heating the reaction mixture at 80-85°C for 18 hours, the solvent was removed. The residue was 15 redissolved in methylene chloride and washed with aqueous sodium bicarbonate and water. The organic fractions were combined, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by chromatography (silica gel, hexane/ethyl acetate, 6/4) to give 2,4-bis-(4chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole (545 mg, 55%) as a pale yellow solid: mp $169-171^{\circ}$ C. Anal. Calc'd. for C22H16N2SO2Cl2: C, 59.60, H, 3.64, N, 6.32, S, 7.23. Found: C, 59.86, H, 3.80, N, 6.10, S, 25 7.27.

Example 12

5 2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole

To a mixture of 4-chloro-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]benzenecarboximidamide (Example 1, Step 1) (700 mg, 2.24 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate 10 (376 mg, 4.48 mmol) in isopropanol (35 mL), 3chlorophenacyl bromide (1.05 g, 4.48 mmol) was added. After heating the reaction mixture at $80-85^{\circ}$ C for 18hours, the solvent was removed. The residue was redissolved in methylene chloride and washed with 15 aqueous sodium bicarbonate and water. The organic fractions were combined, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by chromatography (silica gel, hexane/ethyl acetate, 6/4) to give 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-20

4-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1Himidazole (525 mg, 53%) as a pale yellow solid: mp 156159°C. Anal Calc'd. for C22H16N2SO2Cl2: C, 59.60, H,
3.69, N, 6.32, S, 7.23. Found: C, 59.43, H, 3.59, N,
25 6.15, S, 7.16.

Example 13

5 2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole

To a mixture of 4-chloro-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]benzenecarboximidamide (Example 1, Step 1) (700 mg, 2.24 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate 10 (376 mg, 4.48 mmol) in isopropanol (50 mL), 4methoxyphenacyl bromide (1.03 g, 4.48 mmol) was added. After heating the reaction mixture at 75-80°C for 20 hours, the solvent was removed. The residue was redissolved in methylene chloride and washed with 15 aqueous sodium bicarbonate and water. The organic fractions were combined, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by chromatography (silica gel, hexane/ethyl acetate, 6/4) to give 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-20 4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(4methoxyphenyl)-1H-imidazole (695 mg, 71%) as a white solid: mp 110-113°C. Anal Calc'd. for C23H19N2SO3Cl: C, 62.94, H, 4.36, N, 6.38, S, 7.30. Found: C, 62.54, H, 4.43, N, 6.17, S, 7.15. 25

115

Example 14

5 2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole

To a mixture of 4-chloro-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]benzenecarboximidamide (Example 10 1, Step 1) (700 mg, 2.24 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (376 mg, 4.48 mmol) in isopropanol (30 mL), 3fluorophenacyl bromide (0.97 g, 4.48 mmol) was added. After heating the reaction mixture at 75-80°C for 18 hours, the solvent was removed. The residue was 15 redissolved in methylene chloride and washed with aqueous sodium bicarbonate and water. The organic fractions were combined, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by chromatography (silica gel, 20 hexane/ethyl acetate, 6/4) to give 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1Himidazole (481 mg, 50%) as a white solid: mp 194-196°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C22H16N2SO2FCl: C, 61.90, H, 3.78, N, 6.56, S, 7.51. Found: C, 61.71, H, 3.59, N, 6.42, S, 25 7.69.

PCT/US95/09506

WO 96/03388

Example 15

116

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-[(4-chlorophenoxy)methyl]-5 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole

Preparation of 1-(4-chlorophenoxy)-2-chloro-Step 1: 2-propene

10 To a mixture of 4-chlorophenol (6.1 g, 47.4 mmol) and potassium carbonate (13.1 g, 94.7 mmol) in acetone (200 mL), 2,3-dichloropropene (6.6 mL, 71 mmol) was added. After heating to reflux the reaction mixture for 48 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled and filtered. The residue was washed with more acetone and the 15 combined filtrates were concentrated in vacuo. The crude pale brown liquid (11.5 g) was purified by chromatography (silica gel, hexane/ethyl acetate, 85/15) to give 1-(4-chlorophenoxy)-2-chloro-2-propene 20 (8.9 g, 98%) as a white liquid: Anal. Calc'd. for C9H8OCl2: C, 53.23, H, 3.97. Found: C, 53.09, H, 3.95.

Preparation of 1-bromo-3-[(4-Step 2: chlorophenoxy)phenyll-2-propanone

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To a turbid solution of 1-(4-chlorophenoxy)-2chloro-2-propene from Step 1 (3 g, 15.7 mmol) in acetonitrile/water (4/1, 100 mL), N-bromosuccinimide (4.84 g, 31.4 mmol) was added in one lot. A catalytic amount of 48% HBr (40 µl) was added to the reaction and the yellowish orange mixture was stirred at room temperature. After 24 hours, the reaction mixture was

WO 96/03388

PCT/US95/09506

117

diluted with ether and washed with 5% w/v of sodium thiosulfate. The organic layer was separated and washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate and brine. After drying (MgSO4), filtration and concentration in vacuo, the crude liquid (4.8 g) was purified by chromatography (silica gel, hexane/ethyl acetate, 80/20) to give crude 1-bromo-3-[(4-chlorophenoxy)phenyl]-2-propanone (2.3 g, 54%) which was used in the next step without further purification.

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Step 3: Preparation of 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-[(4chlorophenoxy)methyl]-4.5-dihydro-1H-imidazole

To a mixture of 4-chloro-N-[4-

(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]benzenecarboximidamide (Example
1, Step 1) (1 g, 3.24 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (550
mg, 6.5 mmol) in acetone (100 mL), 1-bromo-3-[(4chlorophenoxy)phenyl]-2-propanone from Step 2 (1.5 g,
5.8 mmol) was added. After heating to reflux for 24
hours, the reaction mixture was filtered, washed with
acetone and concentrated in vacuo. The crude mixture
(2.5 g) was purified by chromatography (silica gel,
toluene/ethyl acetate, 1/1) to give 2-(4-chlorophenyl)4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-[(4chlorophenoxy)methyl]-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole (565 mg,
35%) as a white solid.

Step 4: Preparation of 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-[(4-chlorophenoxy)methyl]-1Himidazole

A mixture of 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-[(4-chlorophenoxy)methyl]-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole from Step 3 (750 mg, 1.5 mmol) and p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (135 mg) in toluene (100 mL) was heated to reflux for 48 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The crude residue was redissolved in methylene chloride and washed with

water, aqueous sodium bicarbonate and brine. After drying (Na₂SO₄), filtration and concentration in vacuo, the crude mixture was purified by chromatography on silica gel using hexane/ethyl acetate (1/1) to give 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-[(4-chlorophenoxy)methyl]-1H-imidazole as a white solid: mp (DSC) 173°C. Anal. Calc'd for C₂₃H₁₈N₂Cl₂SO₃•0.25 H₂O: C, 57.81; H, 3.90; N, 5.86; Cl, 14.84. Found: C, 57.67; H, 3.83; N, 5.52; Cl, 15.17.

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Example 16

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2-(3-Chloro-4-methylphenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazole

Step 1: Preparation of 3-chloro-4-methyl-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyllbenzenecarboximidamide

To a suspension of 4-(methylsulfonyl)aniline (2.82 g, 16.5 mmol) in toluene (150 mL), trimethylaluminum (2M solution in toluene, 12.5 mL, 24.7 mmol) was added over 15 minutes. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 2.5 hours. A solution of 3-chloro-4-methylbenzonitrile (5 g, 33 mmol) in toluene (100 mL) was added over 10 minutes and the reaction mixture was heated to 90-95°C. After 20 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and poured over a slurry of silica gel in chloroform. After filtration, the residue was washed with a mixture of methylene chloride/methanol (2/1). The combined filtrates were concentrated in vacuo and the resulting

WO 96/03388

119

PCT/US95/09506

yellowish solid was stirred with a mixture of hexane/ether (2/1, 700 mL). The intermediate was filtered and washed with more of hexane/ether (2/1). The pale yellow solid 3-chloro-4-methyl-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]benzenecarboximidamide (4.7 g, 88%) was used in the next reaction without further purification: mp (DSC) 179°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C15H15N2SO2Cl: C, 55.81, H, 4.68, N, 8.68. Found: C, 55.65, H, 4.63, N, 8.59.

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Step 2: Preparation of 2-(3-chloro-4-methylphenyl)-4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4.5-dihydro-1H-imidazole

To a mixture of 3-chloro-4-methyl-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]benzenecarboximidamide from Step 15 1 (2.35 g, 7.3 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (1.23 g, 14.6 mmol) in isopropanol (100 mL), 3-bromo-1,1,1trifluoroacetone (5.4 mL, 52 mmol) was added. After heating to reflux the reaction mixture for 24 hours. the solvent was removed. The residue was redissolved in 20 methylene chloride and washed with water. The organic fractions were combined, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude mixture (7.3 g) was purified by chromatography (silica gel, 25 toluene/ethyl acetate, 1/1) to give 2-(3-chloro-4methylphenyl)-4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole (0.79 g, 25%) as a white solid: mp 201°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C18H16N2SO3F3Cl • 0.5 PhCH3: C, 53.92, H, 4.21, N, 5.81. 30 Found: C, 54.20, H, 4.19, N, 5.67.

Step 3: Preparation of 2-(3-chloro-4-methylphenyl)-114-(methylsulfonyl)phenyll-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazole

A mixture of 2-(3-chloro-4-methylphenyl)-4hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole from Step 2 (725 mg, 1.7 mmol) and p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (150 mg) in toluene (40 mL) was heated to reflux for 48 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The crude residue was redissolved in methylene chloride and washed with water, aqueous sodium bicarbonate and brine. After drying (Na₂SO₄), filtration and concentration in vacuo, the crude mixture (860 mg) was purified by chromatography on silica gel using toluene/ethyl acetate 1/1 to give pure 2-(3-chloro-4-methylphenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole (660 mg, 95%) as a white solid: mp(DSC) 206°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C18H14N2SO2F3Cl: C, 52.12, H, 3.40, N, 6.75, S, 7.73. Found: C, 52.24, H, 3.45, N, 6.64, S, 7.83.

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Example 17

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5-[1-[4-(Methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1E-imidazol-2-yl]-1,3benzodioxole

Step 1: Preparation of 3.4-methylenedioxy-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]benzenecarboximidamide

To a suspension of (4-methylsulfonyl)aniline (2.82 g, 16.5 mmol) in toluene (150 mL), trimethylaluminum (2M solution in toluene, 12.5 mL, 24.7 mmol) was added over 15 minutes. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 2.5 hours. A solution of piperonylonitrile (4.85 g, 33 mmol) in toluene (100 mL) was added over 10 minutes and the reaction mixture was heated to 90-95°C. After 20 hours, the reaction

mixture was cooled to room temperature and poured over a slurry of silica gel in chloroform. After filtration, the residue was washed with a mixture of methylene chloride/methanol (2/1). The combined filtrates were concentrated in vacuo and the resulting yellowish solid was stirred with a mixture of hexane/ether (2/1, 1000 mL). The product was filtered and washed with more of hexane/ether (2/1). The pale yellow solid 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl] benzenecarboximidamide (4.8 g, 91%) was used in the next reaction without further purification: mp (DSC) 214°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C15H14N2SO4: C, 56.59, H,

15 Step 2: Preparation of 5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyll-4-hydroxy-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4.5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-vll-1.3-benzodioxole

4.43, N, 8.80. Found: C, 56.33, H, 4.28, N, 8.66.

To a mixture of 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]benzenecarboximidamide from Step 20 1 (2.32 g, 7.3 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (1.23 g, 14.6 mmol) in isopropanol (100 mL), 3-bromo-1,1,1trifluoroacetone (5.4 mL, 52 mmol) was added. After heating the reaction mixture to reflux for 24 hours, the solvent was removed. The residue was redissolved in 25 methylene chloride and washed with water. The organic fractions were combined, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude mixture (7.1 g) was purified by chromatography (silica gel, toluene/ethyl acetate, 1/1) to give 5-[1-[4-30 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-1,3-benzodioxole (1.46 g, 47%) as a white solid: mp 200-202°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C18H15N2SO5F3 • 0.25 PhCH3: C, 52.55, H, 3.80, N, 6.21. Found: C, 52.73, H, 3.78, N, 6.01.

Step 3: Preparation of 5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-2-yl]-1,3-benzodioxole

A mixture of 5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4hydroxy-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-5 yl]-1,3-benzodioxole from Step 2 (1.26 g, 2.9 mmol) and p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (200 mg) in toluene (50 mL) was heated to reflux for 72 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled and the solvent removed under 10 reduced pressure. The crude residue was redissolved in methylene chloride and washed with water, aqueous sodium bicarbonate and brine. After drying (Na2SO4), filtration and concentration in vacuo, the crude mixture (1.34 g) was purified by chromatography on 15 silica gel using toluene/ethyl acetate 1/1 to give pure 5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-2-yl]-1,3-benzodioxole (940 mg. 80%) as a white solid: mp (DSC) 165°C. Anal Calc'd. for C18H13N2SO4F3: C, 52.68, H, 3.19, N, 6.83. Found: C, 20 53.05, H, 3.19, N, 6.65.

Example 18

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2-(3-Fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazole

30 Step 1: Preparation of 3-fluoro-4-methoxy-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]benzenecarboximidamide

To a suspension of 4-(methylsulfonyl)aniline (2.82 g, 16.5 mmol) in toluene (150 mL), trimethylaluminum

(2M solution in toluene, 12.5 mL, 24.7 mmol) was added over 15 minutes. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 2.5 hours. A solution of 3-fluoro-4-methoxybenzonitrile (5 g, 33 mmol) in toluene (100 mL) was added over 10 minutes and the reaction mixture was heated to 80-85°C. After 20 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and poured over a slurry of silica gel in chloroform. After filtration, the residue was washed with a mixture of 10 methylene chloride/methanol (2/1). The combined filtrates were concentrated in vacuo and the resulting yellowish solid was stirred with a mixture of hexane/ether (2/1, 1000 mL). The intermediate was filtered and washed with more hexane/ether (2/1). The 15 pale yellow solid 3-fluoro-4-methoxy-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl) benzenecarboximidamide (3.95 g, 74%) was used in the next reaction without further purification: mp (DSC) 195°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C15H15N2SO3F: C, 55.89, H, 4.69, N, 8.69. Found: C, 20 55.92, H, 4.74, N, 8.53.

Step 2: Preparation of 2-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-4-hydroxy-1-(4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4.5-dihydro-1H-imidazole

25 To a mixture of 3-fluoro-4-methoxy-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]benzenecarboximidamide from Step 1 (4.15 g, 12.9 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (2.16 g, 25.8 mmol) in isopropanol (150 mL), 3-bromo-1,1,1trifluoroacetone (4.8 mL, 45 mmol) was added. After 30 heating the reaction mixture at 70-75°C for 20 hours. the solvent was removed. The residue was redissolved in methylene chloride and washed with water. The organic fractions were combined, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude mixture 35 (7.8 g) was purified by chromatography (silica gel, toluene/ethyl acetate, 7/3) to give 2-(3-fluoro-4methoxyphenyl)-4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole (3.54 q,

WO 96/03388

64%) as a white solid: mp (DSC) 210°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C₁₈H₁₆N₂SO₄F₄•0.1 PhCH₃: C, 50.86, H, 3.83, N, 6.34. Found: C, 50.61, H, 3.64, N, 6.16.

124

Preparation of 2-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-5 <u>Step 3:</u> 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazole

A mixture of 2-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-4hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole from Step 2 10 (3.4 g, 7.9 mmol) and p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (700 mg) in toluene (200 mL) was heated to reflux for 72 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The crude residue was redissolved in methylene chloride and 15 washed with water, aqueous sodium bicarbonate and brine. After drying (Na2SO4), filtration and concentration in vacuo, the crude mixture (3.6 g) was purified by chromatography on silica gel using toluene/ethyl acetate (8/2) to give pure 2-(3-fluoro-4-20 methoxyphenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole (2.12 g, 65%) as a white solid: mp (DSC) 182°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C18H14N2SO3F4: C, 52.17, H, 3.41, N, 6.76, S, 7.74. Found: C, 52.56, H, 3.65, N, 6.53, S, 8.01.

Example 19

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2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-[(phenylthio)methyl]-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole

Step 1: Preparation of 1-bromo-3-phenylthio-2propanone

1-Bromo-3-phenylthio-2-propanone is synthesized by reaction of thiophenol with 2,3-dichloropropene followed by treatment of the resulting product with aqueous NBS as described for Example 15.

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Step 2: Preparation of 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-[(phenylthio)methyl]-4.5-dihydro-1H-imidazole

To a mixture of 4-chloro-N-[4
(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]benzenecarboximidamide (Example
1, Step 1) (1 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (2 mmol) in
acetone (20 mL), 1-bromo-3-phenylthio-2-propanone (1.5
mmol) is added. After heating to reflux for 24 hours,
the reaction mixture is filtered, washed with acetone
and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product is
purified by chromatography (silica gel, toluene/ethyl
acetate) to give 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-1-[4(methylsulfonyl)
phenyl]-4-[(phenylthio)methyl]-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole.

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Step 3: Preparation of 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[(phenylthio)methyl]-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1Himidazole

A mixture of 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-[(phenylthio)methyl]-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole (1 mmol) and p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (100 mg) in toluene (70 mL) is heated to reflux for 48 hours. The reaction mixture is cooled and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The crude residue is redissolved in methylene chloride and washed with water, aqueous sodium bicarbonate and brine. After drying (Na2SO4), filtration and concentration in vacuo, the crude mixture is purified

126

by chromatography on silica gel using hexane/ethyl acetate to give 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4[(phenylthio)methyl]-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1Himidazole.

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Example 20

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2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-[(N-methyl-N-phenylamino)methyl]-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole

Step 1: Preparation of 1-bromo-3-(N-methyl-N-phenylamine)-2-propanone

1-Bromo-3-(N-methyl-N-phenylamine)-2-propanone is synthesized by reaction of N-methylaniline with 2,3-dichloropropene followed by treatment of the resulting product with aqueous NBS as described for Example 15.

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Step 2: Preparation of 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-4-[(N-methyl-N-phenylamino)methyl]-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4.5-dihydro-1H-imidazole

To a mixture of 4-chloro-N-[4
(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]benzenecarboximidamide (Example
1, Step 1) (1 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (2 mmol) in
acetone (20 mL), 1-bromo-3-(N-methyl-N-phenylamine)-2propanone from Step 1 (1.5 mmol) is added. After
heating to reflux for 24 hours, the reaction mixture is
filtered, washed with acetone and concentrated in
vacuo. The crude product is purified by chromatography

(silica gel, toluene/ethyl acetate) to give 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-4-[(N-methyl-N-phenylamine)methyl]-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole.

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Step 3: Preparation of 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[(N-methyl-N-phenylamino)methyll-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyll-1H-imidazole

A mixture of 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-4-[(N-10 methyl-N-phenylamine)methyl]-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole (1 mmol) and p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (100 mg) in toluene (70 mL) is heated to reflux for 48 hours. The reaction mixture is cooled and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The crude residue is 15 redissolved in methylene chloride and washed with water, aqueous sodium bicarbonate and brine. After drying (Na2SO4), filtration and concentration in vacuo, the crude mixture is purified by chromatography on 20 silica gel using hexane/ethyl acetate to give 2-(4chlorophenyl)-4-[(N-methyl-N-phenylamine)methyl]-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole.

Example 21

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2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-[2-quinolyl)methoxymethyl]-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole WO 96/03388

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Step 1: Preparation of 1-bromo-3-(2-quinolylmethoxy)2-propanone

128

The compound 1-bromo-3-(2-quinolylmethoxy)-2-propanone is synthesized by reaction of 2-chloromethylquinoline with 2-chloro-2-propen-1-ol followed by treatment of the resulting quinolylether with aqueous NBS.

Step 2: Preparation of 2-(4-chlorophenvl)-4-hvdroxy 10 1-[4-(methylsulfonvl)phenvl]-4-[(2 quinolylmethoxy)methyl]-4.5-dihvdro-1H-imidazole

(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]benzenecarboximidamide (Example 1, Step 1) (1 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (2 mmol) in acetone (20 mL), 1-bromo-3-(2-quinolylmethoxy)-2-propanone from Step 1 (1.5 mmol) is added. After heating to reflux for 24 hours, the reaction mixture is filtered, washed with acetone and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product is purified by chromatography (silica gel, toluene/ethyl acetate) to give 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-[(2-quinolylmethoxy)methyl]-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole.

Step 3: Preparation of 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-[(2-guinolylmethoxy)methyl]-1H-imidazole

A mixture of 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-[(2-quinolylmethoxy)methyl]-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole (1 mmol) and p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (100 mg) in toluene (70 mL) is heated to reflux for 48 hours. The reaction mixture is cooled and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The crude residue is redissolved in methylene chloride and washed with water, aqueous sodium bicarbonate and brine. After drying (Na2SO4), filtration and concentration in vacuo, the crude mixture is purified by chromatography on silica gel using hexane/ethyl acetate to give 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-

129

(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-[(2-quinolylmethoxy)methyl]-1H-imidazole.

Example 22

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2-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole

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Step 1: Preparation of 4-fluoro-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl|benzenecarboximidamide

To a suspension of 4-(methylsulfonyl)aniline (3.53) g, 20.2 mmol) in toluene (100 mL), trimethylaluminum 15 (15.2 ml, 2M solution in toluene, 30.2 mmol) was added over 15 minutes. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 2.5 hours. A solution of 4-fluorobenzonitrile (5 g, 40.3 mmol) in toluene (100 mL) was added over 10 minutes and the reaction 20 mixture heated to 80-85°C. After 20 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and poured over a slurry of silica gel in chloroform. After filtration, the residue was washed with a mixture of methylene chloride/methanol (2/1). The combined 25 filtrates were concentrated in vacuo and the resulting yellowish solid stirred with a mixture of hexane/ether (2/1, 1000 mL). The intermediate was filtered and concentrated. The pale yellow solid 4-fluoro-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl] benzenecarboximidamide (5.25 g, 87%) was used in the next reaction without further

30 purification: mp (DSC) 206.2°C. Anal. Calc'd for 5

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WO 96/03388 PCT/US95/09506

130

 $C_{14}H_{13}N_{2}FSO_{3} \cdot 1.25 H_{2}O$: C, 53.41; H, 4.91; N, 8.90. Found: C, 53.08; H, 4.50; N, 8.61.

Step 2: Preparation of 2-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-4.5dihydro-1H-imidazole

To a mixture of 4-fluoro-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]benzenecarboximidamide (Step 1) (4.5 g. 15.4 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (2.59 g. 30.8 10 mmol) in isopropanol (200 mL), 3-bromo-1,1,1trifluoroacetone (3.2 mL) was added. After heating the reaction mixture at 75-80°C for 22 hours, the solvent was removed. The residue was redissolved in methylene chloride and washed with water. The organic fractions 15 were combined, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude mixture (7.2 g) was purified by chromatography (silica gel, toluene/ethyl acetate, 1/1) to give 2-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-4,5-20 dihydro-1H-imidazole (3.28 g, 53%) as a white solid: mp (DSC) 203°C. Anal. Calc'd for $C_{17}H_{14}N_{2}F_{4}SO_{3}$: C, 50.75; H, 3.51; N, 6.96. Found: C, 51.16; H, 3.69; N, 6.54.

Step 3: Preparation of 2-(4-fluorophenvl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonvl)phenvll-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole

A mixture of 2-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-4,5-dihydro-lH-imidazole (Step 2) (2.8 g, 7 mmol) and p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (300 mg) in toluene (200 mL) was heated to reflux for 72 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The crude residue was redissolved in methylene chloride and washed with water, aqueous sodium bicarbonate and brine. After drying (Na₂SO₄), filtration and concentration in vacuo, the crude mixture (3.2 g) was purified by chromatography on silica gel using toluene/ethyl acetate (1/1) to give pure 2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-[4-

(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole (1.38 g, 52%) as a white solid: mp (DSC) 205.5°C. Anal. Calc'd for $C_{17}H_{12}N_2F_4SO_2$: C, 53.13; H, 3.15; N, 7.29; S, 8.34. Found: C, 53.18; H, 3.17; N, 7.26; S, 8.57.

Example 23

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1-[4-(Methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-phenyl-4trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole

Step 1: Preparation of N-[4-

15 (methylsulfonyl)phenyllbenzenecarboximidamide

To a suspension of 4-(methylsulfonyl)aniline (12 g, 70 mmol) in toluene (400 mL), trimethylaluminum (52.5 ml, 2M solution in toluene, 0.1 mol) was added over 15 minutes. The reaction mixture was warmed to 20 room temperature and stirred for 3.5 hours. A solution of benzonitrile (14.5 g, 0.14 mol) in toluene (300 mL) was added over 10 minutes and the reaction mixture heated to 70-75°C. After 17 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and poured over a slurry of silica gel in chloroform. After filtration, 25 the residue is washed with a mixture of methylene chloride/methanol (2/1). The combined filtrates are concentrated in vacuo and the resulting yellowish solid is stirred with a mixture of hexane/ether (2/1, 1000 mL). The intermediate is filtered and washed with more 30 of hexane/ether (2/1). The yellowish solid N-[4-

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(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)benzenecarboximidamide (16.7 g, 87%) was used in the next reaction without further purification.

5 Step 2: Preparation of 4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyll-2-phenyl-4-trifluoromethyl-4.5dihydro-1H-imidazole

To a mixture of N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl] benzenecarboximidamide (Step 1) (16.5 g, 60.1 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (10.1 g, 0.12 mol) in isopropanol 10 (900 mL), 3-bromo-1,1,1-trifluoroacetone (8.7 ml, 84 mmol) was added. After heating the reaction mixture at 75 -80°C for 20 hours, the solvent was removed. The residue was redissolved in methylene chloride and washed with water. The organic fractions were 15 combined, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude mixture was purified by chromatography (silica gel, hexane/ethyl acetate, 45/55) to give 4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-phenyl-4-trifluoromethyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole 20 (13.6 g, 59%) as awhite solid: mp 189 - 190°C. Anal. Calc'd for $C_{17}H_{15}N_2F_3SO_3$: C, 53.12; H, 3.93; N, 7.29; S, 8.34. Found: C, 53.05; H, 3.90; N, 7.14; S, 8.38.

25 Step 3: Preparation of 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyll-2-phenyl-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole

A mixture of 4-hydroxy-1-[4(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-phenyl-4-trifluoromethyl-4,5dihydro-1H-imidazole (Step 2) (5.43 g, 14.1 mmol) and
p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (1.63 g) in toluene
(500 mL) was heated to reflux for 96 hours. The
reaction mixture was cooled and the solvent removed
under reduced pressure. The crude residue was
redissolved in methylene chloride and washed with
water, aqueous sodium bicarbonate and brine. After
drying (Na2SO4), filtration and concentration in vacuo,
the crude mixture was purified by chromatography on
silica gel using hexane/ethyl acetate (65/35) to give

pure 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-phenyl-4trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole (3.12 g, 60%) as a white solid: mp (DSC) 233°C. Anal. Calc'd for C₁₇H₁₃N₂F₃SO₂: C, 55.73; H, 3.58; N, 7.65; S, 8.75. Found: C, 55.49; H, 3.47; N,7.46; S,8.95.

Example 24

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2-(4-Methylphenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole

Step 1: Preparation of 4-methyl-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyllbenzenecarboximidamide

To a suspension of 4-(methylsulfonyl)aniline (3.57) g, 20.9 mmol) in toluene (150 mL), trimethylaluminum (15.6 ml, 2M solution in toluene, 31.4 mmol) was added over 15 minutes. The reaction mixture was warmed to 20 room temperature and stirred for 2.5 hours. A solution of 4-methylbenzonitrile (5 ml, 41.8 mmol) in toluene (100 mL) was added over 10 minutes and the reaction mixture heated to 80-85°C. After 20 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and 25 poured over a slurry of silica gel in chloroform. After filtration, the residue was washed with a mixture of methylene chloride/methanol (2/1). The combined filtrates are concentrated in vacuo and the resulting yellowish solid was stirred with a mixture of 30 hexane/ether (2/1, 600 mL). The intermediate was filtered and washed with more of hexane/ether (2/1).

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WO 96/03388 PCT/US95/09506

134

The pale yellow solid 4-methyl-N-[4- (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]benzenecarboximidamide (5.3 g, 88%) was used in the next reaction without further purification: mp (DSC) 213°C. Anal. Calc'd for $C_{15}H_{16}N_2SO_2$: C, 62.48; H, 5.59; N, 9.71. Found: C, 62.00, H, 5.52; N,9.60.

Step 2: Preparation of 2-(4-methylphenyl)-4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-4.5dihydro-1H-imidazole

To a mixture of 4-methyl-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl}benzenecarboximidamide (Step 1) (5 g, 17.4 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (2.9 g, 34.7 mmol) in isopropanol (200 mL), 3-bromo-1,1,1-15 trifluoroacetone (3.6 ml, 34.7 mmol) was added. After heating the reaction mixture at 75-80°C for 20 hours, the solvent was removed. The residue was redissolved in methylene chloride and washed with water. organic fractions were combined, dried over sodium 20 sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude mixture (8.9 g) was purified by chromatography (silica gel, toluene/ethyl acetate 6/4) to give 2-(4methylphenyl)-4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4trifluoromethyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole (3.28 g, 47%) as a white solid: mp 198 - 199°C. Anal. Calc'd for 25 $C_{18}H_{17}N_{2}F_{3}SO_{3} \cdot 0.3$ PhMe C, 56.67; H, 4.59; N, 6.58. Found: C, 56.95; H, 4.68; N, 6.13.

Step 3: Preparation of 2-(4-methylphenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole

A mixture of 2-(4-methylphenyl)-4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole (Step 2) (0.9 g, 2.3 mmol) and p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (150 mg) in toluene (100 mL) was heated to reflux for 72 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The crude residue was redissolved in methylene chloride and washed with

water, aqueous sodium bicarbonate and brine. After drying (Na₂SO₄), filtration and concentration in vacuo, the crude mixture was purified by chromatography on silica gel using toluene/ethyl acetate (1/1) to give pure 2-(4-methylphenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole (462 mg, 54%) as a white solid: mp (DSC) 190°C. Anal. Calc'd for C₁₈H₁₅N₂F₃SO₂: C, 56.84; H, 3.97; N, 7.36; S, 8.43. Found: C, 56.66; H, 3.82; N, 7.23; S, 8.45.

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Example 25

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1-[4-(Methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4trifluoromethylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1Himidazole

Step 1: Preparation of 4-(trifluoromethyl)-N-[4-(methylsulfonvl)phenyllbenzenecarboximidamide

To a suspension of 4-(methylsulfonyl)aniline (10 mmol) in toluene (100 mL), trimethylaluminum (2M solution in toluene, 15 mmol) is added over 15 minutes. The reaction mixture is warmed to room temperature and stirred for 2.5 hours. A solution of 4-trifluoromethylbenzonitrile (20 mmol) in toluene (50 mL) is added over 10 minutes and the reaction mixture is heated to 80-85°C. After 20 hours, the reaction mixture is cooled to room temperature and poured over a slurry of silica gel in chloroform. After filtration, the residue is washed with a mixture of methylene chloride/methanol (2/1). The combined filtrates are

PCT/US95/09506

WO 96/03388

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concentrated *in vacuo* and the resulting yellowish solid is stirred with a mixture of hexane/ether (2/1, 1000 mL). The intermediate is filtered and washed with more of hexane/ether (2/1). The pale yellow solid 4-(trifluoromethyl)-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]benzenecarboximidamide is used in the next reaction without further purification.

136

Step 2: Preparation of 4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyll-2-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-4.5-dihydro-1H-imidazole

To a mixture of 4-(trifluoromethyl)-N-[4(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]benzenecarboximidamide (10 mmol)
and sodium bicarbonate (20 mmol) in isopropanol (100

15 mL), 3-bromo-1,1,1-trifluoroacetone (20 mmol) is added.
After heating the reaction mixture at 70-75°C for 20
hours, the solvent is removed. The residue is
redissolved in methylene chloride and washed with
water. The organic fractions are combined, dried over
20 sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The
crude product is purified by chromatography (silica
gel, toluene/ethyl acetate, 7/3) to give 4-hydroxy-1[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)4-trifluoromethyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole.

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Step 3: Preparation of 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole

A mixture of 4-hydroxy-1-[4(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole (10 mmol) and
p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (1 mmol) in toluene
(100 mL) is heated to reflux for 72 hours. The reaction
mixture is cooled and the solvent removed under reduced
pressure. The crude residue is redissolved in methylene
chloride and washed with water, aqueous sodium
bicarbonate and brine. After drying (Na2SO4),
filtration and concentration in vacuo, the crude

137

mixture is purified by chromatography on silica gel using toluene/ethyl acetate to give pure 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole.

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4-[2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide

10 To a clear solution of 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazole from Example 2 (400 mg, 1 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (THF) (8 mL) at 0°C, n-BuMqCl (2M solution in THF, 2 mL, 4 mmol) was added over 10 15 minutes. After stirring for additional 10 minutes, ice bath was removed and solution stirred for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was re-cooled to 0°C and triethylborane (1M solution in THF, 5 mL, 5 mmol) was added. After stirring for 2 hours, the reaction was 20 heated to reflux for 48 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and treated with aqueous sodium acetate (1 g in 4 mL water). After stirring for 5 minutes, solid hydroxylamine-O-sulfonic acid (1 g) was added and the mixture stirred for 20 hours. The 25 reaction mixture was diluted with water and extracted with ether (2x250). The ethereal layer was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude solid (568 mg) was purified by chromatography [silica gel, ethyl acetate/toluene (3/7)] to give 4-[2-30 (4-chlorophenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide (260 mg, 65%): mp (DSC) 225°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C16H11N3SO2F3Cl: C, 47.83, H, 2.76 N,

138

10.46, S, 7.98. Found: C, 48.00, H, 2.83, N, 10.14, S, 7.94.

Example 27

$$H_3c$$
 $C1$
 SO_2NH_2

4-[2-(3-Chloro-4-methylphenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-

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yl]benzenesulfonamide

To a clear solution of 2-(3-chloro-4-methylphenyl) -1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-10 imidazole (Example 16) (500 mg, 1.2 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (10 mL) at 0°C, n-BuMgCl (2M solution in THF, 2.4 mL, 4.8 mmol) was added over 10 minutes. After stirring for additional 10 minutes, ice bath was removed and solution stirred for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was 15 re-cooled to 0°C and triethylborane (1M solution in THF, 6 mL, 6 mmol) was added. After stirring for 2 hours, the reaction was heated to reflux for 72 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and treated with aqueous sodium acetate (1 g in 4 mL water). After stirring 20 for 5 minutes, solid hydroxylamine-O-sulfonic acid (1 g) was added and the mixture stirred for 20 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with water and extracted with ether (2x250). The ethereal layer was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude 25 product (710 mg) was purified by chromatography (silica gel, ethyl acetate/toluene 3/7) to give pure 4-[2-(3chloro-4-methylphenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide (180 mg, 36%) as a white solid: mp(DSC) 222°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C17H13N3SO2F3Cl: C, 49.10, 30 H, 3.15, N, 10.11. Found: C, 49.42, H, 3.19, N, 9.75.

Example 28

5 3-[1-[4-(Methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine

Step 1: Preparation of N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl] -3-pyridinecarboximidamide

10 To a suspension of 4-(methylsulfonyl)aniline hydrochloride (6 g, 28.8 mmol) in toluene (150 ml) at 0 °C, trimethylaluminum (2M solution in toluene, 21.6 ml, 43.2 mmol) was added over 15 minutes. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 2.5 hours. A 15 solution of 3-cyanopyridine (6 g, 57.6 mmol) in toluene (150 ml) was added over 10 minutes and the reaction mixture was heated to 90-95°C. After 24 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and poured over a slurry of silica gel in chloroform. After filtration, the residue was washed with a mixture of methylene chloride/methanol and 20 later methanol. The combined filtrates were concentrated and the resulting yellowish solid was stirred with ethyl acetate (1000 ml) and filtered. The pale yellow amidine (4.5 g, 34%) was used in the next reaction without further 25 purification: mp (DSC) 265°C. Anal Calc'd. for C₁₃H₁₄N₃SO₂Cl·0.5 H₂O: C, 48.67, H, 4.71, N, 13.10. C, 48.34, H, 4.26, N, 12.77.

Step 2: Preparation of 3-[4-hvdroxy-1-[4-

30 (methylsulfonyl)phenyll-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazol-2-vllpyridine

140

To a mixture of the amidine of Step 1 (4.4 g, 16 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (2.68 g, 32 mmol) in isopropanol (400 ml), 3-bromo-1,1,1-trifluoroacetone (2.5 ml, 24 mmol) was added. After heating at 60-65°C for 36 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled and filtered. The residue was washed with methylene chloride and the combined organic fractions were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated. The crude mixture (16.2 g) was purified by chromatography [silica gel, ethyl acetate/acetone (98:2)] to give the compound (3.7 g, 60%) as a white solid. Anal Calc'd. for C16H14N3SO3F3·0.5 H2O: C, 48.18, H, 3.92, N, 10.53. Found: C, 48.52, H, 3.61, N, 9.79.

Step 3: Preparation of 3-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl] -4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yllpyridine

A mixture of the compound of step 2 (3.6 g, 9.35 mmol) and p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (0.52 g, 2.7 mmol) in toluene (280 ml) was heated to reflux for 24 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The crude mixture was purified by chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate/acetone (98/2) to give pure 3-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine (790 mg, 23%) as a white solid: mp (DSC) 193°C. Anal Calc'd. for C16H12N3SO2F3: C, 52.30, H, 3.29, N, 11.44, S,

8.73. Found: C, 52.38, H, 3.26, N, 11.30, S, 8.76.

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Example 29

5 2-[1-[4-(Methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine

Step 1: Preparation of N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-pyridinecarboximidamide

To a suspension of 4-(methylsulfonyl)aniline 10 hydrochloride (6 g, 28.8 mmol) in toluene (150 ml) at 0° C, trimethylaluminum (2M solution in toluene, 21.6 ml, 43.2 mmol) was added over 15 minutes. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 2.5 hours. A 15 solution of 2-cyanopyridine (6 g, 57.6 mmol) in toluene (150 ml) was added over 10 minutes and the reaction mixture was heated to 85-90°C. After 24 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and poured over a slurry of silica gel in chloroform. After filtration, the residue was washed with a mixture of methylene chloride/methanol and 20 later methanol. The combined filtrates were concentrated and the resulting yellowish solid was stirred with ethyl acetate (1500 ml) and filtered. The pale yellow solid (5.2 g, 66%) was used in the next reaction without further 25 purification.

Step 2: Preparation of 2-[4-hydroxy-1-[4-[methylsulfonyl]phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazol-2-yl]pyridine

To a mixture of the amidine of step 1 (4.4 g, 16 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (2.7 g, 32 mmol) in

isopropanol (400 ml), 3-bromo-1,1,1-trifluoroacetone (2.5 ml, 24 mmol) was added. After heating at 75-80°C for 24 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled and filtered. The residue was washed with methylene chloride and the combined organic fractions were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated. The crude product (16.2 g) was purified by chromatography (silica gel, ethyl acetate/toluene 1/1) to give 2-[4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl)pyridine
10 (1.1 g, 18%) as a white solid: mp 195-198°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C16H14N3SO3F3 : C, 49.87, H, 3.66, N, 10.90. Found: C, 50.13 , H, 3.66, N, 10.30.

Step 3: Preparation of 2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yllpyridine

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A mixture of 2-[4-hydroxy-1-[4(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazol-2-yl]pyridine from step 2 (1.0 g, 2.6 mmol) and ptoluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (0.2 g, 2.7 mmol) in

20 toluene (100 ml) was heated to reflux for 24 hours. The
reaction mixture was cooled and the solvent removed under
reduced pressure. The crude mixture (1.2 g) was purified by
chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate/toluene
(1/1) to give pure 2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4
25 trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine (620 mg, 65%) as
a white solid: mp (DSC) 184°C. Anal. Calc'd. for
C16H12N3SO2F3 : C, 52.30, H, 3.29, N, 11.44 . Found: C,
52.23, H, 3.23, N, 11.19.

143

Example 30

5 4-[1-[4-(Methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine

Step 1: Preparation of N-[4-(methylsulfonyl) phenyll-4-pyridinecarboximidamide

10 To a suspension of 4-(methylsulfonyl)aniline hydrochloride (10 g, 48.1 mmol) in toluene (250 ml) at 0°C, trimethylaluminum (2M solution in toluene, 36.1 ml, 72.2 mmol) was added over 10 minutes. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 2.5 hours. A 15 solution of 4-cyanopyridine (10 g, 96.2 mmol) in toluene (250 ml) was added over 10 minutes and the mixture was heated to 70°C. After 24 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and poured over a slurry of silica gel in chloroform. After filtration, the residue 20 was washed with a mixture of methylene chloride/methanol and later with methanol. The combined filtrates were concentrated and the resulting yellowish solid was stirred with ethyl acetate and filtered. The pale yellow solid (4.8 q, 36%) was used in the next reaction without further 25 purification. Anal. Calc'd. for C13H14N3SClO2 H2O: C, 47.34, H, 4.89, N, 12.74, S, 9.72. Found: C, 47.69, H, 4.35, N, 12.77, S, 9.74.

Step 2: Preparation of 4-[4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)]
phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4.5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2yllpyridine

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144

To a mixture of the amidine of step 1 (4.75 g, 16 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (2.86 g, 34.4 mmol) in isopropanol (400 ml), 3-bromo-1,1,1-trifluoroacetone (2.7 ml, 26 mmol) was added. After heating at 75-80°C for 24 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled and filtered. The residue was washed with methylene chloride and the combined organic fractions were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated. The crude product (16.2 g) was purified by chromatography (silica gel, ethyl acetate/isopropanol (95/5)) to give 4-[4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine (1.55 g, 23%) as a white solid: mp 219 °C, Anal. Calc'd. for C16H14N3SO3F3 C, 49.87, H, 3.66, N, 10.90, S, 8.32. Found: C, 49.93, H, 3.51, N, 10.79, S, 8.66.

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Step 3: Preparation of 4-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yllpyridine

A mixture of the 4,5-dihydro-imidazole of step 2 (0.85 g, 2.2 mmol) and p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (0.12 g) in toluene (150 ml) was heated to reflux for 24 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The crude mixture was purified by chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate/acetone (96/4) to give pure 4-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine (330 mg, 41%) as a white solid: mp (DSC) 197 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for C16H12N3SO2F3 : C, 52.30, H, 3.29, N, 11.44, S, 8.73. Found: C, 52.19, H, 3.26, N, 11.25, S, 8.99.

Example 31

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2-Methyl-5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine

Step 1: Preparation of 2-methyl-N-[4-

5 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-5-pyridinecarboximidamide

To a suspension of 4-(methylsulfonyl)aniline hydrochloride (8.8 g, 42.3 mmol) in toluene (150 ml) at 0°C, trimethylaluminum (2M solution in toluene, 42.3 ml, 84.6 mmol) was added over 10 minutes. The reaction mixture 10 was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 2.5 hours. A solution of 6-methyl-4-cyanopyridine (10 g, 84.6 mmol) in toluene (150 ml) was added over 10 minutes and the mixture was heated to 80-85°C. After 24 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and poured over a slurry of silica gel in chloroform. After filtration, the residue was 15 washed with a mixture of methylene chloride/methanol and later with methanol. The combined filtrates were concentrated and the resulting yellowish solid was stirred with ethyl acetate and filtered. The pale yellow solid (9.8 20 g, 80%) was used in the next reaction without further purification. Anal Calc'd. for C14H15N3SO2·H2O: C, 54.71, H, 5.57, N, 13.67. Found: C, 54.62, H, 5.24, N, 13.67.

Step 2: Preparation of 2-methyl-5-[4-hydroxy-1-[4-25 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4.5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yllpyridine

mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (5.7 g, 67.8 mmol) in isopropanol (700 ml), 3-bromo-1,1,1-trifluoroacetone (5.3 ml, 50.8 mmol) was added. After heating at 80-85°C for 24 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled and filtered. The residue was washed with methylene chloride and the combined organic fractions were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated. The crude material (25.7 g) was purified by chromatography (silica gel, ethyl acetate/acetone, 98/2) to give 2-methyl-5-[4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine

146

(6.3 g, 46%) as a white solid: Anal. Calc'd. for C17H16N3SO3F3 : C, 50.55, H, 4.12, N, 10.40. Found: C, 50.51, H, 3.91, N, 10.25.

5 Step 3: Preparation of 2-methyl-5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2yllpyridine

A mixture of the 4.5-dihydro-imidazole of step 2 (6.2 g, 15.5 mmol) and p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (1.6 g, 8.4 mmol) in toluene (550 ml) was heated to reflux for 24 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The crude mixture (8.2 g) was purified by chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate/acetone (98/2) to give pure 2-methyl-5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine (3.9 g, 66%) as a white solid: mp (DSC) 163°C. Anal Calc'd. for C17H14N3SO2F3 : C, 53.54, H, 3.70, N, 11.02, S, 8.41. Found: C, 53.12, H, 3.56, N, 11.00, S, 8.50.

Example 32

25 <u>2-Methyl-6-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-</u> <u>trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yllpyridine</u>

Step 1: Preparation of 2-methyl-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyll-6-pyridinecarboximidamide

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To a suspension of 4-(methylsulfonyl)aniline hydrochloride (4.2 g, 20.3 mmol) in toluene (100 ml) at 3°C, was added trimethylaluminum (2M solution in toluene, 12 ml, 24 mmol) over 10 minutes. The

reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 2 hours. A solution of 6-methyl-2cyanopyridine (3.6 g, 30.5 mmol) in toluene (100 ml) was added over 10 minutes and the mixture was heated to 85-90°C. After 24 hours, the reaction mixture 5 was cooled to room temperature and poured over a slurry of silica gel in chloroform. After filtration, the residue was washed with a mixture of methylene chloride/methanol and later with methanol. 10 The combined filtrates were concentrated and the resulting yellowish solid was stirred with hexane and ethyl acetate (1000 ml) and filtered. The white solid (5.1 g, 87%) was used in the next reaction without further purification. Anal. Calc'd. for 15 $C_{14}H_{16}N_3SClO_2$ 0.2 H_2O : C, 51.05, H, 5.02, N, 12.76. Found: C, 50.97, H, 4.78, N, 12.80.

Step 2: Preparation of 2-methyl-6-[4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yllpyridine

To a mixture of the amidine of Step 1 (4.9 g, 16.95 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (2.85 g, 33.9 mmol) in isopropanol (300 ml), 3-bromo-1,1,1trifluoroacetone (2.65 ml, 25.4 mmol) was added. 25 After heating at 80-85°C for 24 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled and filtered. The residue was washed with methylene chloride and the combined organic fractions were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated. The crude mixture (9 g) 30 was purified by chromatography (silica gel, ethyl acetate/isopropanol/ammonium hydroxide 95/5/0.5) to give 2-methyl-6-[4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4,5dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine (1.4 g, 21%) as a 35 white solid: Anal. Calc'd. for C₁₇H₁₆N₃SO₃F₃: C, 51.12, H, 4.02, N, 10.52. Found: C, 51.43, H, 3.96, N, 10.06.

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Step 3: Preparation of 2-methyl-6-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2yllpyridine

A mixture of the 4,5-dihydro-imidazole of step 2 (1.3 g, 3.26 mmol) and p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (0.26 g, 1.36 mmol) in toluene (200 ml) was heated to reflux for 24 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The crude mixture (1.56 g) was purified by chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate/acetone (98/2) to give pure 2-methyl-6-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine (0.48 g, 38%) as a white solid: mp (DSC) 205°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C17H14N3SO2F3 0.25H2O: C, 52.91, H, 3.79, N, 10.89, S, 8.31. Found: C, 52.67, H, 3.55, N, 10.64, S, 8.68.

Example 33

5-Methyl-2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine

Step 1: Preparation of 5-methyl-2-cyanopyridine

To a solution of 2-fluoro-5-methylpyridine (39 g; 351.5 mmol) in 141 ml of dimethylsulfoxide was added 17.23 g of sodium cyanide (351.5 mmol). After stirring for 3 days at 150°C, an additional 3 g of sodium cyanide was added and heating was continued for 5 hours. The reaction

WO 96/03388

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mixture was cooled to 25°C then poured into 525 ml of ice water. The solution was filtered through a coarse fritted funnel and a dark brown solid was collected. The solid was air dried to give 17 g of the desired cyanopyridine: Anal Calc'd. for C7H6N2: C, 71.17; H, 5.12; N, 23.71. Found: C, 69.91; H, 5.24; N, 23.26.

Step 2: Preparation of 5-methyl-N-[4-(methylthio)phenyl]-2-pyridinecarboximidamide

To a solution of 4-thiomethylaniline (8.25 g; 59 mmol) 10 in 1,2-dichloroethane (164 ml) at 0°C, triethylaluminum (1.9M solution in toluene, 31.2 ml, 59 mmol) was added over 10 minutes. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 1.5 hours. A solution of 5-15 methyl-2-cyanopyridine (Step 1) (59 mmol) in 1,2dichloroethane (62 ml) was added over 10 minutes and the mixture was heated to reflux. After 12 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and 50 g of silica gel were added. The suspension was stirred for 1-2 hours at 25°C and 12 ml of methanol was added and stirred at 20 25°C. After filtration through Celite[®], the residue was washed with a mixture of methylene chloride/methanol and later with methanol. The combined filtrates were concentrated and the resulting solid stirred with 25 hexane/ethyl acetate (1000 ml) and filtered. The solid obtained (7g) was used in the next reaction without further purification: Anal Calc'd. for C14H15N3.0.3 H2O: C, 63.99; H, 5.98; N, 15.99. Found: C, 64.05; H, 6.06; N, 16.11.

Step 3: Preparation of 5-methyl-2-[4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylthio)phenyll-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-lh-imidazol-2-yllpyridine

To a mixture of the amidine of step 2 (10 g, 52.41 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (8.6 g, 103 mmol) in isopropanol (1200 ml), 3-bromo-1,1,1-trifluoroacetone (10 g, 52 mmol) was added. After heating at reflux for 22

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hours, the reaction mixture was cooled and filtered. The residue was dissolved in methylene chloride and washed water than brine. The organic extracts were dried (MgSO4), filtered and concentrated. The crude mixture was purified by chromatography (silica gel, 100% ethyl acetate) to give the desired dihydro-imidazole (5.1 g): Anal Calc'd. for C17H16N3SOF3: C, 55.58; H, 4.39; N, 11.44. Found: C, 55.54; H, 4.35; N, 11.20.

10 Step 4: Preparation of 5-methyl-2-[1-[4-(methylthio)phenyll-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2yllpyridine

A mixture of the dihydro-imidazole of step 3 (3. 95 g, 13.9 mmol) and p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (785 mg, 4 mmol) in toluene (500 ml) was heated to reflux for 4-5 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled and 10 ml of triethylamine was added and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The crude mixture was purified by chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate to give the desired product which was used in the next reaction without further purification.

Step 5: Preparation of 5-methyl-2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2yllpyridine

To solution of the methylthic compound from step 4 (3.95 g, 11.5 mmol) in 45 ml of methanol was added an aqueous solution of Oxone® (6.94 g dissolved in 28 ml of water). After stirring at 25°C for 4-5 hours, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure, redissolved in 50 ml of methylene chloride and extracted with 50 ml of an aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate. The organic extracts were dried (MgSO4), filtered and concentrated. The crude material was purified by chromatography (silica gel; 50% ethyl acetate/ toluene) to provide 1.6 g of the desired product: mp 196°C. Anal Calc'd. for C17H14N3SO2F3: C,

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53.54; H, 3.70; N, 11.02; S, 8.41. Found: C, 53.09; H, 3.43; N, 10.75; S, 8.69.

Example 34

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$$H_3C$$
 N
 N
 SO_2CH_3

4-Methyl-2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine

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Step 1: Preparation of 2-cvano-4-methylpyridine

To a suspension of 4-picoline N-oxide (13.64 g, 0.124 mole) in 82 ml of THF, under an inert atmosphere, was added trimethylsilyl cyanide (20.1 ml, 0.15 mole) followed by 1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene (DBU) (4.4 ml, 0.028 mole). After stirring at 25 °C for 12 hours, the reaction mixture was heated to reflux. After 4.5 hours, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the crude sample was eluted with methylene chloride through a pad of Florisil®. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure to provide (8.7 g, 60%) of 2-cyano-4-methyl pyridine, a white crystalline solid: mp 88-89 °C Anal. Calc'd. for C7H6N2: C, 71.17; H, 5.12; N, 23.71. Found: C, 70.17; H, 5.12; N, 23.44.

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Step 2: Preparation of 4-methyl-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-pyridinecarboximidamide

To a solution of 4-methylsulfonyl aniline (7.62 g, 44.5 mmol) in 40 ml of 1,2-dichloroethane, was added 30 23.4 ml of a 1.9 M solution of triethylaluminum in toluene. After stirring for 1.5 hours at 0 °C, 2-cyano-4-methyl-pyridine from step 1 (5.26 g, 44.5 mmol)

152

was added. The reaction mixture was heated to reflux for 20 hours and poured onto a pad of silica gel, in a fritted filter funnel, pre-wetted and washed with 50% methanol/methylene chloride. The filtrates were evaporated under reduced pressure to provide 11.05 g (85%) of the desired amidine as a light brown solid: mp 180-184°C Anal. Calc'd.. for C14H15N3O2S: C, 58.11; H, 5.23; N, 14.52. Found: C, 57.56; H, 5.15; N, 14.35.

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Step 3: Preparation of 4-methyl-2-[4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4.5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yllpyridine

To the amidine of step 2 (12.9 g, 44.67 mmol) and 15 sodium bicarbonate (7.15 g, 85.1 mmol) in 1L of isopropanol, 3-bromo-1,1,1-trifluoro-acetone (12.3 g, 64.4 mmol) was added. The mixture was heated to reflux. After 24 hours, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the resulting residue was partitioned 20 between methylene chloride and brine. The organic extracts were dried (MgSO4), filtered and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to provide a dark brown oil which was purified by flash chromatography (SiO2, 5% isopropanol/methylene chloride) to provide 25 3.81 g (24%) of the 4,5-dihydro-imidazole as a brown solid.

Step 4: Preparation of 4-methyl-2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyll-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2yllpyridine

To a suspension of the 4,5-dihydro-imidazole of step 3 (3.82 g, 10.78 mmol) in 700 ml of toluene was added 0.62 g of p-toluenesulfonic acid. After heating at reflux for 12 hours, an additional 0.3 g of p-toluenesulfonic acid was added. After 12 hours, 2.7 ml of triethylamine was added and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to provide 5.17 g of crude

compound. Crude compound was purified by chromatography twice (SiO2; 30% heptane/ethyl acetate) by HPLC to provide 263 mg of the targeted compound. Impure fractions containing the desired product were recombined and repurified by chromatography using HPLC (SiO2; 50% ethyl acetate/toluene) to provide an additional 639.5 mg of the desired compound: mp (DSC) 195 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for C17H14F3N3O2S: C, 53.54; H, 3.70; N, 11.02; S, 8.41. Found: C, 53.21; H, 3.71; N, 10.77; S, 8.63.

Example 35

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2-Methoxy-5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yllpyridine

Step 1: Preparation of 2-methoxy-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyll-5-pyridinecarboximidamide

To a suspension of 4-(methylsulfonyl)aniline hydrochloride (1.8 g, 8.7 mmol) in toluene (50 ml) at 0°C, trimethylaluminum (2M solution in toluene, 5.2 ml, 10.4 mmol) was added over 10 minutes. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 2 hours. A solution of 6-methoxy-3-cyanopyridine (1.75 g, 13 mmol) in toluene (100 ml) was added over 10 minutes and the mixture was heated to 85-90°C. After 24 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and poured over a slurry of silica gel in chloroform. After filtration, the residue was washed with a mixture of

methylene chloride and methanol and later with methanol. The combined filtrates were concentrated and the resulting yellowish solid was stirred with ethyl acetate (1000 ml) and filtered. The white solid (2 g, 75%) was used in the next reaction without further purification. Anal. Calc'd. for C14H16N3SClO3·0.5 H2O: C, 47.93, H, 4.88, N, 11.98. Found: C, 48.01, H, 4.82, N, 11.32.

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10 Step 2: Preparation of 2-methoxy-5-[4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4.5dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yllpyridine

To a mixture of the amidine of step 1 (1.9 g, 6.23 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (1.05 g, 12.46 mmol) in isopropanol (150 ml), 3-bromo-1,1,1-15 trifluoroacetone (0.97 ml, 9.34 mmol) was added. After heating at 85-90°C for 48 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled and filtered. The residue was washed with methylene chloride and the combined organic fractions were dried over sodium sulfate, 20 filtered and concentrated. The crude mixture (4.25 g) was purified by chromatography (silica gel, methylene chloride/methanol/ammonium hydroxide, 95/5/0.5) to give the 4,5-dihydro-imidazole (1.1 g, 42%) as a white solid: Anal. Calc'd. for 25 $C_{17}H_{16}N_3SO_4F_3 \cdot 0.5$ EtOAc: C, 49.67, H, 4.39, N, 9.15. Found: C, 49.80, H, 4.06, N, 9.33.

Step 3: Preparation of 2-methoxy-5-[1-[4-

30 (methylsulfonyl)phenyll-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2yllpyridine

A mixture of the 4,5-dihydro-imidazole of step 2 (0.8 g, 1.93 mmol) and p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (0.2 g, 1.04 mmol) in toluene (150 ml) was heated to reflux for 24 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The crude mixture (1.1 g) was

purified by chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate/toluene (1/1) to give pure 2-methoxy-5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine (0.38 g, 49%) as a white solid: mp (DSC) 166°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C17H14N3SO3F3 : C, 51.38, H, 3.55, N, 10.57. Found: C, 51.38, H, 3.25, N, 10.41.

Example 36

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4-[2-(6-Methylpyridin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide

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To a clear solution of Example 31 (2.4 g, 6.3 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (60 ml) at 0°C, n-BuMgCl (2M solution in THF, 15.7 ml, 31.5 mmol) was added over 10 minutes. After stirring for additional 20 minutes, the ice bath was removed and the solution was stirred for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was recooled to 0°C and triethylborane (1M solution in THF, 38 ml, 38 mmol) was added. After stirring for 1 hour, the reaction was heated to reflux for 72 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and treated with aqueous sodium acetate (5.5 g in 22 ml water). After stirring for 5 minutes, solid hydroxylamine-O-sulfonic acid (5.5 g) was added and the mixture stirred for 24 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with water and extracted with ether. The ethereal layer was dried

156

over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated. The crude solid (13.3 g) was purified by chromatography (silica gel, hexane/isopropanol, 7/3) to give 4-[2-(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide (298 mg, 12%): mp (DSC) 203°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C₁₆H₁₃N₄SO₂F₃·0.25 H₂O: C, 49.68, H, 3.52 N, 14.48, S, 8.29. Found: C, 49.88, H, 3.39, N, 13.94, S, 8.47.

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Example 37

4-[2-(6-Methylpyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide

To a clear solution of Example 32 (10 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (60 ml) at 0°C, n-BuMgcl (2M solution in THF, 25 ml, 50 mmol) is added over 10 20 minutes. After stirring for an additional 20 minutes, the ice bath is removed and the solution is stirred for 2 hours. The reaction mixture is recooled to 0°C and triethylborane (1M solution in THF, 60 ml, 60 mmol) is added. After stirring for 1 25 hour, the reaction is heated to reflux for 72 hours. The reaction mixture is cooled to room temperature and treated with aqueous sodium acetate (5.5 g in 22 ml water). After stirring for 5 minutes, solid hydroxylamine-O-sulfonic acid (5.5 g) is added and 30 the mixture stirred for 24 hours. The reaction mixture is diluted with water and extracted with

157

ether. The ethereal layer is dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated. The crude solid is purified by chromatography on silica gel using mixtures of hexane and isopropanol to give the desired product.

Example 38

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2-[4-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine

Step 1: Preparation of N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-pyridinecarboximidamide

To a suspension of 5.00 g (24.0 mmol) of 4-methylsulfonylaniline hydrochloride in 150 ml of toluene stirring in an ice bath under nitrogen, was added dropwise 18.0 ml (containing 36.0 mmol) of a 2M solution of trimethylaluminum in toluene. After stirring for 30 minutes, a solution of 3.75 g (36.0 mmol) of 2-cyanopyridine in 20 ml of toluene. The resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature, and then at 85° for four hours. After cooling, the toluene was decanted and evaporated. The residue was taken up in 150 ml of methylene chloride and added back to the reaction flask. Methanol (150 ml) was cautiously added, and the mixture was filtered through a bed of silica gel using 50-50

158

methanol/methylene chloride as eluent. Evaporation of the solvent gave the amidine (6.85 g) as a yellow solid, which was used in the next reaction without further purification.

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Step 2: Preparation of 2-14-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazol-2-yllpyridine

A mixture of the amidine of Step 1 (2.00 g, 7.27mmol), 2-bromo-4'-fluoroacetophenone (3.16 g, 14.5 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (1.22 g, 14.5 mmol) in 10 isopropanol (70 ml) was stirred at reflux for two days. After cooling, the solvent was evaporated. The residue was partitioned between methylene chloride and aqueous sodium chloride, and the aqueous layer further extracted with methylene chloride. The combined 15 organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated. Chromatography of the residue over silica gel using 40% ethyl acetate/toluene followed by a second chromatography over silica gel using 40% ethyl acetate/methylene 20 chloride as eluant gave 2-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazol-2-yl)pyridine (190 mg) as a light tan solid: m.p. 88-91°C. Anal. Calc'd for $C_{21}H_{16}FN_3O_2S$ (M.W. 393.44): C, 64.11; H, 4.10, N, 10.68. Found: C, 63.80; H, 4.16, N, 10.23. 25

Example 39

$$H_3C$$
 N
 SO_2CH_3

3-Methyl-5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-5 (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine

Step 1: Preparation of 5-methylnicotinic acid:

The 5-methylnicotinic acid was prepared by the method of E. P. Kyba et al., J. Org. Chem., 53, 3513-3521 (1988)]. To a solution of $KMnO_4$ in water (1.1 L) was added lutidine (25.0 g, 0.233 mol) and the mixture was stirred mechanically at 45°C overnight. The reaction mixture was cooled and filtered through Celite® to remove MnO₂. The filtrate was concentrated to about 150 mL and acidified with a 2N HCl solution. White solid precipitated and was removed by filtration and washed with water $(2 \times 50 \text{ mL})$. The filtrate and 20 washings were evaporated to dryness. The residue was boiled with ethanol (200 mL) and filtered repeatedly. The combined filtrate was concentrated to give of 5-methylnicotinic acid as a white solid (14.8 g, 46%): mp 213-215°C.

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Step 2: Preparation of 5-methylpyridinylcarboxamide

A solution of 5-methylnicotinic acid from step 1 (14.5 g, 0.106 mol) in 125 mL of thionyl chloride was heated to reflux for 5 hours. Excess thionyl chloride was removed by distillation and the residue was suspended in 75 mL of dichloroethane. Ammonia was bubbled into the

160

mixture at -30°C for half hour and the mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. Solvent was evaporated and the residue was treated with methanol and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the residue was extracted with boiling hot ethyl acetate (3 x 150 mL) to separate product from ammonium chloride. The extracts were filtered and concentrated to afford 10.6 g of 5-methylpyridinylcarboxamide as a brown solid (73%): mp 160-163°C.

Step 3: Preparation of 3-cvano-5-methylpvridine

To a suspension of 5methylpyridinylcarboxamide from step 2 (10.5 g, 15 0.077 mol) in triethylamine (23.3 g, 0.23 mol) and 400 mL of methylene chloride was added trifluoroacetic anhydride (21.0 g, 0.100 mol) rapidly at 0°C. The reaction was completed after a few minutes. Water was added and the aqueous 20 layer was extracted with methylene chloride. The combined organic layers were washed with water, brine and dried over magnesium sulfate. After filtration, the filtrate was concentrated to give 9.18 g of 3-cyano-5-methylpyridine crude, which 25 was used in the next step without purification.

Step 4: Preparation of 3-methyl-5-[4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyll-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4.5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yllpyridine

To a suspension of 4-(methylsulfonyl)aniline hydrochloride (10.5 g, 0.051 mol) in toluene (500 mL) was added trimethylaluminum (2M solution in toluene, 75.0 mL, 0.150 mol) over 15 minutes at 0°C. The reaction mixture was warmed up to room temperature and stirred for 2 hours. A solution of 3-cyano-5-methylpyridine from step 3 in 90 mL of toluene was added over 10 minutes and the

mixture was stirred at 85-90°C for 16 hours. reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and filtered through a slurry of silica gel. After filtration, the residue was washed with methanol (800 mL). The combined filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was treated with a mixture of ether and hexane (2/1, 1000 mL). The brownish solid was filtered and washed with more ether and hexane to give 11.8 g of N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-5-10 methylnicotinamidine (80%). To a mixture of the above crude amidine (11.3 g, 0.039 mol) and sodium bicarbonate (9.83 g, 0.12 mol) in isopropanol (400 mL) was added 3-bromo-1,1,1-trifluoroacetone (11.2 g, 0.059 mol) quickly at room temperature. 15 heating the reaction mixture at 75-80°C for 16 hours, the solvent was removed and the residue was partitioned between water and methylene chloride. The organic layers were washed with brine, dried 20 over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/acetone, 98:2) to give pure 3methyl-5-[4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-25 4-(trifluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2yl]pyridine as a yellow solid (3.85 g, 25%): mp (DSC) 237-239°C; Anal. Calc'd. for C17H16F3N3O3S: C, 51.12, H, 4.04, N, 10.52, S, 8.03. Found: C, 51.02, H, 3.94, N, 10.19, S, 8.11.

Step 5: Preparation of 3-methyl-5-[1-[4-[methylsulfonyl]] phenyll-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-2-yllpyridine

A mixture of 3-methyl-5-[4-hydroxy-1-[4-35 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine from step 4 (3.8 g, 9.5 mmol) and p-toluenesulfonic acid

162

monohydrate (0.91 g, 4.8 mmol) in 150 mL of toluene was heated to reflux for 24 hours. reaction mixture was cooled and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was partitioned between water and methylene chloride. The organic layer was washed with water, saturated sodium bicarbonate solution and brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was evaporated in vacuo and the crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel 10 (ethyl acetate/acetone, 98:2) to give 3-methyl-5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine as a yellow solid (1.7 g, 47%): mp (DSC) 196-198°C; Anal. Calc'd. for $c_{17}H_{14}F_{3}N_{3}O_{2}s$: C, 53.54, H, 3.70, N, 11.02, S, 15 8.41. Found: C, 53.50, H, 3.65, N, 10.82, S, 8.55.

Example 40

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4-[2-(4-Methylpyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide

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To a stirred solution of the product of Example 34 (294.5 mg, 0.77 mmol) in 11 ml of freshly distilled THF at 0 $^{\circ}$ C was added 1.54 ml of butyl magnesium chloride (2.0 M solution in THF) over a period of 6 minutes. After stirring at 25 $^{\circ}$ C for 2.5 hours, the reaction was

cooled to 0 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ and 3.85 ml of triethylborane (1.0 M solution in THF) was added over 30 minutes. The reaction mixture was stirred at 25°C for 1.5 hours and heated to reflux. After 72 hours, the reaction mixture was diluted with 50 ml of ethyl acetate and washed with 5 aqueous sodium bicarbonate (2 \times 50 ml). The organic extracts were dried (MgSO4), filtered and the solvent removed under reduced pressure to provide 359 of an orange solid, which was purified by chromatography (SiO2; 40% toluene/ethyl acetate) to provide 68.1 mg of 10 a light yellow solid. Preparative thin layer chromatography (SiO2; 50% ethyl acetate/toluene) of 22 mg of this material yielded 14 mg of 4-[2-(4methylpyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide: mp (DSC) 283 °C. Anal. Calc'd. 15 for C16H13F3N4O2S: C, 50.26; H, 3.43; N, 14.65; S, 8.50. Found: C, 50.41; H, 3.37; N, 14.18; S, 8.51.

Example 41

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2-[1-[4-(Methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]thiophene

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Step 1: Preparation of N-[4-(methylsulfonyl) phenyll-2-thiophenecarboximidamide

To a suspension of 4-(methylsulfonyl)aniline (10.4 g, 61.1 mmol) in toluene (400 ml) at 0°C, trimethylaluminum (2M solution in toluene, 46.8 ml,

91.6 mmol) was added over 15 minutes. The reaction

mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 2 hours. A solution of 2-thiophenecarbonitrile (10.0 g, 91.6 mmol) in toluene (200 ml) was added over 10 minutes and the mixture was heated to 80-85°C. After 16 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and poured over a slurry of silica gel in chloroform. After filtration, the residue was washed with a mixture of methylene chloride/methanol and later with methanol. The combined filtrates were concentrated and the resulting yellow solid was stirred with ethyl 10 acetate and filtered. The pale yellow solid (9.8 g, 57%) was used in the next reaction without further purification: m.p. (DSC) 182°C. Anal. Calc'd. for $C_{12}H_{12}N_{2}S_{2}O_{2}$: C, 51.41, H, 4.31, N, 9.99, S, 22.87. Found: C, 51.02, H, 4.37, N, 9.80, S, 22.93. 15

Step 2: Preparation of 2-[4-hvdroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyll-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4.5dihvdro-1H-imidazol-2-vllthiophene

To a mixture of the amidine of step 1 (2.0 g, 7.1 20 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (1.2 g, 14.3 mmol) in isopropanol (200 ml), 3-bromo-1,1,1-trifluoroacetone (1.1 ml, 10.7 mmol) was added. After heating at 80-85°C for 16 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled and filtered. The residue was washed with methylene chloride and the combined organic fractions were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated. The crude mixture (25.7 g) was purified by chromatography (silica gel, ethyl acetate/hexane 55/45) to give the 4,5-dihydro-imidazole (1.1 g, 38%) as a white solid: mp 30 (DSC) 214°C. Anal. Calc'd. for $C_{15}H_{13}N_2S_2O_3F_3$: C, 46.15, H, 3.36, N, 7.18, S, 16.43. Found: C, 46.09, H, 3.26, N, 7.07, S, 16.71.

Step 3: Preparation of 2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonvl) 35 phenyll-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2vllthiophene

A mixture of the 4,5-dihydro-imidazole of step 2 (0.60 g, 1.54 mmol) and p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (0.12 g, 0.63 mmol) in toluene (100 ml) was heated to reflux for 4.5 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The crude mixture (1.2 g) was purified by chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate/hexane 50/50 to give pure 2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]thiophene (0.47 g, 82%) as a white solid: mp (DSC) 182°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C15H11N2S2O2F3 C, 48.38, H, 2.98, N, 7.52, S, 17.22. Found: C, 48.36, H, 3.02, N, 7.42, S, 17.47.

Example 42

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3-[1-[4-(Methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]thiophene

20 Step 1: Preparation of N-[4-

(methylsulfonyl)phenyll-2-thiophenecarboximidamide

g, 19.5 mmol) in toluene (200 ml) at 0°C, trimethylaluminum (2M solution in toluene, 14.7 ml, 29.3 mmol) was added over 15 minutes. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 2 hours. A solution of 3-thiophenecarbonitrile (3.2 g, 29.3 mmol) in toluene (50 ml) was added over 10 minutes and the mixture was heated to 80-85°C. After 16 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and poured over a slurry of silica gel in chloroform. After

166

filtration, the residue was washed with a mixture of methylene chloride/methanol and later with methanol. The combined filtrates were concentrated and the resulting yellow solid was stirred with ethyl acetate and filtered. The pale yellow solid (2.7 g, 49%) was used in the next reaction without further purification: mp (DSC) 213 °C, Anal. Calc'd. for C12H12N2S2O2: C, 51.41, H, 4.31, N, 9.99, S, 22.87. Found: C, 51.28, H, 4.06, N, 9.86, S, 23.14.

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Step 2: Preparation of 3-[4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4.5dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yllthiophene

To a mixture of the amidine of step 1 (3.5 g, 15 12.5 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (2.1 g, 25.0 mmol) in isopropanol (200 ml), 3-bromo-1,1,1-trifluoroacetone (1.96 ml, 18.7 mmol) was added. After heating at 80-85°C for 16 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled and filtered. The residue was washed with methylene 20 chloride and the combined organic fractions were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated. The crude material was purified by chromatography (silica gel, ethyl acetate/toluene (6/4)) to give 3-[4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4,5-25 dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]thiophene (1.7 g, 35%) as a white solid: mp (DSC) 226°C. Anal. Calc'd. for $C_{15}H_{13}N_2S_2O_3F_3$: C, 46.15, H, 3.36, N, 7.18, S, 16.43. Found: C, 46.56, H, 3.39, N, 7.01, S, 16.88.

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Step 3: Preparation of 3-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-2-yllthiophene

A mixture of the 4.5-dihydro-imidazole of step 2

(1.5 g, 3.8 mmol) and p-toluenesulfonic acid
monohydrate (0.30 g, 1.5 mmol) in toluene (250 ml) was
heated to reflux for 40 hours. An additional p-

167

toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (0.15 g, 0.78 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was heated to reflux for 18 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The crude mixture (3.5 g) was purified by chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate/toluene (55/45) to give pure 3-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]thiophene (0.90 g, 64%) as a white solid: mp 194-197°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C15H11N2S2O2F3: C, 48.38, H, 2.98, N, 7.52, S, 17.22. Found: C, 48.74, H, 2.98, N, 7.56, S, 17.45.

Example 43

$$CF_3$$
 CH_3
 SO_2NH_2

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4-[2-(5-Methylpyridin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide

20 To a solution of 3-methyl-5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2yl]pyridine (Example 39) (1.9 mmol) in 25 mL of dry THF was added n-BuMgCl (3.8 mL of 2.0 M THF solution, 7.5 mmol) slowly at 0 °C. After stirring for additional 15 minutes, 25 the solution was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was re-cooled to 0°C and triethylborane (9.5 mL of 1.0 M THF solution, 9.5 mmol) was added. After stirring at for 2 hours, the mixture was heated to reflux for 72 hours. The reaction mixture was 30 cooled to room temperature and treated with a solution of sodium acetate (2.3 g) in 10 mL of water. After stirring for 5 minutes, hydroxylamine-O-sulfonic acid (2.3 g) was

168

added and the mixture was stirred for 20 hours. The reaction mixture was extracted with ether (2 x 100 mL). The ethereal layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by chromatography on silica gel (isopropanol/toluene, 5:95) to give 0.07 g of 4-[2-(5-methylpyridin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide as a colorless solid (8%): mp 242-243°C. Anal. Calc'd. For C16H13F3N4O2S: C, 50.26, H, 3.43, N, 14.65, S, 8.39.

10 Found: C, 50.02, H, 3.63, N, 14.26, S, 8.41.

Example 44

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2-Methyl-3-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine

Step 1: Preparation of 2-methylnicotinamide:

g, 0.111 mol) and 1,1'-carbonyldiimidazole (36.0 g, 0.222 mol) was added 300 mL of methylene chloride dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. Ammonia gas was distilled into the reaction mixture for 30 minutes using a dry ice condenser and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for an additional hour. Solvent was removed under vacuum and the residue was dissolved with 500 mL of acetonitrile. The solution was concentrated to half volume at low temperature and the product precipitated out as white solid. The crude mixture was recrystallized from ethanol/ether to give 11.5 g of 2-

WO 96/03388

methylnicotinamide as a colorless crystal (76%): mp 160-163°C. Anal. Calc'd. For $C_7H_8N_2O$: C, 61.75, H, 5.92, N, 20.57. Found: C, 61.44, H, 6.14, N, 20.66.

5 Step 2: Preparation of 3-cvano-2-methylpyridine:

To a suspension of 2-methylnicotinamide from step 1 (11.1 g, 0.081 mol) in triethylamine (24.8 g, 0.243 mol) and 400 mL of methylene chloride was added trifluoroacetic anhydride (21.0 g, 0.100 mol) rapidly at 0°C. The reaction was complete after a few minutes at this temperature. Water was added and the aqueous layer was extracted with methylene chloride. The combined organic layers were washed with water, brine and dried over magnesium sulfate. After filtration, the filtrate was concentrated and the residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 1:1) to give 7.2 g of 3-cyano-2-methylpyridine as a pale yellow solid (75%): mp(DSC) 56-58°C.

20 Step 3: Preparation of 2-methyl-3-[4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yllpyridine:

To a suspension of 4-(methylsulfonyl)aniline hydrochloride (6.85 g, 0.040 mol) in dichloroethane (400 25 mL) was added triethylaluminum (1.9M solution in toluene, 32.0 mL, 60 mmol) over 15 minutes at 0°C. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 2 hours. A solution of 3-cyano-2-methylpyridine, from step 2, in 70 mL of dichloroethane was added over 10 minutes and 30 the mixture was stirred at 75°C for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and ed with 50 g of silica gel. The ure was stirred f minutes and filtered. The file of and washings we: centrated under reduced pressure \vec{a} the residue was \vec{w} ith 35 ether to give 7.3 g of crude 2-methyl-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-3-pyridin@:arboximidal. (80; To a mixture of the above crude amadine (7.0 g. 4 mcl)

170

and sodium bicarbonate (4.0 g, 0.048 mol) in isopropanol (350 mL) was added 3-bromo-1,1,1-trifluoroacetone (6.9 g. 0.036 mol) rapidly at room temperature. After heating the reaction mixture at 75-80°C for 16 hours, the solvent was removed and the residue was partitioned between water and methylene chloride. The organic layers were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl 10 acetate/acetone, 98:2) to give 4.02 g of pure 2-methyl-3-[4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine as a yellow solid (25%): mp (DSC) 237-239°C. Anal. Calc'd. for $C_{17}H_{16}F_3N_3O_3S$: C, 51.12, H, 4.04, N, 10.52, S, 8.03. 15 Found: C, 50.92, H, 4.12, N, 10.04, S, 7.83.

Step 4: Preparation of 2-methvl-3-[1-[4-

(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2yllpyridine:

20 A mixture of 2-methyl-3-[4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazol-2-yl]pyridine from step 3 (3.97 g, 0.01 mol) and p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (0.60 g, 0.0032 mol) in 250 mL of toluene was heated to reflux for 24 hours. reaction mixture was cooled and the solvent was removed 25 under reduced pressure. The residue was partitioned between water and methylene chloride. The organic layer was washed with water, saturated sodium bicarbonate solution and brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and 30 filtered. The filtrate was evaporated in vacuo and the crude product was purified by recrystallization from ethyl acetate/hexane to give 2.8 g of 2-methyl-3-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2yl]pyridine (73%): mp 160-161°C. Anal. Calc'd. for 35 $C_{17}H_{14}F_{3}N_{3}O_{2}S$: C, 53.54, H, 3.70, N, 11.02, S, 8.41. Found: C, 53.58, H, 3.88, N, 11.02, S, 8.51.

Example 45

5 4-[2-(2-Methylpyridin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide

Step 1: Preparation of 2-methyl-3-[1-[4-[[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethyl]sulfonyl]phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yllpyridine

To a solution of diisopropylamine (0.7 mL, 0.005 mol) in 9 mL of dry THF was added butyllithium (BuLi) (2.83 mL of 1.62M solution in hexane, 4.6 mmol) at 0°C. The solution was stirred at this temperature for 5 minutes and 15 cooled to -78°C with a dry ice/isopropanol bath. A solution of 2-methyl-3-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine (Example 44) (1.46 g, 3.8 mmol) in 12 mL of dry THF was added over 10 minutes and the reaction mixture was stirred at -78°C for 1 20 hour. (Iodomethyl)trimethylsilane (1.23 g, 57 mmol) was added dropwise and the reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and was stirred overnight. The reaction was quenched with 50 mL of 1 N HCl and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate $(3 \times 60 \text{ mL})$. 25 The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over MgSO4, filtered and concentrated. The crude mixture was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 65:35) to give 1.30 g of 2-methyl-3-[1-[4-[2-30 (trimethylsily1) ethyl] sulfonyl]phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine as a white solid (74%): mp(DSC)

155-157°C. Anal. Calc'd. for $C_{21}H_{24}F_3N_3O_2SSi: C, 53.94; H,$ 5.17; N, 8.99; S, 6.86. Found: C, 53.77; H, 4.94; N, 8.75; s, 6.98.

Step 2: Preparation of 4-[2-(2-methylpyridin-3-vl)-4-5 (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-vllbenzenesulfonamide:

To a solution of 2-methy1-3-[1-[4-[[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethyl]sulfonyl]phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine from Step 1 (0.234 g, 0.5 mmol) in 1.5 mL of dry THF was added n-Bu₄NF (1.5 mL of 1.0M THF 10 solution, 1.5 mmol). The mixture was heated to reflux for 1 hour and cooled to room temperature. A solution of sodium acetate (0.19 g, 2.3 mmol) in 3 mL of water and hydroxylamine-O-sulfonic acid (0.28 g, 2.5 mmol) were added sequentially and the mixture was stirred for 1 hour. Water 15 (7 mL) and ethyl acetate (7 mL) were added. The organic phase was separated and washed with sat. NaHCO3 solution, water, and brine, dried over MgSO4 and filtered. filtrate was concentrated and the residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/acetone, 95:5) 20 to give 0.16 g of 4-[2-(2-methylpyridin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide as a colorless solid (84%): mp 235-237°C. Anal. Calc'd. for $C_{16}H_{13}F_{3}N_{4}O_{2}S$: C, 50.26; H, 3.43; N, 14.65; S, 8.39. Found: C, 50.06; H, 3.29; N, 14.44; S, 8.52.

PCT/US95/09506

WO 96/03388

Example

173

4-[2-(Pyridin-3-y1)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide

3-[1-[4-[[2-

5

20

(Trimethylsilyl)ethyl]sulfonyl]phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine was

10 prepared with the product of Example 28 with a method similar to that described in Example 45, Step 1. solution of 3-[1-[4-[[2-

(trimethylsilyl)ethyl]sulfonyl]phenyl]-4-

(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine (0.200 g,

0.46 mmol) in 1.0 mL of dry THF was added n-Bu₄NF (1.38 15 mL of 1.0 M THF solution, 1.38 mmol). The mixture was heated to reflux for 1 hour and cooled to room temperature. A solution of sodium acetate (0.17 g, 2.1 mmol) in 3 mL of water and hydroxylamine-O-sulfonic

acid (0.26 g, 2.3 mmol) were added sequentially and the mixture was stirred for 1 hour. Water (7 mL) and ethyl acetate (7 mL) were added. The organic phase was separated and washed with saturated NaHCO3 solution, water, brine, dried over MgSO₄ and filtered.

filtrate was concentrated and the residue was purified 25 by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/acetone, 95:5) to give 0.147 g of 4-[2-(pyridin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide as a colorless solid (87%): mp(DSC) 213-215 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for $C_{15}H_{11}F_3N_4O_2S$: C, 48.91; H, 3.01; N, 15.21; 30

S, 8.71. Found: C, 48.58; H, 2.99; N, 14.87; S, 8.85.

```
The following imidazole derivatives could be
    prepared by the procedure described in Example 26 or
    45:
 5
          Example 47: 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methyl-1H-
    imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
          Example 48: 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-phenyl-1H-
    imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
          Example 49: 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-
10
    fluorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
          Example 50: 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-
    bromophenyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
          Example 51: 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-naphthyl)-
    1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
15
          Example 52: 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[4-
    (trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]-1H-imidazol-1-
    yl]benzenesulfonamide;
          Example 53: 4-[2,4-bis(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-
    imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
20
          Example 54: 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(3-
    chlorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
          Example 55: 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[4-
    (methoxy)phenyl]-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
          Example 56: 4-[2-(4-chloropheny1)-4-(3-
25
    fluorophenyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl}benzenesulfonamide;
          Example 57: 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[(4-
    chlorophenoxy)methyl]-1H-imidazol-1-
    yl]benzenesulfonamide;
          Example 58: 4-[2-(3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl)-4-
30
    (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
          Example 59: 4-[2-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-4-
    (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
          Example 60: 4-[2-(4-\text{chlorophenyl})-4-
    [(phenylthio)methyl]-1H-imidazol-1-
35
    yl]benzenesulfonamide;
```

175

Example 61: 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[(N-methyl-N-phenylamine)] phenylamine)methyl]-1H-imidazol-1-

yl]benzenesulfonamide;

Example 62: 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[(2-

5 quinolylmethoxy)methyl]-1H-imidazol-1-

yl]benzenesulfonamide;

Example 63: 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methoxymethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;

Example 64: 4-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-

10 (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;

Example 65: 4-[2-phenyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-

imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide; and

Example 66: 4-[2-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide.

15

20

25

The following imidazole derivative was prepared by the procedure described in Example 28:

Example 67: 1-methyl-3-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-1H-indole.

The following imidazole derivatives in Tables I-IV were obtained according to procedures of Schemes I-XIV. Many of these were synthesized by using the experimental conditions given in Examples 1-5. The sulfonamide derivatives were synthesized from the corresponding sulfones using experimental procedure given for Examples 26-27 and 45.

Compounds	
oŧ	٠,
Characterization	כ
: H	
Table	

Example	×	ďш	Elemental Analysis	lalysis	
•		DSC (°C)	ים, טומט	Found	1
			C H N S	C H N S	16
80	4-CH3	263	53.54 3.70 11.02 8.41	53.91 3.62 10.71 8.57	
69	3-CH ₃	222.9	53.54 3.70 11.02 8.41	53.81 3.56 10.89 8.54	
7.0	3-c1	204.1	47.82 2.76 10.46 7.98	48.09 2.50 10.09 8.16	
71	3,5-diF, 4-OCH3	245.1	57.27 3.85 10.02 7.64	56.94 3.77 9.78 7.50	
72	×	234-235	52.31 3.29 11.44 8.71	52.40 3.27 11.06 8.44	
73	3,4-diF	215.9	47.65 2.50 10.42 7.95	47.68 2.44 10.25 8.07	
74	3-C1, 4-OCH ₃	212.0	47.29 3.03 .9.73 7.43	47.41 2.76 9.49 7.48	
75	3 - F	204-205	49.74 3.13 10.88 8.30	49.99 2.95 10.49 8.45	
76	4-C1, 5-OCH ₃	208-209	47.29 3.03 9.73 7.43	47.21 2.95 9.62 7.73	
77	3-F, 5-0CH ₃	208.8	49.16 3.15 10.12 7.72	49.31 2.95 9.84 7.88	

Table I: Characterization of Compounds (cont.)

Example	×	Qm (%)	Elemental Analysis	Analysis		
		D3C (C)	Calc'd	Found	ď	
			C H N S	С н	z	ß
78	3-Br, 4-0CH ₃	208-210	41.69 2.98 8.58 6.55	41.52 2.9 7.81 6.14	7.81	6.14
79	2-F	169-171	49.87 2.88 10.9 8.32	49.5 2.83 10.34 8.61	10.34	8.61
80	3-Br	203-205	43.07 2.48 9.42 7.19	42.71 2.44 8.94	8.94	6.68
81	3-C1, 4-SCH ₃	205-207	45.59 2.93 9.38 14.32	46.00 3.11 8.96	8.96	14.29
82	3-c1, 5-cH ₃	219-221	49.1 3.15 10.11 7.71	49.44 3.11	7.6	7.89
83	3-F, 5-CH ₃	230-231	51.13 3.28 10.52 8.03	51.49 3.51 10.00 8.15	10.00	8.15
84	3-CF3	208.8	46.90 2.55 9.65 7.37	47.30 2.54 9.47 7.49	9.47	7.49

Table II: Characterization of Compounds

Example	×	QUI		Elem	Elemental Analysis	alysis		
		DSC (2C)	Calc'd	p		Found	nd	
			NHU	z	ഗ	н о	Z	S
u d		0 11	08 8 90 9 36 6 36 05	90 9	08	50.66.2.82.6.87.8.30	6.87	8.30
0	3, 4-dir	0.601	20.52				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·)
98	3-CH ₃	169.8	56.84 3.97 7.36 8.43	7.36	8.43	56.88 3.76 7.26	6 7.26	8.81
87	3-c1	175.4	50.94 3.02 6.99 8.00	6.99	8.00	51.06 3.06 6.93 8.13	6 6.93	8.13
88	3 - F	189.3	53.13 3.15 7.29	7.29	8.34	53.50 3.16 7.22	6 7.22	8.46
88	4-F, 3-CH3	166.9	54.27 3.54 7.03	7.03	8.05	54.47 3.40 6.88	98.9	8.31
06	3-CF3	168.2	49.77 2.78 6.45 7.38	6.45	7.38	49.91 2.60 6.34	0 6.34	7.68
91	3,5-diF, 4-0CH3	174.7	50.00 3.03 6.48 7.42	6.48	7.42	50.00 3.03 6.33 7.44	3 6.33	7.44

Table II: Characterization of Compounds (cont.)

Example	×	OSC (%)	Elemental	ntal Anal	Analysis			
			Calcid			Found	T	
			N H D	S	U U	H	z	တ
92	3-CH ₂ OCH ₃	101.9	55.60 4.18 6.83 7	7.81	55.50	4.14	6.72	8.06
93	3-C1, 4-OCH3	193.3	50.18 3.28 6.50 7	7.44		3.32	9	7 42
94	3,4-diCH3	187-188	57.86 4.34 7.10 8	8.13		4.23	7.20	8.05
95	4-0CH ₃	167.5	54.54 3.81 7.07 8	8.09	54.32	3.88	6.90	8.24
96	3-0CH ₃	143.2	54.54 3.81 7.07 8	8.09	54.27 3	3.82	6.91	8.31
97	4-c1, 5-ocH ₃	215.3	50.18 3.28 6.50 7	7.44	50.20 3	3.20	6.23	7.76
. 86	3-F, 5-0CH ₃	178-179	52.17 3.41 6.76 7	7.74		3.29	99.9	7.87
66	4-SCH ₃	193-195	52.42 3.67 6.79 1	15.55	52.19 3	3.63	6.61	15.55
100	4-SO ₂ CH ₃	215-216	48.64 3.4 6.3 1	14.43		3.47	6.24	14.36
101	3,5-CH ₃ , 4-OCH ₃	167-169	56.6 4.51 6.6 7	7.55		4.61	6.44	7.72
102	2,5-CH ₃ , 4-OCH ₃	193-194	56.6 4.51 6.6 7	7.55		4.65	6.47	7.99
103	2-F	191-192	53.13 3.15 7.29 8	8.34		3.55	6.89	8.55
104	2-c1	201-203	50.94 3.02 6.99 8	8.00	50.86 3	3.06	6.88	7.83
105	$4-N(CH_3)_2$	219-221	55.74 4.43 10.26 7	7.83		4.00	10	7.81
. 106	$3-F$, $4-N(CH_3)_2$	163-164	53.59 4.01 9.83 7	7.5	53.48 3	3.79		7.67
107	3-Br	163-165	45.86 3.73 6.29 7	7.2	45.84 2	2.59		7.37
108	3-NO ₂	207-209	49.64 2.94 10.21 7	7.79	49 48 2		_	

Table II: Characterization of Compounds (cont.)

Pysim le	×	ĐE ĐE	Eleme	Elemental Analysis	lysis		
a rainby a	:	DSC (°C)	ئے۔ ترامن مامال		Found	1	
			N H O	ω	C H	S	
901	4-NP (CH2)	200-202	54.68 4.08 10.63	8.11	54.74 3.98	10.42 7	7.96
110	3-NH2	218-200	53.54 3.7 11.02	11.02 8.41	52.92 3.58	10.67 8.6	9.
111	3-NH (CH ₂)	80-95	54.68 4.08 10.63	10.63 8.11	54.56 4.12	10.28 8	8.09
112	3-F. 4-NH(CH ₃)	205-206	52.3 3.66 10.16	10.16 7.76	51.74 3.51	9.96 7	7.99
113	3-SCH ₃	135-137	52.42 3.67 6.79	15.55	52.29 3.57	6.74 1	15.22
717	3-C1. 5-CH3	171-173	52.12 3.4 6.75	7.73	51.95 3.22	6.69 7	7.9
115	3 5-Cl 4-0CH	198-202	46.47 2.82 6.02	15.24	46.49 2.77	5.8 1	14.73
116	3-F 4-CH3	173-176	54.27 3.54 7.03	8.05	54.65 3.64	6.74 8	8.14
110	2-F, 4-CH3	178-181	54.27 3.54 7.03	8.05	53.85 3.29	6.81 8	8.3
118	4-C1. 3-CH3	182-184	52.12 3.4 6.25	7.73	52.36 3.49	6.78 7	7.95
110	3-C1. 4-N(CH ₃)2	178-179	51.41 3.86 9.47	7.22	51.44 3.65	9.34 7	7.28
120	3-C1, 4-SCH ₃	181-184	48.38 3.16 6.27	14.35	47.9 3.05	5.97	13.84
121	2-CH ₃	132-134	56.84 3.97 7.36	8.43	56.75 3.82	7.28	8.59
122	3-N(CH ₃) ₂	170-171	55.74 4.43 10.26 7.83	6 7.83	55.66 4.66	9.95	7.7

<pre>Pable III: Characterization of Compounds OH OH</pre>	$\stackrel{N}{\longleftarrow} CF_3$	\z-		SO ₂ CH ₃
Characteri	2		 	
III:				
rable				

Example	×	mp DSC (°C)	Element	Elemental Analysis				
			Calc'd		Found	70		
			N H O	හ	H O	z	S	18
								31
123	3-C1, 4-OCH ₃	222.1	48.17 3.59 6.24 7.14	24 7.14	48.11 3.83 5.80 7.21	5.80	7.21	
124	3-CH ₃ , 4-OCH ₃	173.7	54.85 4.70 6.73	73 7.71	54.65 4.45 6.58	6.58	8.30	
125	4-0CH ₃	168.5	52.17 4.13 6.76	76 7.74	52.32 4.20 6.52	6.52		
126	3-0CH ₃	176.4	52.17 4.13 6.76		51.80 4.12	7 7 7		
127	4-c1, 5-ocH ₃	137-138			46.45 3.72 5.84	5.84	7.25	
128	3-F, 5-OCH ₃	185-186	50.00 3.73 6.48	18 7.42	50.12 3.78 6.36	6.36		
129	4-SCH ₃	187-190	50.22 3.98 6.51	14.9	49.99 3.88 6.32 14 95	6.32	14 95	
130	$3-F$, $4-N(CH_3)_2$	212-214			50.58 4.38 9.09 7.23	000	7.23	

1 2 2

Table IV: Characterization of Compounds

× Z=	Z	_	_>	 SO ₂ R

>	ρ	>	7.	QW		Elemental Analysis	lysis	
<u>;</u>	:	•	1	၂၁ (၂၀)	ຄ.ນ[ຄນ	TO	Found	.
					С	S	H O	S
13.	Ä	£	3-methoxy-5-pyridyl	262-264	48.24 3.29 14.06 8.05	14.06 8.05	48.49 3.34	48.49 3.34 13.55 8.01
132	Ğ.	i f	3-methoxy-5-pyridyl		51.38 3.55 10.57 8.07	10.57 8.07	50.98 3.31	50.98 3.31 10.38 8.15
133	£	CF.	2-quinolyl	264.5	57.55 3.38 10.07 7.68	10.07 7.68	57.52 3.36	57.52 3.36 9.98 7.60
134	CH ₃	CF3	2-pyrazinyl	200.6	48.91 3.01 15.21	15.21	48.79 2.84 15.00	15.00
135	CH ₃	CF3	2-methyl-4-thiazolyl	197.2	46.51 3.12	46.51 3.12 10.85 16.35	46.53 3.28	46.53 3.28 10.62 16.67
136	NH ₂	æ	5-methyl-2-pyridyl	216	50.26 3.43 14.65	14.65	50.58 3.49 14.50	14.50

Example 137

Ethyl [2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl] carboxylate

A mixture of 4-chloro-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl] benzenecarboximidamide (Example 1, step 1) (1.00 g, 3.34 mmol), sodium bicarbonate (544 mg, 6.47 mmol), and ethyl bromopyruvate (1.40 g, 7.19 mmol) in 50 ml of isopropanol was stirred at reflux for 7 hours. After cooling, the mixture was evaporated. The residue was partitioned between dichloromethane and water, and the aqueous layer further extracted with dichloromethane. The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated. Chromatography of the residue over silica gel using mixtures of ethyl acetate and toluene as eluents gave the title compound as a pale yellow solid: mp (DSC) 162°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C19H19ClN2O5S (MW 422.89): C, 53.96; H, 4.53; N, 6.62. Found: C, 53.99; H, 4.49; N, 6.42.

PCT/US95/09506

WO 96/03388

184

Example 138

Ethyl [2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazol-4-yl] carboxylate

A mixture of 4-chloro-N-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl] benzenecarboximidamide (Example 1, step 1) (12.1 g, 39.2 mmol), sodium bicarbonate (6.58 g, 78.3 mmol), and 90% ethyl bromopyruvate (16.9 g) in 480 ml of 2propanol was stirred at reflux overnight. After cooling, the mixture was concentrated. The residue was partitioned between dichloromethane and water and the aqueous layer further extracted with dichloromethane. The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated. Trituration of the residue with ethyl acetate gave the title compound as a pale beige, crystalline solid (6.61 g): mp (DSC) 218°C. Anal. Calc'd. for $C_{19}H_{17}ClN_2O_4S$ (MW 404.87): C, 56.37; H, 4.23; N, 6.92. Found: C, 56.28; H, 4.13; N, 6.80.

Example 139

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole-4-methanol

To a solution of 4.00 g (9.88 mmol) of Example 138 in 125 ml of dichloromethane stirring in a dry ice/isopropanol bath was added 24.7 ml of 1M diisobutylaluminum hydride in toluene (containing 24.7 mmol). The mixture was warmed to room temperature overnight. Excess reagent was quenched with methanol, and the resulting mixture was washed with 15% aqueous acetic acid. The aqueous layer was further extracted with dichloromethane, and the combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate. After filtration and evaporation, the residue was triturated with 50% ethyl acetate/hexane, and the alcohol was obtained as a white solid: m.p. 205-208°C. Anal. Calc'd. for C17H15ClN2O3S·1/2 H2O (MW 371.84): C, 54.91; H, 4.07; N, 7.53. Found: C, 54.75; H, 3.96; N, 7.17.

WO 96/03388 PCT/US95/09506

186

Example 140

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-[(4-methylphenoxy)methyl]-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole

Step 1: Preparation of 4-chloromethyl-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole

A suspension of the title product of Example 139 (1.82 g, 4.96 mmol) in 10 ml of chloroform was treated with thionyl chloride (1.18 g, 9.92 mmol), and the resulting mixture was stirred at reflux for 1 hour. Another 1.18 g of thionyl chloride was added, and reflux continued for 1 hour. After cooling, the mixture was evaporated and the residue was chromatographed over silica gel using 50% ethyl acetate/hexane as eluent to give the chloromethyl compound as a very pale yellow crystalline solid (1.26 g): m.p. 166-169°C.

Step 2: Preparation of 2-(4-Chlorophenvl)-4-[(4-methylphenoxy)methyl]-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole

A mixture of 122 mg (0.32 mmole) of 4-chloromethyl-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole (Step 1), p-cresol (69 mg, 0.64 mmole), and potassium carbonate (110 mg, 0.8 mmole) in 5 ml of dimethylformamide was stirred at 85-90 °C for 6 hours. After cooling, the mixture was partitioned between ethyl acetate and aqueous sodium

chloride, and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated. Chromatography of the residue over silica gel using mixtures of ethyl acetate and hexane gave 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[(4-methylphenoxy)methyl]-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole as a pure white solid (118 mg): m.p. (DSC) 193 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for C24H21ClN2O3S (MW 452.96): C, 63.64; H, 4.67; N, 6.18. Found: C, 63.42; H, 4.64; N, 5.79.

Example 141

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-[[(4-methylphenoxy)thio]methyl]-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole

To a solution of 4-chloromethy1-2-(4-chloropheny1)-1-[4-(methylsulfony1)pheny1]-1H-imidazole (Example 140, Step 1) in 5 ml of dimethylformamide was added p-thiocresol (98 mg, 0.79 mmole) and anhydrous potassium carbonate (136 mg, 0.985 mmole), and the mixture was stirred rapidly overnight. The mixture was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water, and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. Chromatography of the residue over silica gel using mixtures of ethyl acetate and hexane as eluent gave the title compound as

PCT/US95/09506

WO 96/03388

. 188

a glassy solid: m.p. (DSC) 51 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for $C_{24}H_{21}ClN_2O_2S_2$ (MW 469.03): C, 61.46; H, 4.51; N, 5.97. Found: C, 61.38; H, 4.68; N, 5.81.

Example 142

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-[(4-methylthio)methyl]-1H-imidazole

To a solution of of 4-chloromethyl-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole (Example 140, Step 1) (150 mg, 0.394 mmole) in 5 ml of dimethylformamide was added sodium thiomethoxide (55 mg, 0.79 mmole) and the mixture was stirred for three days. The mixture was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water, and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated. Chromatography of the residue over silica gel using mixtures of ethyl acetate and hexane as eluents gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (64 mg): Anal. Calc'd. for C18H17ClN2O2S2·1/2 H2O (MW 401.93): C, 53.79; H, 4.26; N, 6.97. Found: C, 53.97; H, 4.43; N, 6.84.

WO 96/03388

189

PCT/US95/09506

Example 143

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-(4-methoxymethyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole

To a solution of 46 mg (2.0 mmol) of sodium metal in 2 ml of methanol was added a solution of 4-chloromethyl-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole (Example 140, Step 1) (167 mg, 0.438 mmole) and the mixture was stirred overnight. The mixture was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water, and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated. Chromatography of the residue over silica gel using ethyl acetate as the eluent gave the title compound as a white crystalline solid (72%): mp 171-172 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for C18H17ClN2O3S (MW 376.86): C, 57.37; H, 4.55; N, 7.43. Found: C, 57.29; H, 4.42; N, 7.33.

WO 96/03388 PCT/US95/09506

190

Example

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole-4-carboxaldehyde

To 8 ml of a 1:1 mixture of dimethyl sulfoxide and dichloromethane stirring in a dry ice/isopropanol bath under nitrogen was added dropwise oxalyl chloride (321 ul, 3.69 mmol). After stirring for 10 minutes, a solution of 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole-4-methanol (Example 139) (670 mg, 1.85 mmol) in 25 ml of a 1:1 mixture of dimethyl sulfoxide and dichloromethane. Stirring was continued while warming to 0 °C, where it was maintained for 15 minutes. Triethylamine (1.87 g, 18.5 mmol) was added, and the mixture was stirred overnight while warming to room temperature. The mixture was partitioned between dichloromethane and water, the organic layer was washed with water and then brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated. Chromatography of the residue over silica gel using mixtures of ethyl acetate and hexane gave the title compound as an off-white solid (330 mg): mp (DSC) 203 ℃. Anal. Calc'd. for C₁₇H₁₃ClN₂O₃S (MW 360.82): C, 56.59; H, 3.63; N, 7.76. Found: C, 56.24; H, 3.62; N, 7.50.

Example 145

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-fluoromethyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole

To a suspension of 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole-4-methanol (Example 139) (250 mg, 0.689 mmole) in 5 ml of dichloromethane was added dropwise a solution of diethylamino sulfur trifluoride (DAST) (166 mg, 1.03 mmole) in 1 ml of dichloromethane. As the addition proceeded, the mixture became homogeneous. After stirring for two hours, water was added, the layers separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with dichloromethane. The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. Chromatography of the residue over silica gel using 60% ethyl acetate in hexane gave the title compound as a very slightly yellow solid (106 mg): mp (DSC) 165 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for $C_{17}H_{14}ClFN_2O_2S \cdot 1/4$ H_2O (MW 369.33): C, 55.29; H, 3.82; N, 7.59. Found: C, 55.15; H, 3.82; N, 7.42.

PCT/US95/09506

WO 96/03388

192

Example 146

4-Azidomethyl-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole

A mixture of 4-chloromethyl-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole (Example 140, Step 1) (500 mg, 1.31 mmol) and sodium azide (256 mg, 3.94 mmol) in 5 ml of dimethylformamide was stirred overnight at room temperature. The mixture was warmed to 80 °C for one hour and then cooled. The mixture was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water, and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated. Chromatography of the residue over silica gel using 50% ethyl acetate in hexane as the eluent gave the title compound as a pure white crystalline solid (496 mg): mp (DSC) 186°C. Anal. Calc d. for C17H14ClN5O2S (MW 387.85): C, 52.64; H, 3.64; N, 18.06. Found: C, 52.46; H, 3.77; N, 17.84.

WO 96/03388 PCT/US95/09506

193

Example 147

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-difluoromethyl-1-(4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole

To a suspension of 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole-4-carboxaldehyde (Example 144) (150 mg, 0.416 mmole) in 5 ml of dichloromethane was added dropwise a solution of DAST (201 mg, 1.25 mmol) of in 1 ml of dichloromethane, producing a homogeneous solution. After stirring at room temperature for 30 minutes, the mixture was partitioned between dichloromethane and water, and the aqueous layer was extracted with dichloromethane. combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated. Chromatography of the residue over silica gel using 50% ethyl acetate in hexane as the eluent, followed by crystallization from ethyl acetate and hexane gave the title compound as very small pale beige plates (21 mg): m.p. 179-180 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for C₁₇H₁₃ClF₂N₂O₂S (MW 382.82): C, 53.34; H, 3.42; N, 7.32. Found: C, 53.42; H, 3.26; N, 7.08.

Example 148

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-[[(4-phenylmethyl)thio]methyl]-1H-imidazole

To a solution of benzyl mercaptan (195 mg, 1.6 mmol) in 5 ml of dimethylformamide was added 63 mg of a 60% dispersion of sodium hydride in mineral oil. After gas evolution ceased, 4-chloromethyl-2-(4chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole (Example 140, Step 1) (300 mg, 0.787 mmole) was added as a solid and stirring continued overnight. mixture was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water, and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated. Radial chromatography of the residue over a 2 mm layer of silica gel using 50% ethyl acetate in hexane as the eluent gave the title compound as a pale yellow solid (343 mg): mp(DSC) 41°C. Anal. Calc'd. for $C_{24}H_{21}Cln_2O_2S_2$ (MW 469.03): C, 61.46; H, 4.51; N, 5.97. Found: C, 61.06; H, 4.34; N, 5.80.

Example 149

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-[[(1-methylethyl)thio]methyl]-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole

The title compound was prepared as a white solid by the method of Example 148 except that 2-mercaptopropane was used in place of benzyl mercaptan: mp (DSC) 118 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for $C_{20}H_{21}ClN_2O_2S_2$ (MW 420.98): C, 57.06; H, 5.03; N, 6.65. Found: C, 56.72; H, 4.89; N, 6.42.

Example 150

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-[[(cyclohexyl)thio]methyl]-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole The title compound was prepared as a white solid by the method of Example 148 except that cyclohexyl mercaptan was used in place of benzyl mercaptan, and that 40% ethyl acetate in hexane was used as the chromatography eluent: mp (DSC) 48 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for $C_{23}H_{25}ClN_2O_2S_2$ (MW 461.05): C, 59.92; H, 5.47; N, 6.08. Found: C, 59.63; H, 5.52; N, 5.96.

Example 151

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-[[(2-chlorophenyl)thio]methyl]-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole

To a solution of 4-chloromethyl-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole (Example 140, Step 1) (250 mg, 0.656 mmol) and 2-chlorothiophenol (190 mg, 1.31 mmol) in 5 ml of dimethylformamide was added potassium carbonate (226 mg, 1.64 mmol). The mixture was stirred rapidly overnight at room temperature and partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate, the combined organic extracts were washed with brine, and dried over sodium sulfate. The solution was filtered and then concentrated. Chromatography of the residue over silica gel using 50% ethyl acetate in hexane as the eluent followed by crystallization gave the title

compound as a pure white crystalline solid (147 mg): mp (DSC) 153 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for $C_{23}H_{18}Cl_2N_2O_2S_2$ (MW 489.44): C, 56.44; H, 3.71; N, 5.72. Found: C, 56.51; H, 3.54; N, 5.57.

Example 152

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-[[(2-methylphenyl)thio]methyl]-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole

To a solution of 4-chloromethyl-2-(4chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole (Example 140, Step 1) (250 mg, 0.656 mmol) and othiocresol (163 mg, 1.31 mmol) in 5 ml of dry dimethylformamide was added anhydrous potassium carbonate (226 mg, 1.64 mmol). The mixture was stirred rapidly overnight at room temperature. The mixture was then partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. aqueous layer was further extracted with ethyl acetate, the combined organic extracts washed with brine, and dried over sodium sulfate. The solution was filtered and concentrated. Chromatography of the residue over silica gel using 40% ethyl acetate in hexane gave the title compound as a very pale yellow solid (210 mg): mp (DSC) 51 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for C24H21ClN2O2S2 (MW 469.03): C, 61.46; H, 4.51; N, 5.97. Found: C, 61.16; H, 4.50; N, 5.86.

Example 153

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-[[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)thio]methyl]-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole

To a solution of 4-chloromethy1-2-(4chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole (Example 140, Step 1) (250 mg, 0.656 mmole) and 2,6dichlorothiophenol in 5 ml of dimethylformamide (235 mg, 1.31 mmol) was added 226 mg (1.64 mmol) of potassium carbonate. The resulting mixture was stirred rapidly at room temperature for two days. The mixture was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water and the aqueous layer was further extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated. Chromatography of the residue over silica gel using 50% ethyl acetate in hexane gave the title compound, 282 mg, as a pure white solid: mp (DSC) 202 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for $C_{23}H_{17}Cl_3N_2O_2S_2$ (MW 523.89): C, 52.73; H, 3.27; N, 5.35. Found: C, 52.55; H, 2.98; N, 5.19.

Example 154

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-[[[2-(1-methylethyl)phenyl]thio]methyl]-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole

The title compound was prepared as a white solid by the method of Example 153 except that 2-isopropylthiophenol was used in place of 2,6-dichlorothiophenol and that 40% ethyl acetate in hexane was used as chromatography eluent: m.p. 68-70 ℃. Anal. Calc'd. for C₂₆H₂₅ClN₂O₂S₂·1/4H₂O (MW 501.58): C,62.26; H, 5.02; N, 5.59. Found: C, 62.36; H, 5.11; N, 5.45.

Example 155

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]1H-imidazole-4-carbonitrile

WO 96/03388

200

A solution of 82 mg (0.23 mmole) of 2-(4chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1Himidazole-4-carboxaldehyde (Example 144) and 51 mg (0.45 mmole) of hydroxylamine O-sulfonic acid in 10 ml of absolute ethanol and 1 ml of pyridine was stirred at reflux overnight. After cooling, the mixture was evaporated, and the residue was taken up in dichloromethane. The solution was washed with aqueous sodium bicarbonate, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated. Chromatography of the residue over silica gel using 50% ethyl acetate in hexane as the eluent gave the title compound, 71 mg, as a pure white crystalline solid: mp (DSC) 205 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for $C_{17}H_{12}ClN_3O_2S \cdot 1/4 H_2O$ (MW 362.32): C, 56.36; H, 3.34; N, 11.60. Found: C, 56.49; H, 3.27; N, 11.45.

Example 156

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole-4-acetonitrile

A mixture of 250 mg (0.656 mmole) of 4chloromethy1-2-(4-chloropheny1)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole (Example 140, Step 1) and 86 mg (1.3 mmol) of potassium cyanide in 4 ml of dimethylformamide was stirred at 85 °C for 24 hours. An additional 86 mg of potassium cyanide was added, and stirring continued for 8 hours. After cooling, the mixture was partitioned between dichloromethane and water and the aqueous layer further extracted with dichloromethane. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated. Chromatography of the residue over silica gel using 60% ethyl acetate in toluene, followed by trituration with ethyl acetate gave the title compound, 59 mg, as a very pale yellow crystalline solid: mp (DSC) 197 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for C18H14ClN3O2S (MW 371.85): C, 58.14; H, 3.80; N, 11.30. Found: C, 57.92; H, 3.57; N, 11.01.

Example 157

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]1H-imidazole-4-acetic acid

A mixture of 50 mg (0.13 mmole) of the title product of Example 156 and 5 ml of concentrated hydrochloric acid was stirred at reflux for one hour. After cooling, the mixture was evaporated and the residue taken up in water. The mixture was basified with aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution, and the pH then adjusted to 4 with acetic acid. The mixture was extracted with dichloromethane and the combined organic extracts dried over sodium sulfate. After filtration, the solution was evaporated and the residue azeotropically distilled with toluene. Trituration of

the residue with ethyl acetate gave the title compound, 31 mg, as a white solid: m.p. 263-264 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for $C_{18}H_{15}ClN_2O_4S \cdot 1/4H_2O$ (MW 395.35): C, 54.69; H, 3.82; N, 7.09. Found: C, 54.39; H, 3.88; N, 6.72.

Example 158

1-[2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl) phenyl]-1H-imidazol-4-yl]-1-ethanone

Step 1- Preparation of 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole-4-carboxylic acid

A suspension of ethyl [2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazol-4-yl] carboxylate (Example 138) (929 mg, 2.29 mmol) in 16 ml of methanol and 16 ml of 1N aqueous sodium hydroxide was stirred at reflux for one hour. After cooling, the mixture was concentrated, water was added, and the resulting mixture was acidified with acetic acid. The mixture was extracted with dichloromethane, and the combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated. Acetic acid was removed by azeotropic distillation with toluene to give the title compound, 520 mg, as a white crystalline solid: mp (DSC) 121 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for C17H13ClN2O4S·H2O (MW 394.83): C, 51.71; H, 3.32; N, 7.10. Found: C, 51.89; H, 3.29; N, 6.97.

Step: - Preparation of 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-methoxy-N-methyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole-4-carboxamide

Oxalyl chloride (0.34 g, 2.65 mmole) in 5 ml acetonitrile was added to 16 ml acetonitrile containing dimethylformamide (0.25 g, 3.46 mmole) cooled to 0°C. After 15 minutes, 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole-4-carboxylic acid from step 1 (1.0 g, 2.65 mmole) was added with 20 ml acetonitrile. After warming to room temperature N,0-dimethylhydroxylamine HCl (0.28 g, 2.92 mmole) and pyridine (0.42 g, 5.31 mmole) were added and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for three days. The reaction mixture was concentrated to give an oily solid. The amide was purified by silica gel chromatography: Anal. Calc'd. C19H18N3O4SCl (419.89); C, 54.35; H, 4.32; N, 10.01. Found: C, 53.96; H, 4.30; N, 9.68.

Step 3 - Preparation of 1-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazol-4-vl]-1-ethanone

Methyl lithium·LiBr complex (1.5 M in ethyl ether) (0.47 ml, 0.7 mmol) was added by syringe to a cold (-70°C) solution of 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-methoxy-Nmethyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazole-4carboxamide from step 2 (250 mg, 0.6 mmol) in 50 ml tetrahydrofuran. The reaction was warmed to 0°C and re-cooled to -60°C before additional methyl lithium (0.47 ml) was added. The reaction was warmed to room temperature. After stirring for two days, 50 ml of 10% acetic acid was added and the mixture was concentrated to a gum. The gum was dissolved in 50 ml ethyl acetate, washed with water (2 x 50 ml), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated. The product was purfied by silica gel chromatography: Anal. Calc'd. $C_{18}H_{15}N_{2}O_{3}SC1 \cdot 1/4 H_{2}O$: C, 56.99; H, 4.12; N, 7.38. Found: C, 56.88; H, 4.05; N, 7.6838

Example 159

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(phenylmethoxymethyl)-1H-imidazole

To a suspension of 58 mg of 60% sodium hydride in mineral oil (containing 35 mg, 1.4 mmol) in 2 ml of dimethylformamide was added a solution of 142 mg (1.31. mmol) of benzyl alcohol in 0.5 ml of dimethyl formamide. The mixture was stirred while heating to 40°C. After 15 minutes, 250 mg (0.656 mmole) of the title product of Example 139 was added as a solid and stirred while heating to 85°C. The temperature was maintained for 6 hours and then the mixture was cooled. The mixture was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water and the aqueous layer further extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated. Chromatography of the residue over silica gel using 50% ethyl acetate in hexane as the eluent gave the title compound, 60 mg, as pure white crystalline solid, m.p. 64-65°C. Anal. Calc'd. for $C_{24}H_{21}C1N_{2}O_{3}S \cdot 1/4H_{2}O$ (MW 457.56): C, 63.01; H, 4.63; N, 6.12. Found: C, 62.76; H, 4.43; N, 6.20.

BIOLOGICAL EVALUATION

Rat Carrageenan Foot Pad Edema Test

The carrageenan foot edema test was performed with materials, reagents and procedures essentially as described by Winter, et al., (Proc. Soc. Exp. Biol. Med., 111, 544 (1962)). Male Sprague-Dawley rats were selected in each group so that the average body weight was as close as possible. Rats were fasted with free access to water for over sixteen hours prior to the test. The rats were dosed orally (1 ml) with compounds suspended in vehicle containing 0.5% methylcellulose and 0.025% surfactant, or with vehicle alone. One hour later a subplantar injection of 0.1 ml of 1% solution of carrageenan/sterile 0.9% saline was administered and the volume of the injected foot was measured with a displacement plethysmometer connected to a pressure transducer with a digital indicator. Three hours after the injection of the carrageenan, the volume of the foot was again measured. The average foot swelling in a group of drug-treated animals was compared with that of a group of placebo-treated animals and the percentage inhibition of edema was determined (Otterness and Bliven, Laboratory Models for Testing NSAIDs, in Non-steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs, (J. Lombardino, ed. 1985)). The % inhibition shows the % decrease from control paw volume determined in this procedure and the data for selected compounds in this invention are summarized in Table V.

Rat Carrageenan-induced Analgesia Test

The rat carrageenan analgesia test was performed with materials, reagents and procedures essentially as described by Hargreaves, et al., (Pain, 32, 77 (1988)). Male Sprague-Dawley rats were treated as previously described for the Carrageenan Foot Pad Edema test.

Three hours after the injection of the carrageenan, the rats were placed in a special plexiglass container with a transparent floor having a high intensity lamp as a radiant heat source, positionable under the floor. After an initial twenty minute period, thermal stimulation was begun on either the injected foot or on the contralateral uninjected foot. A photoelectric cell turned off the lamp and timer when light was interrupted by paw withdrawal. The time until the rat withdraws its foot was then measured. The withdrawal latency in seconds was determined for the control and drug-treated groups, and percent inhibition of the hyperalgesic foot withdrawal determined. Results are shown in Table V.

TABLE V.

	RAT PAW EDEMA	ANALGESIA
	% Inhibition	% Inhibition
	@ 30mg/kg body weight	@ 10mg/kg body weight
Example		
2	9	
5	21	
6	23.5	
. 7	27	
18	36	13
23	38	25
24	24	19
26	51	47
27	40	21
28	57	51
29	37	
31	28	36
32	30	
36	68	
40	42	
43	45*	18
45	49	47

WO 96/03388

207
TABLE V. (cont.)

	RAT PAW EDEMA	ANALGESIA
	% Inhibition	% Inhibition
	@ 30ma/ka body we	iaht @ 10ma/ka body weight
Example		
59	34	27
69	43	32
70	34*	35
72	55	28
74	48	
83	25	
84a	36	8
86	36	7
87	28*	5
· 91	16	
93	16	4
117	51	
* 10 mg/	kg	

Evaluation of COX-1 and COX-2 activity in vitro

The compounds of this invention exhibited inhibition in vitro of COX-2. The COX-2 inhibition activity of the compounds of this invention illustrated in the Examples was determined by the following methods.

a. Preparation of recombinant COX baculoviruses

Recombinant COX-1 and COX-2 were prepared as described by Gierse et al, [J. Biochem., 305, 479-84 (1995)]. A 2.0 kb fragment containing the coding region of either human or murine COX-1 or human or murine COX-2 was cloned into a BamH1 site of the baculovirus transfer vector pVL1393 (Invitrogen) to generate the baculovirus transfer vectors for COX-1 and COX-2 in a manner similar to the method of D.R.

O'Reilly et al (Baculovirus Expression Vectors: A Laboratory Manual (1992)). Recombinant baculoviruses were isolated by transfecting 4 µg of baculovirus transfer vector DNA into SF9 insect cells (2x108) along with 200 ng of linearized baculovirus plasmid DNA by the calcium phosphate method. See M.D. Summers and G.E. Smith, A Manual of Methods for Baculovirus Vectors and Insect Cell Culture Procedures, Texas Agric. Exp. Station Bull. 1555 (1987). Recombinant viruses were purified by three rounds of plaque purification and high titer $(10^7 - 10^8 \text{ pfu/ml})$ stocks of virus were prepared. For large scale production, SF9 insect cells were infected in 10 liter fermentors $(0.5 \times 10^6/\text{ml})$ with the recombinant baculovirus stock such that the multiplicity of infection was 0.1. After 72 hours the cells were centrifuged and the cell pellet homogenized in Tris/Sucrose (50 mM: 25%, pH 8.0) containing 1% 3-[(3-cholamidopropyl)dimethylammonio]-1-propanesulfonate (CHAPS). The homogenate was centrifuged at 10,000xG for 30 minutes, and the resultant supernatant was stored at -80°C before being assayed for COX activity.

b. Assay for COX-1 and COX-2 activity

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COX activity was assayed as PGE2 formed/ μ g protein/time using an ELISA to detect the prostaglandin released. CHAPS-solubilized insect cell membranes containing the appropriate COX enzyme were incubated in a potassium phosphate buffer (50 mM, pH 8.0) containing epinephrine, phenol, and heme with the addition of arachidonic acid (10 μ M). Compounds were pre-incubated with the enzyme for 10-20 minutes prior to the addition of arachidonic acid. Any reaction between the arachidonic acid and the enzyme was stopped after ten minutes at 37°C/room temperature by transferring 40 μ l of reaction mix into 160 μ l ELISA buffer and 25 μ M indomethacin. The PGE2 formed was measured by standard

209

ELISA technology (Cayman Chemical). Results are shown in Table VI.

TABLE VI.

	Human COX-2	Human COX-1
Example	<u>ΙD50</u> μΜ	ID50_μM_
1	4	>100
2	0.1	23
3	40	>100
4	4.7	>100
5	0.2	>100
. 6	0.3	>100
7	0.1	>100
9	0.3	>100
10	0.5	>100
12	0.2	>100
13	1.6	>100
14	0.2	>100
16	<0.1	>100
17	0.2	1.0
18	0.2	- 49
23	0.1	>100
24	0.2	26
26	<0.1	1.6
27	<0.1	0.6
28	1.8	>100
29	1.5	>100
30	>100	>100
31	1.8	>100
32	2.9	>100
34	0.5	>100
35	1.2	49
36	0.3	88.5
40	0.4	>100
41	0.5	>100
43	0.5	>100
45	9.6	>100

WO 96/03388 PCT/US95/09506

210

TABLE VI. (cont.)

	Human COX-2	Human COX-1
Example	<u>ΙD50</u> μΜ	<u>ID50</u> μΜ_
56	0.1	3.6
57	<0.1	0.9
5 <i>9</i>	<0.1	3.6
67	1.1	>100
68	0.2	4.6
69	<0.1	2.8
70	<0.1	6.2
72	<0.1	19.3
73	<0.1	29.8
74	<0.1	5.8
75	<0.1	67.7
76	<0.1	8.6
78	<0.1	2.7
79	0.1	31.2
80	<0.1	7.0
81	<0.1	3.6
82	<0.1	>100
83	<0.1	82.0
85	0.1	>100
86	<0.1	78.1
87	<0.1	>100
88	. <0.1	>100
89	0.2	24.1
90	0.2	>100
91	0.2	>100
93	0.1	>100
94	0.2	. 29.9
95	0.6	3.0
96	0.4	>100
97	0.3	>100
98	1.0	>100
99	0.2	2.1

211
TABLE VI. (cont.)

	Human COX-2	Human COX-1
Example	<u>ID50</u> μ Μ	<u>ΙD50</u> μΜ_
101	0.7	>100
103	0.5	>100
104	0.9	>100
105	0.8	4.5
106	0.3	17.1
107	<0.1	>100
108	0.6	>100
109	1.48	53.5
112	0.7	>100
113	0.3	>100
114	<0.1	>100
115	0.1	>100
116	0.1	>100
117	0.1	>100
118	<0.1	7.9
119	0.3	1.6
120	<0.1	>100
140	<0.1	>100
141	<0.1	>100
142	0.6	>100
144	1.6	>100
145	0.4	>100
147	0.6	>100
148	0.1	>100
149	0.6	>100
150	0.1	>100
151	<0.1	>100
152	<0.1	>100
153	<0.1	13.7
154	<0.1	>100
155	0.3	>100
156	1.5	>100
159	0.5	100

WO 96/03388 PCT/US95/09506

Biological paradigms for testing the cytokine-inhibiting activity of these compounds are found in WO95/13067, published 18 May 1995.

Also embraced within this invention is a class of pharmaceutical compositions comprising the active compounds of this combination therapy in association with one or more non-toxic, pharmaceutically-acceptable carriers and/or diluents and/or adjuvants (collectively referred to herein as "carrier" materials) and, if desired, other active ingredients. The active compounds of the present invention may be administered by any suitable route, preferably in the form of a pharmaceutical composition adapted to such a route, and in a dose effective for the treatment intended. The active compounds and composition may, for example, be administered orally, intravascularly, intraperitoneally, subcutaneously, intramuscularly or topically.

For oral administration, the pharmaceutical composition may be in the form of, for example, a tablet, capsule, suspension or liquid. The pharmaceutical composition is preferably made in the form of a dosage unit containing a particular amount of the active ingredient. Examples of such dosage units are tablets or capsules. The active ingredient may also be administered by injection as a composition wherein, for example, saline, dextrose or water may be used as a suitable carrier.

The amount of therapeutically active compounds that are administered and the dosage regimen for treating a disease condition with the compounds and/or compositions of this invention depends on a variety of factors, including the age, weight, sex and medical condition of the subject, the severity of the disease, the route and frequency of administration, and the particular compound employed, and thus may vary widely. The pharmaceutical compositions may contain active ingredients in the range of about 0.1 to 2000 mg, preferably in the range of about 0.5 to 500 mg and most preferably between about 1 and 100 mg. A daily dose of about 0.01 to 100 mg/kg body weight, preferably between

about 0.5 and about 20 mg/kg body weight and most preferably between about 0.1 to 10 mg/kg body weight, may be appropriate. The daily dose can be administered in one to four doses per day.

In the case of psoriasis and other skin conditions, it may be preferable to apply a topical preparation of compounds of this invention to the affected area two to four times a day.

For inflammations of the eye or other external tissues, e.g., mouth and skin, the formulations are preferably applied as a topical ointment or cream, or as a suppository, containing the active ingredients in a total amount of, for example, 0.075 to 30% w/w, preferably 0.2 to 20% w/w and most preferably 0.4 to 15% w/w. When formulated in an ointment, the active ingredients may be employed with either paraffinic or a water-miscible ointment base. Alternatively, the active ingredients may be formulated in a cream with an oil-in-water cream base. If desired, the aqueous phase of the cream base may include, for example at least 30% w/w of a polyhydric alcohol such as propylene glycol, butane-1,3-diol, mannitol, sorbitol, glycerol, polyethylene glycol and mixtures thereof. The topical formulation may desirably include a compound which enhances absorption or penetration of the active ingredient through the skin or other affected areas. Examples of such dermal penetration enhancers include dimethylsulfoxide and related analogs. compounds of this invention can also be administered by a transdermal device. Preferably topical administration will be accomplished using a patch either of the reservoir and porous membrane type or of a solid matrix variety. either case, the active agent is delivered continuously from the reservoir or microcapsules through a membrane into the active agent permeable adhesive, which is in contact with the skin or mucosa of the recipient. If the active agent is absorbed through the skin, a controlled and predetermined flow of the active agent is administered to

WO 96/03388 PCT/US95/09506

the recipient. In the case of microcapsules, the encapsulating agent may also function as the membrane.

The oily phase of the emulsions of this invention may be constituted from known ingredients in a known manner. While the phase may comprise merely an emulsifier, it may comprise a mixture of at least one emulsifier with a fat or an oil or with both a fat and an oil. Preferably, a hydrophilic emulsifier is included together with a lipophilic emulsifier which acts as a stabilizer. It is also preferred to include both an oil and a fat. Together, the emulsifier(s) with or without stabilizer(s) make-up the so-called emulsifying wax, and the wax together with the oil and fat make up the so-called emulsifying ointment base which forms the oily dispersed phase of the cream formulations. Emulsifiers and emulsion stabilizers suitable for use in the formulation of the present invention include Tween 60, Span 80, cetostearyl alcohol, myristyl alcohol, glyceryl monostearate, and sodium lauryl sulfate, among others.

The choice of suitable oils or fats for the formulation is based on achieving the desired cosmetic properties, since the solubility of the active compound in most oils likely to be used in pharmaceutical emulsion formulations is very low. Thus, the cream should preferably be a non-greasy, non-staining and washable product with suitable consistency to avoid leakage from tubes or other containers. Straight or branched chain, mono- or dibasic alkyl esters such as di-isoadipate, isocetyl stearate, propylene glycol diester of coconut fatty acids, isopropyl myristate, decyl oleate, isopropyl palmitate, butyl stearate, 2-ethylhexyl palmitate or a blend of branched chain esters may be used. These may be used alone or in combination depending on the properties required. Alternatively, high melting point lipids such as white soft paraffin and/or liquid paraffin or other mineral oils can be used.

Formulations suitable for topical administration to the eye also include eye drops wherein the active ingredients are dissolved or suspended in suitable carrier, especially an aqueous solvent for the active ingredients. The antiinflammatory active ingredients are preferably present in such formulations in a concentration of 0.5 to 20%, advantageously 0.5 to 10% and particularly about 1.5% w/w.

For therapeutic purposes, the active compounds of this combination invention are ordinarily combined with one or more adjuvants appropriate to the indicated route of administration. If administered per os, the compounds may be admixed with lactose, sucrose, starch powder, cellulose esters of alkanoic acids, cellulose alkyl esters, talc, stearic acid, magnesium stearate, magnesium oxide, sodium and calcium salts of phosphoric and sulfuric acids, gelatin, acacia gum, sodium alginate, polyvinylpyrrolidone, and/or polyvinyl alcohol, and then tableted or encapsulated for convenient administration. Such capsules or tablets may contain a controlled-release formulation as may be provided in a dispersion of active compound in hydroxypropylmethyl cellulose. Formulations for parenteral administration ma be in the form of aqueous or non-aqueous isotonic sterile injection solutions or suspensions. These solutions and suspensions may be prepared from sterile powders or granules having one or more of the carriers or diluents mentioned for use in the formulations for oral administration. The compounds may be dissolved in water, polyethylene glycol, propylene glycol, ethanol, corn oil, cottonseed oil, peanut oil, sesame oil, benzyl alcohol, sodium chloride, and/or various buffers. Other adjuvants and modes of administration are well and widely known in the pharmaceutical art.

Although this invention has been described with respect to specific embodiments, the details of these embodiments are not to be construed as limitations.

What is claimed is:

1. A compound of Formula I

$$\begin{array}{c}
R^{3} \\
R^{4} \\
R^{6}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
R^{2} \\
R^{1}
\end{array}$$
(I)

5

10

wherein R¹ and R² are independently selected from aryl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl and heterocyclo, wherein R¹ and R² are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals independently selected from alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, halo, alkylthio, alkyl, cyano, carboxyl, alkoxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, haloalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, arylamino and nitro;

wherein R³ is a radical selected from hydrido, alkyl, haloalkyl, aralkyl, heterocycloalkyl, acyl, cyano, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylthioalkyl, alkylsulfonyl, cycloalkylthio, cycloalkylthioalkyl, cycloalkylsulfonyl, cycloalkylsulfonylalkyl, cycloalkyloxy,

20 cycloalkyloxyalkyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, halo, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, aralkylcarbonyl, heterocycloalkylcarbonyl, cyanoalkyl, azidoalkyl, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, N-arylaminoalkyl, N-arylaminoalkyl, carboxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, haloalkylcarbonyl,

alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, haloalkylcarbonyl, carboxyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonylalkyl, heteroarylalkoxyalkyl, heteroaryloxyalkyl, heteroarylthioalkyl, aralkoxy, aralkylthio, heteroaralkoxy, heteroaralkylthio,

30 heteroarylalkylthioalkyl, heteroaryloxy, heteroarylthio, arylthioalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, arylthio, aryloxy, aralkylthioalkyl, aralkoxyalkyl, aryl and heterocyclo;

wherein R⁴ is a radical selected from hydrido, alkyl and fluoro;

wherein \mathbb{R}^5 is selected from hydroxyl and alkoxy; and

wherein R^6 is hydrido; or wherein R^5 and R^6 together form a double bond;

provided at least one of R^1 and R^2 is aryl substituted with alkylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl or aminosulfonyl;

or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

- 2. Compound of Claim 1 wherein R¹ and R² are independently selected from phenyl, naphthyl, biphenyl, lower cycloalkyl, lower cycloalkenyl and heteroaryl, wherein R¹ and R² are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkylsulfonyl,
- aminosulfonyl, lower haloalkylsulfonyl, halo, lower alkylthio, lower alkyl, cyano, carboxyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower haloalkyl, hydroxyl, lower alkoxy, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl, lower haloalkoxy, amino, lower alkylamino, arylamino and nitro; wherein R³
- is a radical selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower heterocycloalkyl, acyl, cyano, lower alkoxy, lower alkylthio, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower cycloalkyloxy, lower cycloalkyloxyalkyl, lower cycloalkylthio, lower
- cycloalkylthioalkyl, lower cycloalkylsulfonyl, lower cycloalkylsulfonylalkyl, phenylsulfonyl, lower haloalkylsulfonyl, halo, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower azidoalkyl, lower haloalkylcarbonyl, phenylcarbonyl, lower
- aralkylcarbonyl, lower heterocycloalkylcarbonyl, lower cyanoalkyl, lower aminoalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkyl, lower N-arylaminoalkyl, lower N-alkyl-N-arylaminoalkyl, lower carboxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonylalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylthioalkyl, aminocarbonyl,
- lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylaminocarbonylalkyl, lower aralkoxy, lower aralkylthio, lower heteroaralkoxy, lower heteroaralkylthio, lower heteroarylalkoxyalkyl,

lower heteroarylalkylthioalkyl, lower heteroaryloxyalkyl, lower heteroarylthioalkyl, lower heteroaryloxy, lower heteroarylthio, lower arylthicalkyl, lower aryloxyalkyl, lower arylthic, lower aryloxy, lower aralkylthioalkyl, lower aralkoxyalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl and naphthyl, and heteroaryl, wherein the aryl and heteroaryl radicals are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals selected from halo, lower alkylthio, lower alkylsulfinyl, lower alkyl, cyano, lower haloalkyl, 10 hydroxyl, lower alkoxy, lower hydroxyalkyl and lower haloalkoxy; wherein R4 is a radical selected from hydrido, lower alkyl and fluoro; and wherein R⁵ is selected from hydroxyl and lower alkoxy; wherein R6 is hydrido; or wherein R⁵ and R⁶ together form a double 15 bond; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

3. Compound of Claim 2 wherein R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from phenyl, naphthyl, biphenyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexenyl, benzofuryl, benzodioxolyl, furyl, imidazolyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, pyrrolyl, 20 oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, triazolyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, benzimidazolyl, indolyl, pyrazolyl and pyridyl, wherein R^1 and R^2 are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals independently selected from methylsulfonyl, 25 aminosulfonyl, fluoromethylsulfonyl, difluoromethylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methylthio, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl, cyano, carboxyl, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, isopropoxycarbonyl, 30 tert-butoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, butoxycarbonyl, isobutoxycarbonyl, pentoxycarbonyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl,

heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, hydroxyl, methoxy,

dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl,

methylenedioxy, ethoxy, propoxy, n-butoxy,
hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxymethyl,
ethoxymethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, methylamino, N,Ndimethylamino, phenylamino and nitro; wherein R³ is a

radical selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl,
tert-butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl, fluoromethyl,
difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl,
dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl,
heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl,

- dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, benzyl, phenylethyl, phenylpropyl, furylmethyl, morpholinomethyl, pyrrolidinylmethyl, piperazinylmethyl, piperidinylmethyl, pyridylmethyl, thienylmethyl, formyl,
- cyano, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, n-butoxy, methylthio, ethylthio, isopropylthio, methylsulfonyl, phenylsulfonyl, trifluoromethylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, methylthiomethyl, isopropylthiomethyl,
- 20 cyclohexylthiomethyl, benzyloxy, benzylthio, methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl, phenylcarbonyl, azidomethyl, trifluoromethylcarbonyl, difluoromethylcarbonyl, fluoromethylcarbonyl, benzylcarbonyl, cyanomethyl, cyanobutyl, aminomethyl,
- 25 methylaminomethyl, N-phenylaminomethyl, N-methyl-Nphenylaminomethyl, acetyl, propanoyl, butanoyl,
 methoxycarbonylmethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl,
 methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, isopropoxycarbonyl,
 tert-butoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, isobutoxycarbonyl,
- carboxymethyl, carboxypropyl, aminocarbonyl, methylaminocarbonyl, N,N-diethylaminocarbonyl, Nmethylaminocarbonylmethyl, pyridyloxy, pyridylthio, phenyloxy, 4-chlorophenoxy, furylmethoxy, furylmethylthio, 5-phenylpyridyl-2-methoxy,
- thienylmethoxy, quinolylmethoxy, pyridylmethoxy, thienylmethylthio, pyridylmethylthio, benzylthiomethyl, quinolylmethoxymethyl, furylbutoxyethyl,

pyridyloxymethyl, pyridylmethoxymethyl, thienyloxyhexyl, thienylthiomethyl, pyridylthiohexyl, furyloxymethyl, furylmethylthiomethyl, quinolylmethylthioethyl, phenylthiomethyl, 2-chlorophenylthiomethyl, 2-6-dichlorophenylthiomethyl, 4-methylphenylthiomethyl, 2-

dichlorophenylthiomethyl, 4-methylphenylthiomethyl, 2-isopropylphenylthiomethyl, 2-methylphenylthiomethyl, phenyloxymethyl, 4-chlorophenyloxymethyl, 4-methylphenyloxymethyl, benzyloxymethyl, 4-methoxybenzyloxymethyl, naphthyl, phenyl, thienyl,

furyl, pyridyl, wherein the thienyl, furyl, pyridyl and phenyl radicals are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl,

isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl, cyano, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, difluoropropyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl,

dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, hydroxyl, methoxy,
 methylenedioxy, ethoxy, propoxy, n-butoxy,
 hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl and trifluoromethoxy;
 wherein R⁴ is a radical selected from hydrido, methyl,
 ethyl, and fluoro; and wherein R⁵ is selected from

25 hydroxyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy and n-butoxy; wherein R⁶ is hydrido; or wherein R⁵ and R⁶ together form a double bond; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

4. A compound of Formula II

$$\begin{array}{c}
\mathbb{R}^{3} \\
\mathbb{I}^{4} \\
\mathbb{I}^{3} \\
\mathbb{I}^{5} \\
\mathbb{I}^{2}
\end{array}$$

$$\mathbb{R}^{8}$$
(II)

wherein R³ is a radical selected from hydrido, alkyl, haloalkyl, aralkyl, heterocycloalkyl, acyl, cyano, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylthioalkyl, alkylsulfonyl, cycloalkyloxy, cycloalkyloxyalkyl, cycloalkylthio, cycloalkylthioalkyl, cycloalkylsulfonyl, cycloalkylsulfonylalkyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, halo, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, aralkylcarbonyl, heterocycloalkylcarbonyl, cyanoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, N-arylaminoalkyl, N-arylaminoalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, carboxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl,

- N-arylaminoalkyl, N-alkyl-N-arylaminoalkyl, carboxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, haloalkylcarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, azidoalkyl, alkylaminocarbonylalkyl, heteroarylalkoxyalkyl, heteroaryloxyalkyl, heteroarylthioalkyl, aralkoxy,
- aralkylthio, heteroaralkoxy, heteroaralkylthio, heteroarylalkylthioalkyl, heteroaryloxy, heteroarylthio, arylthioalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, arylthio, aryloxy, aralkylthioalkyl, aralkoxyalkyl, aryl and heteroaryl, wherein the aryl and heteroaryl radicals are optionally
- substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals selected from halo, alkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkyl, cyano, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, hydroxyalkyl and haloalkoxy; wherein R⁷ is a radical selected from alkyl, and amino; and wherein R⁸ is one or more radicals
- selected from hydrido, halo, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkoxy, amino, haloalkoxy, cyano, carboxyl, hydroxyl, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylamino, nitro and alkylthio; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.
- 5. Compound of Claim 4 wherein R³ is a radical selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower heterocycloalkyl, acyl, cyano, lower alkoxy, lower alkylthio, lower alkylsulfonyl, phenylsulfonyl, lower haloalkylsulfonyl, lower cycloalkyloxy, lower cycloalkyloxyalkyl, lower cycloalkylthio, lower cycloalkylthioalkyl, lower cycloalkylsulfonyl, lower cycloalkylsulfonylalkyl, halo,

lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower haloalkylcarbonyl, phenylcarbonyl, lower aralkylcarbonyl, lower heterocycloalkylcarbonyl, lower cyanoalkyl, lower azidoalkyl, lower

WO 96/03388

- alkylaminoalkyl, lower N-arylaminoalkyl, lower N-alkyl-N-arylaminoalkyl, lower carboxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonylalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylthioalkyl, aminocarbonyl, lower alkylaminocarbonylalkyl, lower aralkoxy, lower
- aralkylthio, lower heteroaralkoxy, lower heteroaralkylthio, lower heteroarylalkoxyalkyl, lower heteroarylalkylthioalkyl, lower heteroaryloxyalkyl, lower heteroarylthioalkyl, lower heteroaryloxy, lower heteroarylthio, lower arylthioalkyl, lower aryloxyalkyl,
- lower arylthio, lower aryloxy, lower aralkylthioalkyl, lower aralkoxyalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl and naphthyl, 5 or 6 membered heteroaryl, wherein the aryl and heteroaryl radicals are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals
- selected from halo, lower alkylthio, lower alkylsulfinyl, lower alkyl, cyano, lower haloalkyl, hydroxyl, lower alkoxy, lower hydroxyalkyl and lower haloalkoxy; wherein R⁷ is a radical selected from lower alkyl, and amino; and wherein R⁸ is a radical selected
- from hydrido, halo, lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, amino, lower haloalkoxy, cyano, carboxyl, hydroxyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl, lower alkylamino, nitro and lower alkylthio; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.
- 6. Compound of Claim 5 wherein R³ is a radical selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tertbutyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl,
- heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, benzyl, phenylethyl,

phenylpropyl, furylmethyl, morpholinomethyl, pyrrolidinylmethyl, piperazinylmethyl, piperidinylmethyl, pyridylmethyl, thienylmethyl, formyl, cyano, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, n-butoxy, methylthio,

- ethylthio, isopropylthio, methylsulfonyl, phenylsulfonyl, trifluoromethylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, methylthiomethyl, isopropylthiomethyl, cyclohexylthiomethyl, benzyloxy, benzylthio,
- methylcarbonyl, phenylcarbonyl, trifluoromethylcarbonyl, difluoromethylcarbonyl, fluoromethylcarbonyl, benzylcarbonyl, cyanomethyl, cyanobutyl, azidomethyl, methylaminomethyl, N-phenylaminomethyl, N-methyl-Nphenylaminomethyl, acetyl, propanoyl, butanoyl,
- 15 methoxycarbonylmethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl,
 methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, isopropoxycarbonyl,
 tert-butoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, carboxymethyl,
 carboxypropyl, aminocarbonyl, N methylaminocarbonylmethyl, pyridyloxy, pyridylthio,
- phenyloxy, 4-chlorophenoxy, furylmethoxy, 5phenylpyridyl-2-methoxy, furylmethylthio, thienylmethoxy, quinolylmethoxy, pyridylmethoxy, thienylmethylthio, pyridylmethylthio, benzylthiomethyl, quinolylmethoxymethyl, furylbutoxyethyl,
- pyridyloxymethyl, pyridylmethoxymethyl, thienyloxyhexyl, thienylthiomethyl, pyridylthiohexyl, furyloxymethyl, furylmethylthiomethyl, quinolylmethylthioethyl, phenylthiomethyl, 2-chlorophenylthiomethyl, 2,6dichlorophenylthiomethyl, 4-methylphenylthiomethyl, 2-
- isopropylphenylthiomethyl, 2-methylphenylthiomethyl, phenyloxymethyl, 4-chlorophenyloxymethyl, 4-methylphenyloxymethyl, benzyloxymethyl, 4-methoxybenzyloxymethyl, naphthyl, phenyl, thienyl, furyl, pyridyl, wherein the thienyl, furyl, pyridyl and
- 35 phenyl radicals are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methylthio,

methylsulfinyl, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl, cyano, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl,

- heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, methylenedioxy, ethoxy, propoxy, n-butoxy, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl and trifluoromethoxy;
- wherein R⁷ is methyl or amino; and wherein R⁸ is a radical selected from hydrido, methylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methylthio, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl, cyano, carboxyl, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, isopropoxycarbonyl,
- 15 tert-butoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, butoxycarbonyl,
 isobutoxycarbonyl, pentoxycarbonyl, fluoromethyl,
 difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl,
 dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl,
 heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl,
- dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl,
 dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, hydroxyl, methoxy,
 methylenedioxy, ethoxy, propoxy, n-butoxy,
 hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxymethyl,
 ethoxymethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, methylamino, N,Ndimethylamino, phenylamino and nitro; or a
 - 7. Compound of Claim 6 selected from compounds, and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, of the group consisting of
- 30 2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole;

pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

- 4-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole;
 - 4-[2-(4-methylphenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;

- 4-[2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 2-(2-fluoropheny1)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole;
- 5 2-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole;
 - 4-[2-(2-fluorophenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 2-(4-fluoro-3-methylphenyl)-1-[4-
- 10 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazole;
 - 2-(3-chloro-4-(N,N-dimethylamino)phenyl)-1-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H imidazole;
- 4-[2-(3-fluorophenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 2-(3-fluoro-4-(N,N-dimethylamino)phenyl)-1-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H imidazole;
- - 2-(3-nitrophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole;
 - 4-[2-(4-chloro-3-methoxyphenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(3,5-difluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-methyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4phenyl-1H-imidazole;

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2-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-1-[4-
    (methylsulfonyl)phenyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-
    imidazole;
1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-phenyl-4-
    trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
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- 2-(4-methylphenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
- 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 10 4-[2-(3-chloro-4-methylphenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 2-(3-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-1-[4-

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- 15 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazole;
 - 4-[2-(3-fluoro-5-methylphenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 2-(3-methylphenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 2-(3,5-difluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-1-[4 (methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H imidazole;
 - 4-[2-(3-methylphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(3-chlorophenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
 - 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-methoxy-3chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole;
- 30 4-[2-(3-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-phenyl-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-methoxy-3-chlorophenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide; and
 - 2-(2-methylphenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazole.

8. A compound of Formula III

$$\begin{array}{c}
\mathbb{R}^{3} \\
\mathbb{R}^{4} \\
\mathbb{R}^{3} \\
\mathbb{R}^{4}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\mathbb{R}^{3} \\
\mathbb{R}^{3} \\
\mathbb{R}^{3}
\end{array}$$

- wherein R³ is a radical selected from hydrido, alkyl, haloalkyl, aralkyl, heterocycloalkyl, acyl, cyano, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylthioalkyl, alkylsulfonyl, cycloalkylthio, cycloalkylthioalkyl, cycloalkylsulfonyl, cycloalkylsulfonylalkyl, cycloalkyloxy,
- cycloalkyloxyalkyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, halo, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, aralkylcarbonyl, heterocycloalkylcarbonyl, cyanoalkyl, azidoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, N-arylaminoalkyl, carboxyalkyl,
- alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, haloalkylcarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, N-alkylaminocarbonylalkyl, heteroarylalkoxyalkyl, heteroaryloxyalkyl, heteroarylthioalkyl, aralkoxy, aralkylthio, heteroaralkoxy, heteroaralkylthio,
- heteroarylalkylthioalkyl, heteroaryloxy, heteroarylthio, arylthioalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, arylthio, aryloxy, aralkylthioalkyl, aralkoxyalkyl, aryl and heteroaryl; wherein the aryl and heteroaryl radicals are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more
- radicals selected from halo, alkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkyl, cyano, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, hydroxyalkyl and haloalkoxy; wherein R⁴ is a radical selected from hydrido, alkyl and fluoro; wherein R⁹ is one or more radicals selected from hydrido, halo, alkyl, haloalkyl,
- alkoxy, amino, haloalkoxy, cyano, carboxyl, hydroxyl, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylamino, nitro and alkylthio; and wherein R¹⁰ is a radical selected from

WO 96/03388

228

alkyl, haloalkyl and amino; or a pharmaceuticallyacceptable salt thereof.

- 9. Compound of Claim 8 wherein \mathbb{R}^3 is a radical selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl,
- lower aralkyl, lower heterocycloalkyl, lower 5 heteroaralkyl, acyl, cyano, lower alkoxy, lower alkylthio, lower alkylsulfonyl, phenylsulfonyl, lower haloalkylsulfonyl, halo, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower
- haloalkylcarbonyl, phenylcarbonyl, lower 10 aralkylcarbonyl, lower cyanoalkyl, lower azidoalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkyl, lower N-arylaminoalkyl, lower Nalkyl-N-arylaminoalkyl, lower carboxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonylalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower
- alkylthioalkyl, aminocarbonyl, lower 15 alkylaminocarbonylalkyl, lower aralkoxy, lower aralkylthio, lower heteroaralkoxy, lower heteroaralkylthio, lower heteroarylalkoxyalkyl, lower heteroarylalkylthioalkyl, lower heteroaryloxyalkyl,
- lower heteroarylthioalkyl, lower heteroaryloxy, lower 20 heteroarylthio, lower arylthioalkyl, lower aryloxyalkyl, lower arylthio, lower aryloxy, lower aralkylthioalkyl, lower aralkoxyalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl and naphthyl, 5 or 6 membered heteroaryl, wherein the aryl
- and heteroaryl radicals are optionally substituted at a 25 substitutable position with one or more radicals selected from halo, lower alkylthio, lower alkylsulfinyl, lower alkyl, cyano, lower haloalkyl, hydroxyl, lower alkoxy, lower hydroxyalkyl and lower
- haloalkoxy; wherein R^4 is a radical selected from 30 hydrido, lower alkyl and fluoro; wherein R9 is a radical selected from hydrido, halo, lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, amino, lower haloalkoxy, cyano, carboxyl, hydroxyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower
- alkoxyalkyl, lower alkylamino, nitro and lower 35 alkylthio; and wherein R10 is a radical selected from

lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl and amino; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

- 10. Compound of Claim 9 wherein R³ is a radical selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropyl, difluorochloromethyl, difluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl,
- dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, benzyl, phenylethyl, phenylpropyl, furylmethyl, morpholinomethyl, pyrrolidinylmethyl, piperazinylmethyl, piperidinylmethyl, pyridylmethyl, thienylmethyl, formyl, cyano, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, n-butoxy, methylthio,
- ethylthio, methylsulfonyl, phenylsulfonyl,
 trifluoromethylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo,
 hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxymethyl,
 ethoxymethyl, methylthiomethyl, benzyloxy, benzylthio,
 methylcarbonyl, phenylcarbonyl, trifluoromethylcarbonyl,
- difluoromethylcarbonyl, fluoromethylcarbonyl, benzylcarbonyl, cyanomethyl, cyanobutyl, azidomethyl, methylaminomethyl, N-phenylaminomethyl, N-methyl-N-phenylaminomethyl, acetyl, propanoyl, butanoyl, methoxycarbonylmethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl,
- 25 methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, isopropoxycarbonyl,
 tert-butoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl,
 methylaminocarbonylmethyl, pyridyloxy, pyridylthio,
 phenyloxy, 4-chlorophenoxy, furylmethoxy,
 furylmethylthio, thienylmethoxy, quinolylmethoxy,
- pyridylmethoxy, 5-phenylpyridyl-2-methoxy,
 thienylmethylthio, pyridylmethylthio,
 quinolylmethoxymethyl, furylbutoxyethyl,
 pyridyloxymethyl, pyridylmethoxymethyl, thienyloxyhexyl,
 thienylthiomethyl, pyridylthiohexyl, furyloxymethyl,
- furylmethylthiomethyl, quinolylmethylthioethyl, phenylthiomethyl, phenyloxymethyl, 4-chlorophenyloxymethyl, benzyloxymethyl, 4-

methoxybenzyloxymethyl, naphthyl, phenyl, thienyl, furyl, pyridyl, wherein the thienyl, furyl, pyridyl and phenyl radicals are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl, cyano, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, 10 dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, methylenedioxy, ethoxy, propoxy, n-butoxy, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl and trifluoromethoxy; wherein R4 is a radical selected from hydrido, methyl, 15 ethyl and fluoro; wherein R9 is a radical selected from hydrido, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, 20 heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, methoxy, ethoxy, isopropoxy, tert-butoxy, propoxy, butoxy, isobutoxy, pentoxy, methylenedioxy, amino, trifluoromethoxy, cyano, 25 carboxyl, hydroxyl, nitro, hydroxymethyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, methylamino, methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio and butylthio; and wherein R^{10} is methyl, fluoromethyl or amino, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable

11. A compound of Formula IV

salt thereof.

wherein R³ is selected from alkyl, haloalkyl, alkylsulfonylalkyl, cycloalkylthioalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, arylthioalkyl, N-aryl-N-3 alkylaminoalkyl, heteroarylalkoxyalkyl, heterocyclocarbonyl, heteroaryloxyalkyl, N-alkoxy-N-alkylaminocarbonyl, heteroaralkylthioalkyl, heteroarylthioalkyl and aryl optionally substituted at a substitutable position with halo, alkoxy and haloalkoxy; and wherein R¹¹ and R¹² are independently selected from hydrido, halo, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkoxy, alkylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl and sulfamyl; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

12. Compound of Claim 11 wherein R³ is selected from lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower aralkoxyalkyl, 15 lower aryloxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower arylthioalkyl, lower heteroaralkylthioalkyl, lower heteroarylthioalkyl, lower N-aryl-N-alkylaminoalkyl, lower heteroarylalkoxyalkyl and aryl selected from naphthyl, phenyl and biphenyl, wherein the aryl radical 20 is optionally substituted at a substitutable position with halo, lower alkoxy and lower haloalkoxy; and wherein R^{11} and R^{12} are independently selected from hydrido, halo, lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower haloalkylsulfonyl and 25 sulfamyl; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

13. Compound of Claim 12 wherein R^3 is selected

from methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, ethoxycarbonyl, methoxycarbonyl, benzyloxymethyl, phenylthiomethyl, pyridylthiomethyl, pyridylmethylthiomethyl, phenyloxymethyl, 4-chlorophenyloxymethyl, N-phenyl-N-methylaminomethyl,

PCT/US95/09506

quinolyloxymethyl and aryl selected from naphthyl and phenyl, wherein the aryl radical is optionally substituted at a substitutable position with fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, methoxy, ethoxy, isopropoxy, tertbutoxy, propoxy, butoxy, isobutoxy, pentoxy, methylenedioxy and trifluoromethoxy; and wherein R11 and R¹² are independently selected from hydrido, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tertbutyl, isobutyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, 10 trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, methoxy, ethoxy, isopropoxy, tertbutoxy, propoxy, butoxy, isobutoxy, pentoxy, 15 methylenedioxy, methylsulfonyl, fluoromethylsulfonyl and sulfamyl; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

14. A compound of Formula V

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wherein R³ is a radical selected from hydrido, alkyl, haloalkyl, aralkyl, heterocycloalkyl, heteroaralkyl, acyl, cyano, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylthioalkyl, alkylsulfonyl, cycloalkylthio, 25 cycloalkylthioalkyl, cycloalkylsulfonyl, cycloalkylsulfonylalkyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, halo, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, aralkylcarbonyl, heterocyclocarbonyl, cyanoalkyl, aminoalkyl, 30 alkylaminoalkyl, N-arylaminoalkyl, N-alkyl-Narylaminoalkyl, carboxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, haloalkylcarbonyl, carboxyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonylalkyl, heteroarylalkoxyalkyl, 35

heteroaryloxyalkyl, heteroarylthioalkyl, aralkoxy, aralkylthio, heteroaralkoxy, heteroaralkylthio, heteroarylalkylthioalkyl, heteroaryloxy, heteroarylthio, arylthioalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, arylthio, 5 aryloxy, aralkylthioalkyl, aralkoxyalkyl, aryl and heteroaryl; wherein R4 is a radical selected from hydrido, alkyl and halo; and wherein \mathbb{R}^{13} and \mathbb{R}^{14} are independently selected from aryl and heterocyclo, wherein ${\bf R}^{13}$ and ${\bf R}^{14}$ are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals 10 independently selected from alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, halo, alkylthio, alkyl, cyano, carboxyl, alkoxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, haloalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, arylamino and nitro; provided at least one 15 of \mathbf{R}^{13} and \mathbf{R}^{14} is aryl substituted with alkylsulfonyl or aminosulfonyl; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt

thereof. 15. Compound of Claim 14 wherein R³ is a radical selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, 20 lower aralkyl, lower heterocycloalkyl, lower heteroaralkyl, acyl, cyano, lower alkoxy, lower alkylthio, lower alkylsulfonyl, phenylsulfonyl, lower haloalkylsulfonyl, halo, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower 25 alkoxyalkyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower haloalkylcarbonyl, phenylcarbonyl, lower aralkylcarbonyl, lower cyanoalkyl, lower aminoalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkyl, lower N-arylaminoalkyl, lower Nalkyl-N-arylaminoalkyl, lower carboxyalkyl, lower 30 alkoxycarbonylalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, carboxyl, lower alkylthioalkyl, aminocarbonyl, lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylaminocarbonylalkyl, lower aralkoxy, lower aralkylthio, lower heteroaralkoxy, lower heteroaralkylthio, lower 35 heteroarylalkoxyalkyl, lower heteroarylalkylthioalkyl, lower heteroaryloxyalkyl, lower heteroarylthioalkyl, lower heteroaryloxy, lower heteroarylthio, lower

arylthioalkyl, lower aryloxyalkyl, lower arylthio, lower aryloxy, lower aralkylthioalkyl, lower aralkoxyalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl and naphthyl, 5 or 6 membered heteroaryl, wherein the aryl and heteroaryl radicals are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals selected from halo, lower alkylthio, lower alkylsulfinyl, lower alkyl, cyano, lower haloalkyl, hydroxyl, lower alkoxy, lower hydroxyalkyl and lower haloalkoxy; wherein R4 is a radical selected from 10 hydrido, lower alkyl and halo; and wherein R13 and R14 are independently selected from phenyl and heteroaryl, wherein \mathbb{R}^{13} and \mathbb{R}^{14} are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals independently selected from lower methylsulfonyl, 15 aminosulfonyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl, and lower haloalkoxy; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

- 16. Compound of Claim 15 wherein \mathbb{R}^3 is a radical 20 selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tertbutyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, 25 dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, benzyl, phenylethyl, phenylpropyl, furylmethyl, morpholinomethyl, pyrrolidinylmethyl, piperazinylmethyl,
- piperidinylmethyl, pyridylmethyl, thienylmethyl, 30 formyl, cyano, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, n-butoxy, methylthio, ethylthio, isopropylthio, methylsulfonyl, phenylsulfonyl, trifluoromethylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl,
- methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, methylthiomethyl, 35 isopropylthiomethyl, cyclohexylthiomethyl, benzyloxy, benzylthio, methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl,

phenylcarbonyl, trifluoromethylcarbonyl, difluoromethylcarbonyl, fluoromethylcarbonyl, benzylcarbonyl, pyrrolidinylcarbonyl, cyanomethyl, cyanobutyl, aminomethyl, methylaminomethyl, N-

- phenylaminomethyl, N-methyl-N-phenylaminomethyl, acetyl, propanoyl, butanoyl, methoxycarbonylmethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, isopropoxycarbonyl, tert-butoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, butoxycarbonyl, isobutoxycarbonyl,
- pentoxycarbonyl, carboxyl, carboxymethyl,
 carboxypropyl, aminocarbonyl, methylaminocarbonyl, N,N diethylaminocarbonyl, N-methoxy-N-methylaminocarbonyl,
 methylaminocarbonylmethyl, pyridyloxy, pyridylthio,
 phenyloxy, 4-chlorophenoxy, furylmethoxy,
- furylmethylthio, thienylmethoxy, quinolylmethoxy, pyridylmethoxy, 5-phenylpyridyl-2-methoxy, thienylmethylthio, pyridylmethylthio, quinolylmethoxymethyl, furylbutoxyethyl, pyridyloxymethyl, pyridylmethoxymethyl,
- thienyloxyhexyl, thienylthiomethyl, pyridylthiohexyl, furyloxymethyl, furylmethylthiomethyl, quinolylmethylthioethyl, phenylthiomethyl, 2-chlorophenylthiomethyl, 2,6-dichlorophenylthiomethyl, 4-methylphenylthiomethyl, 2-isopropylphenylthiomethyl,
- 25 2-methylphenylthiomethyl, phenyloxymethyl, 4chlorophenyloxymethyl, 4-methylphenyloxymethyl, benzyloxymethyl, 4-methoxybenzyloxymethyl, naphthyl, phenyl, thienyl, furyl, pyridyl, wherein the thienyl, furyl, pyridyl and phenyl radicals are optionally
- 30 substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl, cyano, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl,
- 35 chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl,

difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, methylenedioxy, ethoxy, propoxy, n-butoxy, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl and trifluoromethoxy; wherein R^4 is a radical selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, fluoro, chloro and bromo; 5 and wherein R^{13} and R^{14} is selected from phenyl, imidazolyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, pyrrolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, triazolyl, pyrazinyl, pyrimidinyl, quiolinyl, indolylbenzimidazolyl, pyrazolyl and pyridyl, wherein R^{13} and R^{14} are optionally substituted 10 at a substitutable position with one or more radicals independently selected from methylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, fluoromethylsulfonyl, difluoromethylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, 15 tert-butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl, cyano, carboxyl, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, isopropoxycarbonyl, tert-butoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, butoxycarbonyl, isobutoxycarbonyl, pentoxycarbonyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, 20 dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, methylenedioxy, ethoxy, propoxy, n-butoxy, 25 hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, methylamino, N, N-diethylamino, phenylamino and nitro; or a

pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

17. Compound of Claim 16 wherein R³ is a radical selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl,

heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, and dichloropropyl; wherein R4 is

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hydrido; wherein R¹³ is phenyl optionally substituted with methylsulfonyl or aminosulfonyl; and wherein R¹⁴ is selected from imidazolyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, pyrrolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, triazolyl, pyrimidinyl, quiolinyl, indolyl, benzimidazolyl, pyrazolyl and

- quiolinyl, indolyl, benzimidazolyl, pyrazolyl and pyridyl, wherein R¹⁴ is optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl,
- fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl,
- dichloropropyl, methoxy, methylenedioxy, ethoxy, propoxy, n-butoxy, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, and trifluoromethoxy; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.
- 18. Compound of Claim 17 selected from compounds, 20 and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, of the group consisting of
 - 1-methyl-3-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4trifluoromethyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-1H-indole;
 - 4-[2-(4-methylpyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl)thiophene;
 - 3-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-2-yl]thiophene;
- 30 4-[2-(5-methylpyridin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 2-methyl-3-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
 - 4-[2-(2-methylpyridin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 3-fluoro-5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;

3-chloro-5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl)pyridine; 4-[2-(5-fluoropyridin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide; 4-[2-(5-chloropyridin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-5 imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide; 5-methyl-2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-lH-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine; 4-methyl-2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine; 10 2-methoxy-6-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine; 5-methoxy-2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine; 4-methoxy-2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-15 (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine; 2-chloro-6-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine; 5-chloro-2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine; 20 4-chloro-2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine; 2-fluoro-6-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine; 4-fluoro-2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-25 (trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine; 4-fluoro-2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine; 4-[2-(5-methylpyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-1-yl}benzenesulfonamide; 30 4-[2-(4-methylpyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide; 4-[2-(6-methoxypyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide; 4-[2-(5-methoypyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-35 imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;

- 4-[2-(4-methoxypyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[2-(6-chloropyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 5 4-[2-(5-chloropyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-chloropyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(6-fluoropyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(5-fluoropyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-(4-fluoropyridin-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 3-methoxy-5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
 - 3-[4-methyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
 - 3-[4-[4-(fluorophenyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
 - 5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-2-(methylthio)pyridine;
 - 3-[4-(difluoromethyl)-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
- 4-[2-(5-methoxypyridine-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulonamide;
 - 4-[4-methyl-2-(3-pyridinyl)-lH-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 4-[2-(pyridin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-30 yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(3-pyridinyl)-1H-imidazollyl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 4-[2-[6-(methylthio)pyridin-3-yl]-4-trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
- 35 4-[4-(difluoromethyl)-2-(3-pyridinyl)-1H-imidazol-1yl]benzenesulfonamide;

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- 3-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
- 2-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
- 5 2-methyl-4-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
 - 4-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl)pyridine;
 - 2-methyl-6-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
 - 4-[2-(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1Himidazol-1-yl]benzenesulfonamide;
 - 3-methyl-5-{1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine;
- 2-methoxy-5-[1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine; and
 - 2-[4-(4-fluorophenyl-1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]pyridine.
- 19. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from a family of compounds of Claim 1; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.
 - 20. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from a family of compounds of Claim 4; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.
 - 21. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from a family of compounds of Claim 5; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.
 - 22. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from a family of compounds of Claim 6; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.
 - 23. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said

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compound selected from a family of compounds of Claim 7; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

- 24. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from a family of compounds of Claim 8; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.
- 25. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from a family of compounds of Claim 11; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.
- 26. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from a family of compounds of Claim 14; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.
- 27. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from a family of compounds of Claim 15; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.
 - 28. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from a family of compounds of Claim 16; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.
 - 29. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from a family of compounds of Claim 17; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.
 - 30. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from a family of compounds of Claim 18; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.
 - 31. A method of treating inflammation or an inflammation-associated disorder in a subject, said method comprising administering to the subject having or susceptible to said disorder, a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Claim 1; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

PCT/US95/09506

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- 32. A method of treating inflammation or an inflammation-associated disorder in a subject, said method comprising administering to the subject having or susceptible to said disorder, a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Claim 4; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.
- 33. A method of treating inflammation or an inflammation-associated disorder in a subject, said method comprising administering to the subject having or susceptible to said disorder, a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Claim 5; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.
- 34. A method of treating inflammation or an inflammation-associated disorder in a subject, said method comprising administering to the subject having or susceptible to said disorder, a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Claim 6; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.
- 35. A method of treating inflammation or an inflammation-associated disorder in a subject, said method comprising administering to the subject having or susceptible to said disorder, a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Claim 7; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.
- 36. A method of treating inflammation or an inflammation-associated disorder in a subject, said method comprising administering to the subject having or susceptible to said disorder, a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Claim 8; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.
 - 37. A method of treating inflammation or an inflammation-associated disorder in a subject, said method comprising administering to the subject having or susceptible to said disorder, a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Claim 11; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

- 38. A method of treating inflammation or an inflammation-associated disorder in a subject, said method comprising administering to the subject having or susceptible to said disorder, a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Claim 14; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.
- 39. A method of treating inflammation or an inflammation-associated disorder in a subject, said method comprising administering to the subject having or susceptible to said disorder, a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Claim 15; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.
- 40. A method of treating inflammation or an inflammation-associated disorder in a subject, said method comprising administering to the subject having or susceptible to said disorder, a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Claim 16; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.
- 41. A method of treating inflammation or an inflammation-associated disorder in a subject, said method comprising administering to the subject having or susceptible to said disorder, a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Claim 17; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.
- 42. A method of treating inflammation or an inflammation-associated disorder in a subject, said method comprising administering to the subject having or susceptible to said disorder, a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Claim 18; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.
 - 43. The method of Claim 31 for use in treatment of inflammation.
 - 44. The method of Claim 31 for use in treatment of an inflammation-associated disorder.
- 35 45. The method of Claim 44 wherein the inflammation-associated disorder is arthritis.

PCT/US95/09506

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- 46. The method of Claim 44 wherein the inflammation-associated disorder is pain.
- 47. The method of Claim 44 wherein the inflammation-associated disorder is fever.
 - 48. A process of making a compound of Formula V

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein R³ is a radical selected from hydrido, 10 alkyl, haloalkyl, aralkyl, heterocycloalkyl, heteroaralkyl, acyl, cyano, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylthioalkyl, alkylsulfonyl, cycloalkylthio; cycloalkylthioalkyl, cycloalkylsulfonyl, cycloalkylsulfonylalkyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, 15 arylsulfonyl, halo, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, aralkylcarbonyl, heterocyclocarbonyl, cyanoalkyl, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, N-arylaminoalkyl, N-alkyl-Narylaminoalkyl, carboxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, 20 alkoxycarbonyl, haloalkylcarbonyl, carboxyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonylalkyl, heteroarylalkoxyalkyl, heteroaryloxyalkyl, heteroarylthioalkyl, aralkoxy, aralkylthio, heteroaralkoxy, heteroaralkylthio, 25 heteroarylalkylthioalkyl, heteroaryloxy, heteroarylthio, arylthioalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, arylthio, aryloxy, aralkylthioalkyl, aralkoxyalkyl, aryl and heteroaryl; wherein R^4 is hydrido; and wherein R^{13} and R14 are independently selected from aryl and 30 heterocyclo, wherein \mathbb{R}^{13} and \mathbb{R}^{14} are optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals independently selected from aminosulfonyl, halo, alkylthio, alkyl cyano, carboxyl, alkoxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy,

hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, haloalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, arylamino and nitro; provided at least one of \mathbb{R}^{13} and \mathbb{R}^{14} is aryl substituted with aminosulfonyl;

said method comprising the steps of treating a methyl sulfone with a base and an substituted trialkylsilane in an appropriate solvent to form a silylalkylsulfone, treating said silylalkylsulfone with an alkylammonium halide to form a sulfinic acid salt, and forming said sulfonamide by treating the sulfinic acid salt with an aminating agent.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Internal 11 Application No PCT/US 95/09506

A. CLASS IPC 6	C07D233/54 A61K31/415 C07D233 C07D403/04 C07D405/04 C07D409		07D233/9 07D417/0		401/04						
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC											
B. FIELDS SEARCHED											
Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 6 CO7D											
Documentation scarched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched											
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)											
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT											
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the	Relevant to claim No.									
A	EP,A,O 554 829 (FUJISAWA PHARMAC CO., LTD.) 11 August 1993 see page 30; claim 1 see page 29; example 29.3 see page 16, line 36 - line 52	1-47									
A	EP,A,O 257 897 (FUJISAWA PHARMAC CO., LTD.) 2 March 1988 cited in the application see page 63 - page 64; claim 1 see page 35; example 111 see page 3, line 5 - line 7	EUTICAL	S		1-47						
Furt	ner documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	X Pai	ent family mem	bers are listed i	n annex.						
"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance			T' later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention X' document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone								
which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) 'O' document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means 'O' document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means 'O' document is combined with one or more other such document, such combination being obvious to a person skilled											
later th	'P' document published prior to the international filing date but in the art. later than the priority date claimed '&' document member of the same patent family										
Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report											
20	November 1995	29	1. 11. 95								
Name and n	nailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentiaan 2 NI 2280 HV Rijswijk Td. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fanc (+31-70) 340-3016		ink, D								

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

In ational application No.

PCT/US 95/09506

Box I	Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)
This int	ernational search report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
1	Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely: Although claims 31-47 are directed to a method of treatment of (diagnostic method practised on) the human/animal body, the search has been carried out and based on the alleged effects of the compound/composition. Claims Nos.: because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:
3.	Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).
Box II	Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)
This is	ternational Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:
1.	As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all searchable claims.
2.	As all searchable claims could be searches without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3.	As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Noz.:
4.	No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:
Rema	The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest. No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Interny al Application No
PCT/US 95/09506

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)		Publication date
EP-A-0554829	11-08-93	AU-B- AU-A- CA-A- CN-A- JP-A- ZA-A-	663149 3217493 2088835 1075959 5246997 9300077	28-09-95 12-08-93 06-08-93 08-09-93 24-09-93 04-08-93
EP-A-0257897	02-03-88	AU-B- JP-A- OA-A- US-A- ZA-A-	7682587 63054369 8647 4822805 8705790	18-02-88 08-03-88 30-11-88 18-04-89 15-02-88